THE WEATHER.

Fair today and Monday. Moderate west winds.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A. D. 1867

14 Pages To-Day
Two Sections

VOL. LXXXIX—NO. 50. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 19, 1911. WHOLE NUMBER 13,770.

NEW PREMIER'S IDEA OF AFFAIRS

He is Making an Endeavor to Re-Establish the Monarchy.

AMERICANS OUTSIDE NANKING

Town Cut Off From Communication With Outside World—Neither Side Able to Check Acts of Lawlessness

Peking, Nov. 18.—Premier Yuan Shi Kai believes China cannot establish a republic with sufficient dispatch to prevent foreign interference. Therefore, he is endeavoring to re-establish the monarchy. This is his present attitude as expressed and implied to members of the National Assembly, foreign ministers and others who he has seen.

The Premier believes, or pretends to believe, that the provinces of Chi Li and Ho Nan are safe, although it is well-known that only force retains them to the government. He says the masses in most of the provinces are not rebellious but in provinces ceded without giving the matter much thought and very little pressure would bring back to the fold, particularly if Wu Chang is re-captured.

Some members of the legations think Yuan Shi Kai has the capture of Wu Chang in view and that the renewed fighting around Hankow yesterday and today is preliminary to an attack upon Han Yang.

Many provinces report marauding by robber bands and there are persistent rumors that several foreigners have been killed in Shen Si.

Business and Finances in Bad Shape

Washington, Nov. 18.—Affairs in China apparently have reacned such a point that neither the Rebels nor Imperialists are able to check the acts of lawlessness. Advices to the State Department today say brigandage is on the increase in various parts of the Empire. Business and finances are reported to be in bad shape. From Rear Admiral Murdock, commander of the American navel forces in China, come reports that Nanking is cut off from communication with the outside world by railroad and telegraph and that the natives are leaving in disorder. All the missionaries, except three are reported to have left Nanking for Wu Hu. There are no disorders in Che Foo but many robberies are being committed in the vicinity.

Later advices from Nanking where the decisive battle of the revolution is thought to be impending, are to the effect that all Americans are now outside of the walled town with the exceptions of six members of the Red Cross. The naval officers report that it will be difficult to protect foreign property inside the walls because it is so widely scattered. The revolutionary forces are still concentrating. They now hold all of the territory in the vicinity of Nanking.

The Imperial warships captured by the Revolutionists, or surrendered voluntarily after the fight at Hankow, are reported to be lying at Chin Kiang.

FORMER GOVERNOR SUED

Alleged He Retired Leaving Several Thousand Unaccounted for

Jackson, Miss., Nov. 18.—Alleging that when he retired from office in 1908 several thousand dollars in State funds were not fully accounted for, suit was filed in the Chancery Court of Hinds county, late today seeking to have former Governor, now United States Senator, James K. Vardeman, make explanation. The suit was filed by Attorney General A. H. Hudson.

The Mississippi Bank and Trust Company, now suspended as the institution in which Mr. Vardeman kept his personal as well as official deposits, is made co-defendant.

The bill alleges that the former Governor made over charges and double charges in rendering expense accounts for visits to State institutions and that public moneys and his private bank accounts were mixed.

FIFTEENTH ARREST

On Charge of Murdering Miss Mary Chamberlain

Lincoln, Center, Kas., Nov. 18.—Another arrest, making the fifteenth, and the obtaining of a jury to try three of the accused men were the developments that marked the "tar party" case today.

James Booze, an engineer employed in the mill of Everett Clark, alleged leader of the assailants of Miss Mary Chamberlain, 19 years old, was arrested charged with being an accessory to the crime. Soon after the jury had been chosen, court adjourned until Monday.

New York, November 18.—The statement of clearing house banks for the week shows that the banks hold $13,081,200 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is an increase of $1,036,050 in the proportionate cash reserve as compared with last week.

Don't scratch and rub when your eyes itch, smart, burn or ache—there is something needed besides a rub. Local irritation is often caused by eye defects which can be remedied with proper lenses. Eyes examined free. Dr. Vineberg, Masonic Temple. **

FIFTEEN MEN ARE ENTOMBED IN MINE

Explosion Caused by Coal Dust in West Virginia Mine.

RESCUE PARTIES AT WORK

Succeeded in Rescuing Four Men Alive—A Number Thought to be Dead—Mine Was Considered Safe.

Vivian, W. Va., Nov. 18.—Fifteen men, all of whom are believed to be dead, are entombed in the Bottom Creek mine, of the Bottom Creek Coal & Coke Company, here as a result of an explosion caused by coal dust today. Four other men who were in the mine at the time of the explosion, were rescued and brought out alive.

Where the explosion occurred 18 men were at work. Five of them were engineers connected with the Crozier Land Association, which leases the coal to the Bottom Creek Company.

Immediately after the explosion rescue parties went to work and succeeded in rescuing alive Alexander Williams, an engineer, and three other men. Williams' companion engineers, all of whom resided in Elkhorn, W. Va., were not found. They were W. H. Henderson, T. Williams, Harvey and Brewer.

The rescuers tonight had succeeded in finding the places where all of the entombed men but one were located. It was believed that all would be brought out of the mine by tomorrow morning.

State District Mine Inspector Nicholsan hurried here and took charge of the rescue work. The majority of the entombed miners were colored men or foreigners.

The Bottom Creek mine was considered safe, as it was equipped with a steam jet system for dampening the workings. A 16-foot fan was used for ventilation and clay tamping utilized for shooting. In spite of these precautions the coal dust explosion occurred.

All of Eighteen Killed

Vivian, W. Va., Nov. 18.—Eighteen men were killed in a coal dust explosion which occurred today in the "Botom Creek Mine of the Bottom Creek Coal and Coke Company at this place." Over 150 men were in the mine at the time of the explosion but all escaped excepting 18 of twenty-two whe were in the explosion. Four of these were rescued alive. All but two of the bodies had been recovered at midnight. Among the men killed were Engineer W. H. Henderson, of Rockville, Mr.; E. H. Harvey, of Philadelphia; Tarvin Williams, of Keystone, W. Va., and Charles Brewer, of Elkhorn, W. Va., who were in a party of five making a semi-annual survey of the mine. Alexander Williams, the fifth engineer of the mine was saved. The others killed were negroes or foreingners.

The party of engineers were making an inspection and survey of the mine for the Crozier Land Association, which sells the coal to the Bottom Creek Company. They had visited various part of the mine and happened to be close by when the explosion occurred. With the 17 miners in the immediate vicinity the engineers were hurled to the bottom of the chambers by the force of the explosion and tons of coal and rock upon them. Men in other parts of the mine hurriedly were taken to the surface and immediately were organized to rescue the mission men. By heroic work the rescuers reached the scene of the disaster and found Engineer A. Williams and three other men who were brought out alive. All were injured by the explosion. Hoping to reach others of the entombed men alive the rescuers pushed their work with all haste. One after another they found the victims and by midnight all but two had been brought out of the mine.

WOULD ELECT SOCIALIST.

Socialist Members American Federation Appealed to Convention.

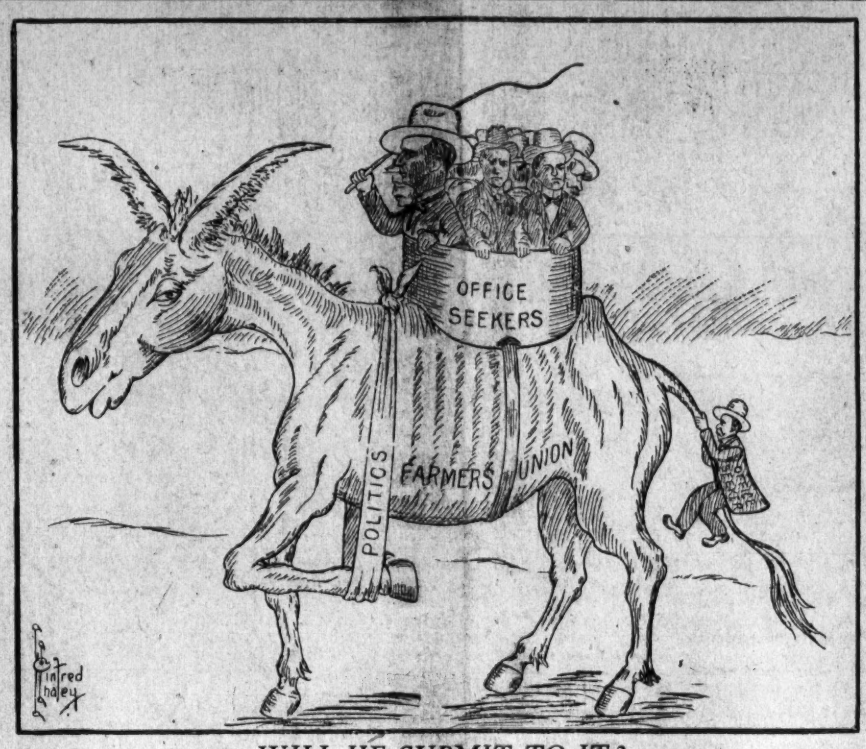
Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 18.—Alleging that the enemies of organized labor had made Los Angeles, Cal., the battle ground of a movement declared to be designed to crush and intimidate unionism, Socialist delegates today appealed to the convention of the American Federation of Labor to help them elect Job Harriman mayor of the California city. The Socialists submitted resolutions recently adopted by the executive committee of their party at the suggestion of Congressman Victor L. Berger.

The resolutions set forth the allegations against the so-called enemies of labor and declare that a victory would materially help the case of the McNamara brothers.

President Gompers assured the Socialists that the organization would do all in its power to elect Harriman. The convention of the Federation was in session but a short time today, again adjourning early to permit the committees to work.

It is understood that the resolutions committee has decided to report adversely on the motion requesting Gompers and several other leaders to resign from the National Civic Federation and the resolution proposing initiative in election of Federation officers.

Little hope of an agreement between the carpenters and building trades department is entertained.



WILL HE SUBMIT TO IT?

NORFOLK SOUTHERN'S DEAL

Gratification Expressed at Raleigh, Which Will Try for Shops—Durham & Southern Not Involved—The Rumors.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 18.—There is general gratification in Raleigh at the turn in railroad development that has brought about the purchase of the Raleigh & Southport, the Durham & Charlotte, and, many believe, the Aberdeen & Asheboro also, by the Norfolk Southern Railroad Co., and at the development, furthermore, that the promotion of the Raleigh & Charlotte in the matter of rights of way and other work preliminary to the grading, pushed the past several months by E. C. Duncan and others has really been for the Norfolk Southern.

One of the greatest eras of railroad construction in the history of the State is believed to be pending and the activities of the Norfolk Southern in connecting up and extending these lines will be a most important feature of the work. The extension of its lines to Charleston on the south, and through Piedmont North Carolina via High Point and possibly Winston-Salem westward, using the Elkin & Alleghany to Sparta, and on to the Virginia line, connecting with the Norfolk & Western, are believed to be in the line of probabilities for this railroad development and the real plans of the Norfolk Southern.

Extension of the Norfolk Southern Railroad Co., through the purchase of the Raleigh & Southport, the Durham & Charlotte, and the Aberdeen & Asheboro Railroads and the projection of the proposed Raleigh & Charlotte road, caused the business men of Raleigh to move today for the procurement of the main shops for the greater Norfolk Southern as the central and logical point for shops and main offices. The company's shops at Newbern were burned over a year ago, and have been only partially replaced and the expansion of the road is believed to necessitate changing the main shops to Raleigh.

Durham & Southern.

Durham, N. C., Nov. 18.—The report reaching this city last night to the effect that the Durham & Southern Railroad Company, along with the Raleigh & Southport and the Aberdeen & Asheboro railroads, had been purchased by the Norfolk Southern was emphatically denied by Mr. J. E. Stagg, vice president and general manager of the Durham & Southern. Mr. Stagg said: "I know of no such deal, and have heard nothing except what I have seen in the newspapers. And that news is not always news. So far as our road is concerned, you may say that there is nothing in the report. I have not heard of any such proposition. I heard as other people heard, of the deal of the Raleigh & Southport but know nothing of that. You can deny our part of it. There is nothing in it."

There is hardly a person who knows anything at all about the Durham & Southern, who would believe the report that that road had sold out. It has been a paying proposition ever since it was built seven years ago, and has been doing an untold amount of business. The Durham & Southern is owned very largely by the Dukes, and the greater part of the business and freight of the American Tobacco Company out of this city is handled over that line. General satisfaction is felt among the people of Durham over the fact that the report has no foundation, and they are glad to learn that the report has been denied by Mr. Stagg. A report that the Durham & Southern had bought out some other company would be more readily believed in Durham than this one.

Confirmation From Norfolk

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 18.—Increasing its mileage by about 33 1-3 per cent., and giving it an inlet to a very large portion of the Piedmont section of North Carolina, the Norfolk-Southern Railroad or the interests behind this

(Continued on Page Eight.)

STATE TEACHERS' ASSEMBLY

Twenty-eighth Annual Session in Raleigh This Month—Hon. Champ Clark to be a Speaker—The Programme.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 18.—The programme of the 28th annual session of the North Carolina Teachers' Assembly, which will be held in Raleigh November 29-30, December 1,2, has just been issued and presents an array of speakers of unusual interest. Not only will many of the most prominent teachers and educational leaders of the State appear before the Assembly, but also several persons of National reputation.

The most distinguished of these, perhaps, is Hon. Champ Clark, Speaker of the National House of Representatives. Mr. Clark will address the teachers on Thursday evening, November 30th, in Raleigh's handsome new auditorium. Eminent not only as a leader in National politics, he is also eminent as an orator and lecturer. Mr. Clark will draw a large and magnificent audience to hear him. While in Raleigh he will be the guest of Governor and Mrs. Kitchin at the Governor's mansion, and will be the recipient of many social attentions, among them being a public reception.

But Mr. Clark is not the only man of National reputation who will be present at the Teachers' Assembly. At the opening exercises Wednesday, November 29th, Dr. J. H. Kirkland, chancellor of Vanderbilt University, one of the most learned and eloquent speakers on educational topics in the country, will address the Assembly. On Thursday morning a special Thanksgiving service will be held, which will be conducted by Rev. John E. White, the eloquent pastor of the Second Baptist Church of Atlanta, Ga. Friday evening, December 1st, Dr. Carroll G. Pearse, the progressive superintendent of the public schools of Milwaukee, Wis., will speak to the teachers. At San Francisco last Summer Dr. Pearse was elected president of the National Educational Association, the largest educational association of the world, containing a membership of more than 30,000. Two other well known teachers who will be present are Miss Lida B. Earhart, one of the supervisors of primary teaching

(Continued on Page Three.)

OUTLINES.

In a loosely played game of football Georgetown defeated the University of Virginia yesterday by a score of 9 to 0. Harvard was among the winning. Of the State teams Carolina, Davidson and the A. & M. won.——There is much railroad talk at present concerning some important railroad deals in the State, and if the rumors now afloat materialize, there is to be some important railroad extensions made in the State in the near future.——General Bernardo Reyes, the Mexican rebel general, was arrested in San Antonio, Texas, yesterday, charged with violating the neutrality laws. Four other Mexicans and a Texas sheriff were also arrested.——An explosion occurred in a coal mine at Vivian, W. Va., yesterday and 18 men were entombed. Rescuers had succeeded in rescuing four of the men alive last night, and thought they had located nearly all the others, a number of whom were supposed to be dead.——The case in the District Court of the Chicago meat packers, which was to have been commenced yesterday, was postponed until Wednesday of this week. Government counsel objected to further delay in the case, saying that it had already taken eight years to get a plea of "not guilty" from the defendants.

New York markets: Money on call nominal, time loans firmer; flour generally steady with fair inquiry; wheat spot firm, No. 2 red 98 1-2 elevator export basis and 99c. fob afloat; corn steady, new export 70 1-2 cents fob afloat to arrive, futures nominal; rosin and turpentine quiet; spot cotton closed quiet.

MEXICAN GENERAL ARRESTED

On An Indictment Charging Him With Violating Neutrality Laws—Five Others Arrested on Same Charge—One American

San Antonio, Texas, Nov. 18.—General Bernardo Reyes, commander-in-chief of the Mexican army during the regime of former President Diaz, temporarily residing in San Antonio, because he declared he considered his life was not secure in the Southern Republic, was arrested late today on an indictment returned by the Federal grand jury at Laredo charged with conspiring against a friendly government.

General Reyes waived examination and made a bond of $5,000 to insure his presence Monday morning before United States Commissioner Edward, when it is expected a certified copy of the indictment will have reached San Antonio. A new bond will then be arranged. His trial will be held at Laredo on a date to be fixed later. The arrest of General Reyes, who was named with several others as involved in an alleged plot against the Mexican government, comes osa climax to rumors of an impending revolution which have been heard for several weeks. Several days ago prominent followers of President Madero, of Mexico, who are in San Antonio, flatly charged that General Reyes was arranging an uprising from this side of the border.

The General describes his arrest as "ridiculous."

"I consider it persecution," he said, "and the animus is not hard to find. As I have always done, I again deny that I have in any manner led, aided, abetted or considered a revolution in Mexico, nor have I joined in any conspiracy to start one."

He placed the blame on the Maderoistas.

Five Others Arrested

Laredo, Texas, Nov. 18.—Besides General Bernardo Reyes, four Mexicans of prominence and the Sheriff of Webb county, are charged in indictments returned in the United States District Court here today with conspiring to violate the neutrality laws of the United States. Rudolfo Reyes, son of the General; Antonio Magoon, of Monterey; Severo Vallareal, of Laredo; Amador Sanchez, sheriff of this county and the private secretary of General Reyes, are those named in the indictments.

Sanchez, Magoon and Villareal were taken into custody at Laredo. Instructions were telegraphed to San Antonio for the arrest of the others.

Today's indictments came as a climax to an investigation by the Federal grand jury in progress for several weeks, of reports that an uprising in Mexico with General Reyes as the leader, was being arranged on this side of the border.

Tonight search is being made for arms and ammunition said to be secreted in this city.

Troops Commanded to be Ready.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Commanders of the American troops now in the vicinity of the Mexican border today were ordered to hold themselves in readiness to proceed immediately upon request from the proper Federal officials to enforce the neutrality laws of the United States.

Evidence of a well defined revolutionary plot which appears to have its base in the northern part of Mexico, has come to the State Department. Agents of the Department of Justice and the American troops along the border have been ordered to closely watch for and prevent any violation of the neutrality laws.

Gen. Duncan, commander of the Department of Texas, has informed the department of various rumors of revolutionary activity.

Should the Department of Justice agents discover that any plots are being hatched on this side of the line they will immediately make efforts to discourage them. In this work they will have the help of the American soldiers along the border as the order today commands them to keep themselves in readiness for service at the request of these agents.

El Paso and San Antonio appear to be the centers of trouble just now according to the information of the War Department, the Mexicans in those places showing great unrest and signs of political activity.

CHICAGO PACKERS SECURE A DELAY

Judge Grants Postponement of Beginning of Trial Until Wednesday.

DEFEAT HABEAS CORPUS WRIT

Government Counsel Protested Against Further Delay—Say It Has Taken Eight Years to Get Plea of "Not Guilty."

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Counsel for the Chicago packers, indicted under the Sherman anti-trust act, succeeded late today in getting a delay until next Wednesday in the criminal trial which was scheduled to begin on Monday in the United States District Court.

The delay was granted by Judge C. C. Kohlsaat in the United States Circuit Court, where, earlier in the day the defendants had been defeated in efforts to make enective a writ of habeas corpus. An appeal to the United States Supreme Court was alleged by Judge Kohlsaat on his decision.

After deciding to quash the writ of habeas corpus and ordering the defendants remanded to their securities, Judge Kohlsaat oday made formal entry of his decision and order until Wednesday morning. This, it is asserted, will postpone the opening of the criminal trial of the packers long enough to permit the indicted men to get their appeal to the United States Supreme Court, before they automatically accept jurisdiction in the District Court by appearing at the trial there.

James Sheean, of special counsel for the government, made sharp objection to this delay.

"It has taken eight years to get a plea of 'not guilty' from these defendants," said Attorney Sheehan to he court, "and now, six months after the 'not guilty' plea has been entered the trial has not been begun and these defendants have not faced a jury. I protest at any further delay, and I submit that counsel for these defendants has but one purpose in making his request for time, and that purpose is delay."

Judge Kohlsaat in discussing the request for delay, said: "I do not see how you will be any better off a week from now than you are today. However, I will delay having the formal entry of the order made until Wednesday morning."

SHOULD FORCE APPEAL.

From Decree in American Tobacco Company Case.

Washington, Nov. 18.—"Congress should force the government to appeal from the decree in the American Tobacco Company case," said Samuel Untermyer, of New York, today before the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce. "The court should be forced to say whether the dissolution plan agreed upon is what it meant by order of disintegration. If the matter went to the Supreme Court I should expect that body to say that this is not disintegration."

Mr. Untermyer, who is chairman of the sub-committee on trust legislation of the National Civic Federation, said he understood the attorney general had been to some extent consulted in the formation of the plan of dissolution, but that he thought the tobacco company had "done" the attorney general. He said the tobacco trust had simply "changed its clothes" and that the Circuit Court of New York had "given the sample of judicial approval to another trust.

"The pitiful and humiliating fiasco in the American Tobacco case has strengthened my belief that supplementary legislation is necessary for the enforcement of the Sherman anti-trust law," said Mr. Untermyer.

Mr. Untermyer referred to the organization of the United States Steel Corporation as the "most flagrant violation of the law ever known.

"If the government had been alert in 1901, that corporation would never have been organized," he said. "Its plans were published for months at advertising rates, but the government was supine and did not choose to act."

"The menace of the United States Steel Corporation is not in its size or the amount of its capital stock, but in the concentration of the money power behind it," said Mr. Untermyer. "It is the most menacing of all the combinations, because this power makes every competitor in effect a puppet. The powerful hands that protest the steel business have control of the greatest banks, trust companies and railroads; and it is impossible for competition to exist against it."

Mr. Untermyer described the method of dissolving the tobacco trust as the "most colossal judicial farce ever enacted."

"If it is allowed to stand without appeal," he said, "it legalizes action that would otherwise be illegal under the Sherman law and prevents prosecution of a combination that would heretofore have been considered illegal.

FOOTBALL SCORES OF YESTERDAY

University of Virginia Easy for Georgetown Before 14,000 Spectators.

HARVARD AMOND THE WINNING

Georgetown-Virginia Game on Field of Mud—Carolina, Davidson and A. & M. Winning State Elevens

Washington, Nov. 18.—Georgetown University today defeated the pig-skin warriors from the University of Virginia, 9 to 0, on a field of mud, lined by a cheering crowd of 14,000 persons. The game, brilliant in spots, otherwise was mediocre because of the slippery ball and the impossibility of fast play.

Georgetown's first score after two minutes of play, sent the crowded stands in a frenzy of enthusiasm. The Virginia rooters were as vociferous as those of Georgetown. Their frantic calls for their team to throw back the local men were effective, for Virginia braced. It was momentarily. The heavier line of Georgetown was virtually impregnable, and its offense was crashing.

Early in the game it was apparent that Virginia was outclassed. The Georgetown men worked like a machine. Fury and Costello, their fast backs, found openings prepared for them in the Virginia line each time they carried the ball. In their brilliant runs around the Virginia ends, always the way was made clear.

Once only in the entire game was the Georgetown goal in any danger and that was in the last period, when Virginia, its line strengthened by fresh men, strove desperately to score. The effort was futile. Georgetown's touchdown and goal and a goal from the field were the sole trophies of the struggle.

Two minutes after the kickoff, Georgetown scored a touchdown through lucky recoveries of two short kicks. Because of the mud neither team could gain through the lines and end runs were resorted to. The touchdown was scored through two runs of thirty-five and forty-five yards, respectively, by Fury. Wymard kicked goal.

Play was resumed in the second period with Georgetown having the ball on Virginia's thirty-yard line. Both Virginia and Georgetown were penalized fifteen yards each for offside plays. Georgetown could not gain and Costello punted to Goodhue on Virginia's 25-yard line.

Virginia immediately returned the punt placing the ball in the middle of the field. On the next play Costello went around Virginia's left end for forty yards, placing the ball on Virginia's ten-yard line. Here Georgetown was held. Sitterding ran the ball to in front of the goal posts from where Costello kicked a goal from the field. The rest of the period was fought in the middle of the field, neither team getting within reach of each other's 25-yard line.

Virginia seemed to have recovered herself when they started the second half. Both teams were penalized three times for bad interference.

In a vain effort to score Virginia made many substitutions at the beginning of the last period. On the first formation with the ball on Georgetown's 25-yard line, Woodfolk, who replaced Welliford at left tackle, went through Georgetown's right tackle for 25 yards. As he reached the goal line he dropped the ball. It rolled over but was recovered and brought over by Hegarty, Georgetown's right end. That was the nearest Virginia came to scoring during the game. Several times in the last quarter, Virginia was within 25 yards of Georgetown's goal. The game ended with the ball in Virginia's possession on Georgetown's forty-yard line.

Summary: Touchdown, Fury; goal from touchdown, Wymard; goal from field, Costello; substitute, Georgetown, Magner for Costello; Costello for Sitterding. Virginia, Huett for Finlay; Woodfolk for Welliford; Redus for Jett; Gooch for Landes; referee, Mr. Thorpe, of Columbia; umpire, Mr. Crafts, of Washington; field judge, Mr. Lamb, Navy; time of quarters, 15 minutes each.

A. & M. and Wake Forest.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 18.—Playing a very erratic, ragged game, A. & M. today won from Wake Forest College at Wake Forest, the score being 13 to 5. Wake Forest played a very hard, stubborn game, while the Techs showed a complete reversal of form from last Saturday. Wake Forest drew first blood, scoring a touch-down in the first quarter on a 45-yard return of a punt by Utley and a forward pass to Faucette.

In the second quarter A. & M. scored two touchdowns, one on a fumble by Wake Forest which Spencer gathered in and ran 65 yards for a touchdown, and the other one by means of a forward pass which Seifert took 35 yards for a touchdown.

Neither side scored in the third quarter, but in the fourth period A. & M. added two more points, making the score 13 to 5, when Savage, of Wake Forest attempted to bring the ball out from behind his goal line and was downed by an A. & M. player.

Wake Forest made first down only

(Continued on Page Eight.)

WAS A SPRINTING NEGRO

Dusky Party Led Officer Davis in Five-Block Marathon

Now, if you were a policeman and had trailed a suspected man all day and finally made up your mind that he was the one wanted, and you had approached him and asked him to accompany you to the police station on a small matter of business, refraining to make the arrest on account of the fact that you did not have the warrant with you, and the negro had assented and walked along beside for a few steps and then twisted a bicycle under your feet and made his escape by outrunning you in a race over five blocks—Well wouldn't it make you mad?

And Officer J. H. Davis was just about the maddest man that ever walked into headquarters when he came in yesterday afternoon after just such an experience. In fact, he was in a black rage, for he says this is the first prisoner that ever escaped from him. He draws some comfort, however, from the fact that he had not placed his hands on him.

The officer had been following the negro for some time yesterday afternoon and he finally made up his mind that a man was one wanted at the police station on a charge of larceny. However, he did not have the warrant with him and hesitated to place him under arrest. He walked up to the negro at Second and Dock streets and overheard him trying to sell a bicycle to two other negroes for $2. The officer told the man that he wanted him to accompany him to the police station, but did not place him under arrest. The negro said he would go, and he started, but that is about all.

They had proceeded but a few steps when he swung the bicycle he was rolling under the officer's feet; tangling the guardian of the law up thereby. However, Mr. Davis was not caught unawares and he smote the darky a lusty swat over his poll with his club, bringing him to his hands and knees. While the officer was extracting himself from the wheel the negro gained his feet and then they did the marathon act.

The chase extended up Dock to Third street, thence up Third to Cottage lane. Here the officer hailed a white man at the other end of the alley, asking him to stop the negro. This the white man seemed reluctant to do, but he entered into the spirit of the chase after the man had passed him, and showered rocks at the negro, with right good will, although he came about as near hitting the officer as the negro. The pursued man ran down Fourth to Orange and up Orange to Fifth, or in that section, where he finally made his escape. During the course of the race the negro looked back over his shoulder and made unprintable remarks about the officer's sprinting ability, which did not tend to alleviate the peeved frame of mind in which Mr. Davis was in at the end of the race.

He brought the wheel to the station with him, vowing vengeance on his dusky opponent yet. The race attracted considerable attention from the public.

SOUTHPORT CELEBRATION

Mayor Joseph D. Smith Will Respond to Address of Welcome

Hundreds of Wilmington people will attend the celebration at Southport Thursday of this week, marking the running of the first passenger train to the town. Two trains will be run from Wilmington, being over the new road from Navassa, the first leaving here at 8 and the second at 8:30 A. M., and on the return trip they will leave Southport at 5 and 6 o'clock. It is expected that every coach of both trains will be crowded. Besides this, the steamer Wilmington will doubtless take down a large number. The steamer has arranged a special schedule for the day. Leaving the city at 9 A. M. the boat will arrive at Southport at 11 A. M., and on the return will leave Southport at 3:30 and arrive here 5:45 P. M.

An attractive programme has been arranged for the day. The address of welcome will be delivered by R. W. Davis, Esq., a prominent attorney of Southport, and the response will be by Mayor Joseph D. Smith, of Wilmington, who has won quite a reputation as an orator and who will be heard with peculiar pleasure on this occosion. Other speakers of the occasion will be United States Senators F. M. Simmons and Lee S. Overman, Governor W. W. Kitchin and other prominent men of the State. It is expected that the full programme will be announced early in the week

AMERICAN CIVIC ASSOCIATION.

Annual Meeting Will be Held in Washington Early Next Month.

The Wilmington Civic League has received an invitation from the president and secretary of the American Civic Association to attend the annual convention of that body, which will be held at the New Willard Hotel, Washington, D. C., December 13th, 14th and 15th. It is not improbable that the league will be represented by one or more delegates. The convention, it is expected, will be a great source of inspiration for the improving of American towns and cities. Distinguished speakers will speak on a wide range of subjects, all relating to the beautifying of home and neighborhood surroundings; to the development of parks and boulevards; to comprehensive city planning; to the smoke and billboard nuisances, and to the house fly. At the evening session of Wednesday, December 13th, Hon. Walter L. Fisher, Secretary of the Interior, will preside, and it is hoped that President Taft will honor the convention with his attendance.

Fine Yield of Cotton

Mr. Mack L. Bell, of Clinton, formerly a resident of Wilmington, is spending a few days here. He brought news of a remarkable yield of cotton near Clinton. A negro man by the name of Oliver Boney will make 10 bales of cotton on four acres of land, Mr. Bell told friends. This is considered an unusually fine yield even for Sampson county, one of the finest farming areas in the State.

Attachment Papers Issued.

Mr. J. H. Hinton, proprietor of The Orton Hotel, yesterday took out attachment papers on two boxes of hosiery, the property of the Everwear Hosiery Company, in possession of Mr. W. B. Cooper, alleging that the company is due him $56.40 advanced upon telegraphic authority. Justice Harriss issued the papers and the case will probably be heard before him.

FIRST PASSENGER TRAIN

Special Trains Over W. B. & S., for Celebration Next Thursday

Evidences continue to multiply that the celebration at Southport on Thursday of this week is going to be about the biggest thing of its kind ever pulled off in that historic county. The day will mark the entrance into Southport of the first passenger trains over the Wilmington, Brunswick & Southern Railroad and President Z. W. Whitehead has made elaborate preparations for handling the large crowds that are expected from Wilmington and stations along the line during the day. The trains will leave the union station at Wilmington at 8 A. M. and 8:30 A. M., and the fare for the round trip will be only $1 from Wilmington, Navassa, Jackey's Creek and El Paso; 75 cents from Town Creek and Brunswick; 50 cents from Bolivia, Loughlin and Goresville; 40 cents from Coolvale, and 25 cents from Atwood.

As previously stated the programme will be a very attractive one and the biggest men in the State will be there.

A Gould Story.

George Gould was making one of his last trips as president of the Missouri Pacific. His private car was laid out on a siding for some reason or other, and he got out to stretch his legs. An old Irishman was tapping the wheels. Gould went up to him.

"Morning. How do you like the wheels?"

"Not worth a damn," said the Irishman.

"Well, how do you like the car?"—"It's good enough for the wheels."

"What do you think of the road?"

"It matches the car."

Gould looked at the old chap for a minute.

"Maybe you don't know who I am?"

"Yes, I do," retorted the Irishman. "You are George Gould, and I know your father when he was president of the road. And, by gob, he's going to be president of it again!"

"Why, my father is dead," said Mr. Gould.

"I know that," replied the Irishman, "and the road is going to h—"—Ex.

Settled Out of Court

W. E. Jones yesterday started suit in Justice Harriss' court against Barlett, Hayward & Co., of Philadelphia, a concern that has been installing gas retorts for the Tidewater Power Company, but the matter was later settled out of court. The plaintiff alleged that the company promised to pay the railroad fare of himself and other laborers to this place and that it refused to settle for the transportation charges. However, it is understood that the company paid the men their claims and settled the matter later in the day.

Will Ask Big Damages

Suit was instituted in Superior Court yesterday morning by Joshua Moore, administrator, of George Moore, against Messrs. Alexander Sprunt & Son. While the complaint has not yet been filed it is understood that the plaintiff is suing for $10,000 alleged damages for the death of Geo. Moore, who lost his life while working in the hold of the steamer St. Jerome loading cotton at the Champion Compress some months ago. Herbert McClammy and A. G. Ricaud, Esqs., appear for the plaintiff

Meeting for Boys.

A new feature in the Y. M. C. A. work will be inaugurated this morning when Dr. E. J. Wood will conduct a religious meeting for boys under 16 years of age. The hour for the meeting is 10 o'clock and all boys are cordially invited to attend.

DR. McKENZIE STRICKEN

Lumberton Citizen Stricken With Paraiysis Is in Extremis

(By Long Distance Telephone.)

Lumberton, N. C., Nov. 18.—Dr. J. C. McKenzie, who has for the past two or three years, resided here with his brother, Mr. M. G. McKenzie, was stricken with paralysis Thursday night, his entire body being affected. He has not moved or spoken since the stroke and at 12 o'clock tonight the attending physicians say he cannot live but a few hours. Dr. McKenzie is 62 years old and is highly esteemed.

New York, Nov. 18. — "Colonel Roosevelt's plan of regulating large business enterprises, where they become of such magnitude that they are termed 'trusts,' has been tried and failed," said William Jennings Bryan, just before hesailed with Mrs. Bryan today for a vacation trip to Panama and the West Indies. Colonel Bryan was discussing the editoria of the ex-President in The Outlook dealing with the trust question.

ENJOYS EVERY MEAL

Since Taking Vinol---Eating Was Punishment Before

There are hundreds, even thousands of people right around here who have had no appetite for a long time and eat only because they must.

A Brooklyn man, Thos. J. Sinclair, says in a letter "For nearly five years I was tormented with stomach trouble. I had no appetite and I suffered so much and so long that it seemed as if I never would get any relief. Vinol proved to be just what I needed. It brought back my appetite, relieved the painful symptoms and now my digestion is perfect. I enjoy every meal now, where formerly eating was almost a punishment."

This delicious cod liver and iron remedy without oil is wonderful to stimulate the appetite and build up the body. All who are weak and run down from stomach trouble or other causes should try Vinol on our positive guaranty to refund the money if they are not perfectly satisfied. Robt. R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

WANTED

Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend it as FREELY as you will if it is saved in your pocket. Therefore, you have it; and then you will have a desire to have a larger account.

The Southern National Bank

SOME OF THE LEADING OFFICIALS OF THE SAVANNAH AUTOMOBILE CLUB.

Top Row Reading Left to Right—George W. Tiedman, Mayor Savannah and Chairman Finance Committee; Harvey Granger, President; Arthur W. Solomon, Secretary.

A. B. Moore, Member Executive Committee; Oliver T. Bacon, Vice President; Frank C. Battey, Chairman Executive Committee.

NORTH CAROLINA SOROSIS

The meetings of the North Carolina Sorosis for the past week have been well attended, and great interest has been manifested in each department. The social meeting for this month on Thursday afternoon of last week was in charge of the music department, and was a proof of the fact that the hostesses of the afternoon had known how to provide a feast of reason, a flow of soul, and tuneful harmonies, while they in no wise forgot the proverbial way to the heart, not only of mankind, but of womankind as well.

The Sorosis has the honor of having provided a chairman for the State Educational Committee, in the person of one of its most efficient members, Mrs. M. L. Stover, and the club is hoping for great things under her wise and enthusiastic management. Especial attention is called to the following circular letter, which is being sent out by the chairman to every club in the North Carolina Federation:

Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 5, 1911.

Dear Madam, President, and Club Members:

The Education Committee of the North Carolina Federation is desirous of greater practical activity along educational lines during the coming year. We must realize and grasp the opportunities for service through public education, especially through public schools, and women are especially fitted to interest themselves in all things pertaining to the child. Club women are the strongest educational force in the community today and are a great power in molding public opinion.

One hundred and sixty thousand women of our land are studying the needs of the public schools. Will you join the number? To this end each club of the North Carolina Federation is urged to appoint an education committee, where there is none, the duties of this committee are recommended as follows:

1. To thoroughly inform itself on all matters pertaining to the public schools, using "Twelve Marks of An Efficient School System" as a standard, outlined by the National Education Association. Where improvements should be made report to the proper authorities and insist that they be made.

2. To meet at least once a year with the city school and county teachers for mutual benefit.

3. At least once in year hold a Parent-Teacher meeting at which subjects of vital importance to the advancement of the child, morally, mentally and physically, be discussed, or better, the formation of a Home and School Association in every school as suggested by the National Education Association in its pamphlet, "How Can the Home and School Get in Closer touch?" This is more inclusive than the Parent-Teacher meeting. It is a citizens' movement.

4. To request the subject, Health, Civics and Domestic Science taught in the schools.

5. To raise the standard of photoplay in the town and to popularize the educational film.

6. To collect magazines, papers and books regularly from the club members and others and distribute them in the county schools for the benefit of the teacher, children and parents.

7. To work for women on the school boards, where this has been tried it has proven of material benefit to the schools.

8. To work for living salaries for teachers and no discrimination in the sexes. Promotion and increase of salary for length of service or further professional training plus efficiency.

9. To work for a compulsory county school law, wherever practical in lieu of this urge the passage of a city or county truant law.

10. To report directly to the chairman of education, who will incorporate it in her annual report to the Federation.

Improvements recommended for the schools are: adequate playgrounds, modern school buildings with adequate fire protection, well ventilated, heated, and lighted, adjustable desks, sanitary drinking fountains, sanitary plumbing, kindergartens, special training for defectives and subnormal children, manual training and domestic science school gardens, gymnasiums, school libraries, visiting teachers, school nurses, schools as a social centre, school lunches to underfed children, school camera and stereopticon outfit, home and school associations with regular meetings in the schools.

MRS. M. L. STOVER, Chmn.
MRS. W. R. HOLLOWELL,
MRS. R. J. TIGHE,
MISS MARY PETTY,
MRS. F. L. STEVENS.

* * *

The members of the Sorosis appreciate the honor of having been named as patronesses on Friday night of the Art Exhibit, which was held at the High School during the past week.

Music.—The music department of the Sorosis held the second meeting November 14th, at 4 o'clock, in the Masonic Temple. The subject for study was Johann Sebastian, Bach, and Mrs. J. A. Floyd, as leader had prepared an interesting and instructive programme.

Allemande (Bach)—Miss Julia Post, Chairman.

Reading—"Life and Works of Bach"—Mrs. Bannerman.

Quintette—"Oh Lord Who Dares to Smite Thee", (Bach)—Mrs. James Longfellow, Mrs. J. W. Yates, Mrs. R. C. Merritt, Miss Ford, Miss McIntosh.

Gigue, (Bach)—Miss Foard.

Song—"My Heart Ever Faithful, Sing Praises,"—Miss McIntosh.

Reading—German Opera—Mrs. St Amand.

After this programme the meeting adjourned until Thursday, November 15th, when the music department entertained the entire club. The color scheme of yellow and white was beautifully carried out in every detail, and the charming musical programme was as follows:

"Were I a Gardener" (Chaminade)—Mrs. J. J. Loughlin.

Piano Solo—"Dame Caprice" (Hahn)—Miss Nellie Fowler.

Vocal Solo—Miss Sneed.

Song—"The Sweetest Flower That Blows" (Hawley)—Mrs. Yates, Miss Foard, Miss Post, Mrs. R. C. Merritt.

Violin Solo—Mrs. J. D. Edwards.

Overture—(C. Von Webber)—Mrs. Merritt, Miss Shaw, Miss Post, Miss Foard.

Literature.—The Literature Department will hold its regular meeting at 4 o'clock, on Thursday, November 23rd, at the home of the chairman, corner Third and Ann streets.

Art.—There will be the regular meeting of the Art Department Friday, November 24th, at the home of the chairman, corner Fifth and Ann streets.

Civics.—The "1910 Exposition" recently held in Boston had so many things exploited that fit our own needs that a few thing that have been culled from a little booklet sent out by an up-to-date advertiser, will be interesting:

"Certain reform must be enacted in the upbuilding of old parts of Boston. There must be more transportation facilities, more docks, better sewerage system and better conditions generally under which people house and victual themselves. * * * To bring about a reform you must first educate the people—put the facts before them. There is a scheme devised and executed by C. C. Curtis, of Boston, for making a map interesting; so that it will be intelligible to children, the semi-ignorant and gets the eye of the man who runs. 'City planning is simply looking ahead.'"

The way to make physical things better is to make people better. In the health exhibit was one pertaining to the public schools and represents by which conditions are illustrated at a glance. Over this exhibit is more use of printer's ink advertising education. There is a sign that reads: "A boy without a playground is the father of the man without a job."

"Don't buy food of a grocery where the food is exposed to the air." "Better sanitation and the health of an entire city begins with one's own body."

"There are a great many very ugly things around us in all of the cities where we live. Many of us who know that they are ugly have supposed ourselves helpless, but we now have the means. We would not tolerate these ugly things in our homes, in our business or in any of our immediate surroundings under our control. Why should we tolerate them in our cities that contain our home and our businesses? Things are no better than the people. The people create all things, good or evil. If we want them better, those of us who know, why then we must advertise (educate) to the people the better way.

Home Science.—A very interesting meeting of this department was held Friday afternoon, November 17th. "The Selection of Silks" was the subject of the programme, and much praise is due to the ladies who had the meeting in charge.

Mrs. William L. Beery read an article on the "Origin of Silk." This was followed by a paper on the "Introduction and Sources of Silk," read by Mrs. M. S. Hardeman. Good articles on the "Midgeting and Adulteration of Silks" and the "Tests for Artificial Silks." At the end of the programme, Mrs. J. M. Solky read a clipping on Dr. Wiley's Method of Handling Tuberculosis Patients. Mrs. Andrew Howell gave pleasure to the members of the department in "City Gardens Against Hoodluism." The meeting ended with a discussion on school gardens and manual training in schools.

COLORED TEACHERS.

Association of County Assembles In Court House—Programme.

(Contributed.)

A regular monthly meeting of the Colored Teachers' Association was held at the county Court House at 10 A. M. The roll was called. Every teacher was present. Minutes of the October meeting were adopted.

In opening remarks by the president of the association, Prof. J. J. Clemmens, he dwelt upon the importance of giving attention to the history of the negro race, as recommended by the State Board of Education. He feels that it will prove an inspiration to our boys and girls. Prof. Clemmens asked each teacher to say how many of the histories can be used in the respective schools.

A letter from Mr. T. T. Murphy was read, asking for some one to be recommended to teach a county school at Hampstead, N. C. Next was the usual "Round Table Talk"—subject, "Sanitation." The discussion was opened by statements explaining the bad effects of cocaine, snuff and whiskey; also how bad teeth cause disordered stomachs. Mr. D. L. Gore, who had been invited by both Supt. Catlett and the president to address the association, entered at this point. The association dispensed with all discussions and business and listened to a most able, beneficial and eloquent address. It was a support to the weak and strength to such as do stand.

Mr. Gore's remarks portrayed a heart-felt interest in the colored youth. He compared the child to a piece of clay, which the teacher has the ability to mould and shape as she would have it. He urged the teachers to aim at instilling in the children honesty, industry and virtue and to be mindful that the most impressive instructions are given by example. He warned the teachers that procrastination will surely thwart success. The teachers gave expressions of gratitude to Mr. Gore.

Prof. Catlett, in his usual pleasing manner, addressed the Reading Circle. He asked the teachers to not neglect talking to the children about current events; putting them in such a way as to keep up interest and by so doing teach both geography and history. To tell them things outside the text book. He also exhorted the teachers to impress the fact of germs being left in bed clothing, as it is the habit of children to hide from the night, by burying the head under cover. To be very careful about the ventilation of school rooms. Also expressed gratification at teachers being punctual and regular, in attendance, at these meetings. Each teacher having handed in a programme by which he or she works, Prof. Catlett showed how time can be used to advantage. The association feels greatly blessed to have a superintendent who so ably instructs the teachers of the county for the good of the whole.

Being no further business, the association adjourned to meet on Saturday, December 9th, 1911, at 10 o'clock.

ELLEN NOYES STORY, Secy.

READ APPOINTMENTS TONIGHT.

Colored Methodist Conference in This City Nears End.

(By Geo. F. King.)

The members of the 43rd annual session of the North Carolina Conference of the African Methodist Episcopal Church, now in session in this city showed their appreciation of the constructive work that Prof. John R. Hawkins, educational secretary of that church, by unanimously passing the following resolution, which was signed by the majority of the members of the Conference.

"To the Bishop and the members of the North Carolina Conference: Whereas, Prof. John R. Hawkins has so faithfully and efficiently served the A. M. E. church and the race for many years, and, Whereas, his name has been suggested in many sections of the country for the office of financial secretary of the said church, and, Whereas, many conventions, etc., in the church have expression to this unqualified endorsement, and, Whereas, we recognize his great ability and business acumen and eminent fitness for this particular responsibility, therefore,

"Be it resolved, That the delegates from the Conference to the next ensuing General Conference, be, and they are hereby instructed and directed to give him their support for the office of financial secretary and to use all honorable means to secure his election." This resolution occasioned much enthusiasm.

The address of Prof. Hawkins last Friday night has greatly stimulated interest among members of the conference in the institutions of learning of the denomination. Yesterday he read a report showing that his district had largely increased its report for education this year. Since plans are on foot for a home for the superannuated ministers and others of the church who have rendered service for the year and deserved a home to keep them from the cares of the world because of their condition, are advanced Prof. Hawkins again stirred the conference by his plea for the support of the conference and making Kittrell College the site for such a home where they would always be environed by the church for which they had labored.

The appointments for today are as follows: St. Stephens' A. M. E. church 11 A. M., Bishop L. J. Coppin, D. D.; 3 P. M., annual conference communion; 8 P. M., preaching by Dr. C. H. King. Mt. Zion A. M. E. Church, 11 A. M., Rev. J. Y. Willingham; 3 P. M. Rev. W. T. Monroe; 8 P. M., Rev. J. R. Timberlake. Mt. Olive A. M. E. Church, 11 A. M., Rev. E. Hurst; 3 P. M., Rev. J. R. Sanders; 8 P. M., Rev. C. C. Alexander. St Luke's A. M. E. Church, 11 A. M., Dr. C. H. King; 3 P. M., Rev. J. C. McEady; 8 P. M., Rev. D. L. Grady. Shiloh Baptist Church, 11 A. M., Rev. C. Mills; 8 P. M., Rev. C. P. Richardson. Central Baptist Church, 11 A. M., Rev. E. R. Williams; 8 P. M., Rev. F. W. Sewell. Chesnut Street Presbyterian Church, 11 A. M., Rev. J. S. Toney. Trinity M. E. Church, 11 A. M., Rev. N. D. W. Graham; 8 P. M., Rev. R. Baker. The appointments will be made tonight at the conference after which the conference will adjourn.

Consult Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple, about your eyes. No charge for consultation. Spectacles fitted from $1.00 up. Satisfaction guaranteed. **

A NOTRE DAME LADY'S APPEAL.

To all knowing sufferers of rheumatism, whether muscular or of the joints, sciatica, lumbagos, backache, pains in the kidneys or neuralgia pains, to write to her for a home treatment which has repeatedly cured all of these tortures. She feels it her duty to send it to all sufferers FREE. You cure yourself at home as thousands will testify—no change of climate being necessary. This simple discovery banishes uric acid from the blood, loosens the stiffened joints, purifies the blood, and brightens the eyes, giving elasticity and tone to the whole system. If the above interests you, for proof address Mrs. M. Summers, Box R, Notre Dame, Ind.

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EASY TO PAY

Thanksgiving Clothing

—When you start out to buy your Thanksgiving Outfit, just keep this one idea in mind—we guarantee everything.

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Complete Outfits at all Prices from $12 to $35

Men's Suits, Overcoats, Hats, Fancy Vests, Boys' Clothing

Women's Suits, Coats, Furs, Millinery, Children's Coats

FARLEY & CO.

116 Market Street

J. W. H. FUCHS

28 and 30 South Front Street.

Sincerity Clothing & Overcoats from $10.00 to $35.00.

Athlete College Clothing for Boys, with split-hip Knickerbocker Pants, from $3.00 to $12.00.

Sweater Coats for Ladies, Men, Boys and Children, from 50c. to $5.00.

Shoes—A new lot of Tan in button and lace, new styles, from $2.00 to $3.50.

Holeproof Hosiery.

J. W. H. FUCHS

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PAINTS, VARNISHES, LEADS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS, GLAZING, PLATE, GLASS, &C., &C.

21 MARKET ST.

'PHONE 343.

If Your Head Aches

You should Take the Sure Remedy

Hicks' CAPUDINE

There's a cause for every headache—Capudine reaches that cause quickly, whether it be heat, cold, gripp, or stomach troubles—and cures, even though it be sick or nervous headache.

Capudine is the surest remedy for Colds and Gripp. Feverishness, Aches and Nervousness disappear and normal conditions are restored.

Capudine is liquid—easy and pleasant to take—acts immediately.

10c, 25c and 50c at drug stores.

Farms For Rent

I have several Small Farms for Rent. Apply to

D. L. GORE

120 No. Water St. Wilmington, N. C.

WEEK'S NEWS AT LUMBERTON

Movement for Fair Association---Pope Drug Company—New Buildings Erected—Needs of Passenger Station---Notes

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., Nov. 18.—We are glad to hear quite a number of citizens discussing favorably the proposition to organize a fair association for this county. It has been suggested that a meeting be called, inviting all citizens of the county, who will participate in the movement, to discuss ways and means for getting down to business now, without waiting until it is time to have the fair.

It is pointed out that not a single county between Wilmington and Charlotte has a fair association, and that no county on the Seaboard is better able to make a more creditable showing that Robeson. Will not some of our public spirited and progressive citizens get busy and put the wheel to turning for a big fair here next Fall? Let's begin Monday.

The Pope Drug Company has recently changed hands, the interest of Dr. W. A. McPhaul having been purchased by Messrs. James Kerr and W. H. Humphrey. Mr. Kerr has been manager of the business for the past two years, coming here from Wilmington where he held a position as drug clerk. The new firm intends to go after business, as their place has lately been furnished with mahogany fixtures and the floor and sidewalk tiled. The front is solid plate glass and will compare with any drug store in the State. Mr. Kerr is tired of bashelor life and has favored us with an invitation to his marriage to Miss Elizabeth Thomas, of Ramseur, on Wednesday, Novemoer 29th. Miss Thomas is no stranger to our people having resided here for some time, and many friends will welcome her to Lumberton. Those of Mr. Kerr's friends who may decide that he is through with "fox hunting" had as well get that idea out of their heads as he still has a pack of ten hounds and a good saddle horse. Here's our hand.

On next Friday evening, the 24th, "The Thief" will be the attraction at the Opera House. Several fine attractions have already been here this season, but those of our people who have seen "The Thief" in other places say it is certainly one of the very best that is playing the South this season. Our theatre-goers are to be congratulated upon having the opportunity of seeing this splendid drama without having to visit some of the larger cities. Seats will go on sale at McMillan's Tuesday morning. In this connection we might say that the time has come when Lumberton should have a new Opera House. Very few of the attractions coming here now can use their scenery as the stage is too small.

A gentleman from New York was here Thursday prospecting with a view to establishing an up-to-date steam laundry in Lumberton. It is to be hoped that he will succeed as that is one of the much-needed necessities here.

The entertainment given at graded school auditorium last nigh for the benefit of the Boy Scouts was well attended and grealy enjoyed. A neat little sum was realized.

Elm street between 6th and 7th has been greatly improved this week by the gutters being cleaned out and that part of the sidewalk not paved being leveled off.

Rev. E. M. Hoyle, who has served the Lumberton Methodist church faithfully and well for the past four years, will preach his last sermon as pastor tomorrow night, his term expiring by limitation according to the rules of that church. During taeir stay in Lumberton Mr. Hoyle and family have made many friends who will sincerely regret heir departure.

Conductor S. A. Branch put a force of men to work Thursday morning digging out he foundation for the new building to be erected on Mr. A. W. McLean's lot near the union passenger station. The building will be of brick and will contain three stores, one of which will be used by the new bottling works. Another will be occupied by Mr. Juddie Moore as a confectionary store. It has not been learned who will occupy the third store.

Mr. R. H. Davis, who has been manager of the telephone exchange since the first of the year, was relived this week, and left for his home in Atlanta yesterday morning. From reports it seems that the Bell Company have been cutting off quite a number of local managers in different sections. It is presumed by some that telegraph and telephone managers will soon be one and the same.

Mr. C. G. Guill, who has been engaged in the book business in this section for the past several months, finished up his work this week and left for his home in Nashville, Tenn., Thursday.

The low price of cotton makes no difference with Jno. D. McMillan & Son when it comes to buying Christmas goods. Mr. McMillan says he has purchased the largest and best stock of holiday goods that they have ever offered the people of this section.

The tree doctors arrived in town Thursday and are doing some good work. It is to be hoped that they will be given the work to do which is most assuredly badly needed to be done in this section. They come highly recommended and it is to be hoped that everybody owning fruit, shade and ornamental trees will take advantage of the opportunity to have their trees treated if they are found to be in need of treatment.

Notwithstanding the fact that during the past two or three weeks we have had weather cold enough for ice to form, owing to the weaher conditions we have not had a real good killing frost, and few, if any people saw any frost here until this week. And now the mosquitoes and flies are fast going into Winter quarters.

Rev. Father Gallagher, of Wilmington, will conduct services at the Opera House tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock, and in the afternoon he will lecture on "What Catholics Believe." The public is cordially invited to attend these services.

One of the darkest places to be found in Lumberton these nights is in the neighborhood of the union passenger station, especially in front of it where it should be most brilliantly lighted. One poor little dirty light in front of the baggage room door does service for passengers and everything else. The building is equipped for lights, all right, but they are not there so as anyone can tell. If the town did not have a good arc light near the station many would get nervous going down at nights.

Work of cutting off and remodeling the Columbia Hotel is about completed. It's up to the public to say as to whether or not the change in the building makes much improvement.

Messrs. G. B. McLeod and Lee Stone left Thursday morning for St. Stephens, S. C., on a hunting trip. Mr. McLeod owns a large tract of land at that place.

Large quantities of cotton continue to come to market, regardless of the low price. We hear much talk of the farmers holding their cotton but if as much is being held as is being sold there was a good deal more made in this section than it was claimed would be. It is the opinion of a good many that it is foolishness to predict what a crop will be.

We saw a farmer yesterday peddling out sweet potatoes to housekeepers at 50 cents per bushel. When he had sold what he could to the merchants at 60 cents he then went to the private houses and disposed of the balance of his load at 50 cents. That man would not know conscience if he were to meet it in the road.

Thursday afternoon we saw two mules hitched to a wagon left standing on Elm street while the driver went off to attend to some business. An automobile came by at a pretty rapid rate causing the mules to act as though they were frightened and ready to run. Three or four little girls ran across the street just ahead of the car and were in front of the mules just as they seemed to take a notion to make a dash, and all of them but one made the pavement all right, she stopping in front of the frightened animals to try to prevent tahem from running. When she threw up her hands and yelled at them the runaway was called off. We do not know who the little girl was, but she certainly took chances that many men would have run from. Some of tnese days Mayor White is going to make somebody wish they hadn't left their teams standing unattended.

Not all goods shipped to this place are new when they reach here. They may be new when they start but are on the road so long tnat old age overtakes them before they get here. A shipment of chairs billed out of High Point on the 8th are still out. They should at least be seasoned when they get here. A gentleman came here Wednesday night with a team to haul some machinery which was said to have been shipped from Charlotte the day before. Up to this writing it is still out. He now thinks it went by Greensboro, Raleigh, Goldsboro and Wilmington and expects it here perhaps by New Year's.

We have been charged with getting lazy and not hunting up anything for last Sunday's paper, because our budget happened to have a new position in the second section of The Star. It was there and those who doubt this statement are referred to the second section of the newspaper for satisfaction—if there is any disappointment.

One morning this week a man who was for some time pastor of St. John's colored Baptist church in that section of Lumberton known as Brooklyn, was among the passengers leaving on the early morning Seaboard train. He made himself conspicuous by mingling with the passengers in the waiting room marked "white people." It is said he claims to be an Indian but one of that race who was present said he was not. The question is this, if he will serve the colored people and mingle with them as their pastor on all occasions why draw the line at the railroad station?

We believe every citizen in Lumberton appreciates the action of the board of town commissioners at its last meeting in ordering the electric lights to burn in all parts of the town on dark nights. The lights were recently cut off of all but the business section at midnight, and the restoration of all-night service is gladly welcomed.

The work of preparing the grounds of the Court House yard for planting grass is progressing satisfactorily. When the grass comes up and the earth becomes green would it not be well to give the bell tower, where the clock used to be, a rich coat of green paint so as to make it harmonize with the earth beneath? Then people would not always be looking at the old clock face and seeing it resting at 4:10.

The Star man will be around again Monday with his receipt book and subscribers who are a little behind with their dues will confer a favor by neglecting outside calls until he has come, and to save time, have the change ready for him. Checks preferred, however, but the cash will do.

The Lumberton barber shop was opened at its old stand in the Columbia Hotel building this morning after an absence of two or three weeks while the building was being remodeled. The shop is now one of the largest and best equipped in this section of the State.

The McAllister Hardware Company, in one of its large display windows, has one of the best advertising schemes we have seen. It is an ornary barrel covered with green cloth to which is attached a fine display of goods in their line. By the aid of a small electric motor the barrel is continually revolving and few people pass by without stopping to admire it.

Sheriff McNeill stated this morning that by far the best day he has had since he started on his round collecting taxes, was at Fairmont yesterday. That's like Fairmont people.

Engineer Archie Taylor, who was so badly injured in the big Hamlet wreck last Summer, resumed his run between Hamlet and Wilmington this week. He arrived here early this morning with 54 cars.

The Rowland Sun of the 10th, states that Policeman Sam Strain has given up his badge and is no longer a guardian of the law in that town. Mr. Strain was here last night, returning to Rowland today.

Balked at Cold Steel

"I wouldn't let a doctor cut my foot off," said H. D. Ely, Bantam, Ohio, "although a horrible ulcer had been the plague of my life for four years. Instead, I used Bucklen's Arnica Salve and my foot was soon completely cured." Heals burns, boils, bruises, eczema, pimples, corns. Surest pile cure, 25c. at R. R. Bellamy's

STATE TEACHERS' ASSEMBLY

(Continued from Page One.)

in the public schools of New York City, and Miss Nan L. Mildren, of Philadelphia, former supervisor of primary schools in Caroline, Frederick and Talbot counties, Maryland.

The following allied associations will hold their annual conventions at Raleigh in connection with the Teachers' Assembly: State Association of Primary Teachers; State Association of Grammar Grade Teachers; State Association of School Principals; State Association of City Superintendents, and the State Association of County Superintendents.

The programme contains announcements of many other interesting events too numerous to mention. The railroads and hotels are offering special rates on account of this occasion. The secretary of the association, Mr. R. D. W. Connor, when seen today, said: "I am receiving more requests for programmes and information in regard to the Assembly, and more letters from teachers announcing their intention of attending the meeting than ever before during the six years that I have been secretary. This, of course, indicates that we shall have the largest meeting in the history of the Assembly. Every arrangement is being made for the convenience of the teachers and their entertainment, in which the officers of the Assembly are receiving the hearty co-operation of the Raleigh Chamber of Commerce, the Raleigh Merchants' Association, the Woman's Club, and the various educational institutions of the city."

Two other meetings not officially announced in the programme of the Teachers' Assembly to be held at the same time in Raleigh are meetings of the alumnae of the North Carolina State Normal and Industrial College and of the North Carolina alumni of the Peabody Normal School, of Nashville, Tenn. The former students of these two institutions will take advantage of the session of the Teachers' Assembly to hold grand rallies in Raleigh and organize effective associations. President Foust, of the State Normal and Industrial College, has issued a call to the alumnae of that institution and fully expects an attendance of more than 500. It is probable that a banquet, or some other similar social function will be held for them.

The Raleigh alumni of the Peabody Normal College issued the call for the students of that institution, and will give a banquet to them. President Bruce Payne, of the Peabody Normal, has accepted an invitation to be present, as has also the secretary of the General Alumni Association, which counts its members in every State of the South.

Unless every sign fails, therefore, the last week of November will witness in the Capital City of the State the greatest educational gathering ever held in North Carolina.

New Orleans, Nov. 18.—The American Chiclet Company was indicted on ten counts here today by a Federal grand jury, charging violation of the inter-State commerce laws through false valuation placed on shipments of gum by which the company obtained lower freight rates than it was entitled to.

SHE HAD CONSTANT PAIN

Until Relieved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Dewittville, N.Y.—"Before I started to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I suffered nearly all the time with headaches, backaches, and bearing down pains, and had a continuous pain in my left side. It made me sick if I tried to walk much, and my back was so weak that I was obliged to wear corsets all the time. But now I do not have any of these troubles. I have a fine strong baby daughter now, which I did not have before taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. A. A. Giles, Route 44, Dewittville, N. Y.

The above is only one of the thousands of grateful letters which are constantly being received by the Pinkham Medicine Company of Lynn, Mass., which prove beyond a doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, actually does cure these obstinate diseases of women, and that every such suffering woman owes it to herself to at least give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial before submitting to an operation, or giving up hope of recovery.

Mrs. Pinkham of Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health and her advice is free.

CLARK'S "ARABIC" ORIENT CRUISE

Feb. 8, $400 up, for 71 days, including all shore excursions, visits Spain, Algiers, Greece, Turkey, Holy Land, Egypt, Italy, etc. 20 Europe Tours.

FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg. New York

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway

SCENIC ROUTE TO THE WEST.
Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.
Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv. Richmond	2:00pm	6:35pm	11:00pm
Ar. Louisville	11:00am		7:30pm
Ar. Cincinnati	8:15am	9:50am	5:00pm
Ar. Chicago	5:00pm	5:35pm	7:10am
Ar. St. Louis	6:15pm	9:15pm	7:17am

Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.
Quickest and Best Route.
The line to the Celebrated Mountain Resorts of Virginia.
For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations, address
W. O. WARTHEN, D. P. A.,
C. & O. Ry. Co., Richmond, Va.

MILAM
FOR GOOD BLOOD

Milam is guaranteed under the pure food and drugs law to contain no opium, morphine, strychnine, mercury, potash or other dangerous or habit forming drugs. Thus you take no chances with your health when you take Milam.

You take no chances with your money either, for if you buy a course of six bottles and are not benefitted you can get your money back for the asking.

No dispute no argument—you are the judge.

Rheumatism

I will always take pleasure in recommending Milam for Uric Acid troubles. C. T. Barksdale, former U.S. Postmaster, Danville, Va.

For nearly eight years I suffered with rheumatism—at times unable to walk. I am taking Milam with great benefit, as I am now able to walk and suffer no pain. Mrs. Ira R. Preston, Abingdon, Va.

Rheumatism affected my heart until I could not lie down without such pain that I could hardly bear it. Milam has made me feel like a new woman. Mrs. J. P. Brown, 638 N. 8th St., Richmond, Va.

For 18 years I was confined to my bed the greater part of the time with rheumatism. Milam has been a Godsend to me. I now walk about my farm—the swelling has left my limbs and joints reduced to normal size. F. L. Gristie, R. F. D. 1, Chocowinity, N. C.

I have been a great sufferer with rheumatism and for several years unable to attend to my duties continuously. Six bottles of Milam made a new man of me. Claude Curling, 549 E. Main St., Norfolk, Va.

I spent over $3,000 for rheumatism with no benefit whatever until I tried Milam. It has done all you claim for it in my case. L. H. Wade, corner Church and Lee Sts., Norfolk, Va.

For a long-standing and aggravated case of rheumatism I am glad to say I received more benefit from the use of Milam than all the other treatment extending over a period of ten years. C. P. Barger, with W. M. Ritter Lumber Co., Huntington, W. Va.

Since taking 6 bottles of Milam my rheumatism is entirely gone, my complexion and appetite improved—I wouldn't take $50 for the good it has done me. A. Mc Bride, Danville, Va.

It will do you no good to put it off—nothing to gain, all to lose. Act today.

Your druggist has Milam or can get it very quickly from any drug jobber.

THE MILAM MEDICINE CO., Inc., Danville, Va.

GEO. O. GAYLORD'S BIG STORE

ON FRONT STREET

Is having a good Fall Trade. The low price of cotton has decreased the price of goods and we are able to offer today a better class of goods for the money than for several years. We sell all our goods for cash, which enables us to buy the goods at the very lowest possible price. We make a Cash discount for our money and give that to our customers in the way of premiums. We have had a splendid trade this week.

OUR COAT-SUIT DEPARTMENT has been a very busy corner. We have received several new lots of coats and suits for ladies, misses and children this week. Have just received a big line of new skirts made by the Style-Right people. The skirts are beautiful and the price is from $3.50 to $8.00 apiece. If you are in need of a coat suit it is a pleasure to show ours and the young ladies will be delighted to wait on you. We have our suits altered by a man-tailor and free of charge to you, and guarantee a fit. You will not only find the biggest assortment of ladies suits in the State, but will find them cheaper than elsewhere.

A NICE LINE OF SHIRT WAISTS.

The prices are from $1.00 to $2.98 each. Black Taffeta waists for $2.50 each. Ladies' and Children's Knit Underwear — in this department we sell Children's long sleeved Vests and Pants for 12c. each—special bargain. We sell Ladies No-Button Vests that fit perfectly at 25c. each. We have Union Suits for 25c, 50c and $1.00 per suit. Red Flannel suits for $2.00 a suit. In this department we keep everything and will save you money on your underwear bill, if you buy from us.

Do not forget our Muslin Underwear Department. We have received lots of things this week in the way of Night Gowns, Corset Covers and all kinds of Flannelettes and Muslin Underwear. A well made full length Gown for 59c. We carry the Tudor Sleeping Garments for Children, at 50c. each.

We do business, and Why? We carry the goods that the people want, and sell them at popular prices. Give every person the same value for their money, and thousands of free premiums. Remember the place.

GEO. O. GAYLORD'S BIG STORE

ON FRONT STREET.

ATLANTIC INN

EUROPEAN PLAN.

Being opposite the Union Depot is, therefore, most convenient to Traveling Men. Large, Airy Rooms and Good Restaurant.

GIESCHEN BROS. :: :: :: :: :: :: :: Proprietors

Engine Gasoline

PERFECT FUEL FOR ALL GASOLINE ENGINES! MORE POWER MORE RUNNING HOURS, FOR LESS MONEY.

Drop Us a Card if you operate a Gasoline Engine, and we will show you how to Save Money on your Fuel Bill.

Cape Fear Oil Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Kerosene, :: Gasoline :: and :: Lubricating :: Oils.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective October 16, 1911. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS
No. 90, ! 3:40 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 5 P. M. and Richmond 4:10 P. M.	No. 91, a 1:00 A. M.
No. 51, * 5:45 A. M.	Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50, *11:40 P. M.
No. 64, ! 5:50 A. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate Stations.	No. 65, ! 6:50 P. M.
No. 48, * 8:40 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49, * 6:15 P. M.
No. 53, * 8:45 A. M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52, * 8:05 P. M.
No. 55, * 3:15 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway (!) Florence, Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.	No. 54, 1:40 P. M.
No. 62, * 3:25 P. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate Stations.	No. 63, *12:50 P. M.
No. 59, ! 6:30 P. M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and intermediate Stations.	No. 60, !10:15 A. M.
No. 42, * 7:00 P. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman and Dining Car Service. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41, * 9:45 A. M.
No. 57, ! 7:30 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway and intermediate Stations.	No. 58, ! 8:30 A. M.

* Daily ! Daily except Sunday. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 100.
W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

Effective October 2nd, 1911.
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

To the Beach.

Leave Wilmington—6:30, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M.; *1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 P. M.
2:00 P. M. (Saturday only).
* On Saturday this train leaves at 1:10 P. M.

To Wrightsville.

Leave Wilmington—6:30, 7:00, 8:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M.; 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:30, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00, 11:00 P. M.

To Wilmington.

Leave Beach — 7:45, 9:15, 10:45, 12:15, 1:45, 3:45, 5:15, 6:25, 6:55, 7:55, 9:15, 10:45 P. M.
Leave Wrightsville—6:15, 7:30, 7:55, 8:30, 9:25, 10:55 A. M.; 12:25, 1:55, 2:30, 3:55, 5:25, 6:35, 7:05, 8:00, 9:25, 10:55, 11:30 P. M.

SUNDAY.
To the Beach.

Leave Wilmington—8:00, 10:00, 11:30 A. M.; 1:00, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 P. M.

To Wrightsville.

Leave Wilmington—8:00, 9:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M.; 1:00, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M.

To Wilmington.

Leave Beach—8:45, 10:45 A. M.; 12:15, 1:45, 2:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 5:45, 6:25, 6:55, 7:50, 9:15, 10:45 P. M.
Leave Wrightsville—7:30, 8:55, 10:00 A. M.; 12:25, 1:55, 2:55, 3:25, 3:55, 4:25, 4:55, 5:25, 5:55, 6:35, 7:05, 8:00, 9:25, 10:55, 11:30 P. M.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE:
Daily Except Sunday.
Leave 9th and Orange Streets 3:00 P. M. M.
Freight Depot open from 2 to 3 P. M.

The Governors Endorse The McKanna Treatment

So do Supreme and Superior Court Justices, Mayors, Recorders, Solicitors, Physicians and Ministers. No other treatment has such generous endorsement of the press and public. Three days stay in our sanitarium and the drink habit is gone from you forever. Your health is restored. We never had a death in one of our sanitariums. Write for testimonials and booklet.

McKanna 3-Day Liquor Cure Company

Reidsville, N. C.

MEIER'S MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

Wilmington, N. C.

Monuments, Headstones, Tiles, Mantels and Grates.

Let us show you our line.

All classes of stone work for buildings. Write us for prices.

FOR SALE

10 Kegs Mullet Roe.
200 Kegs Large Mullets.
100 Kegs Medium Size Mullets.
Write for prices.

Samuel Bear, Sr., & Sons

WHOLESALE GROCERS

Wilmington, N. C.

NOTICE.

The undersigned will, on the 23rd of November, 1911, apply to the governor for a pardon for James E. Tisdale, convicted of murder in the second degree, at Burgaw, July, 1911, and sentenced to the penitentiary for 15 years. All persons opposing the granting of same will forward their objections to the governor.

oc23-30t SARAH TISDALE.

SEABOARD
Air Line Railway
SCHEDULE

Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office, 'Phone 1294, or Office of Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel, 'Phone 178.

Trains Leave Wilmington, Effective April 20th, 1911.

No. 45—5:00 A. M.—For Hamlet, and intermediate points to Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 66, for Raleigh and points North.

No. 39—3:40 P. M.—For Charlotte, connecting at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York, and trains in all directions. Arrive Hamlet 7:40 P. M.; leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 10:50 P. M.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington:

No. 40—12:20 P. M.—From Charlotte.
No. 44—11:59 P. M.—From Charlotte and intermediate points.
No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No. 66, for all points North; at Monroe, with No. 53, for Atlanta.
No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41, for Atlanta, Birmingham and Memphis. No. 84, for Washington and New York; No. 32, for Portsmouth, Norfolk, and No. 43, for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.
Pullman Car service will be maintained between Wilmington and Charlotte on trains 39, 40, 45 and 44.
Sleeper on No. 45 open for occupancy at 10 P. M.

B. W. ARRINGTON,
Union Ticket Agent,
'Phone No. 1294.
F. A. FETTER,
Commercial Agent,
Orton Hotel,
'Phone No. 178.
H. S. LEARD,
Div. Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.
C. B. RYAN,
General Passenger Agent,
Portsmouth, Va.
mh12-tf

Clyde Steamship Company
to NEW YORK and GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Stmp. "Navahoe," Friday, Nov. 10th, 1911.
Stmp. "Carib," Friday, Nov. 17th, 1911.

Wilmington to New York.
Stmp. "Carib," Saturday, Nov. 11th, 1911.
Stmp. "Navahoe," Saturday, Nov. 18th, 1911.

Wilmington to Georgetown.
Stmp. "Navahoe," Monday, Nov. 13th, 1911.
Stmp. "Carib," Monday, Nov. 20th, 1911.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.
For freight, apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
H. M. MAYNARD, Freight Traffic Manager.
H. M. RAYMOND, V.-P. and G. M.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and North-west.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rail.
Schedule in Effect February 12, 1911:

Lv Norfolk	8:30 a m	8:00 p m
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a m	10:40 p m
Lv. Durham	7:00 a m	5:30 p m
Lv. Lynchburg	2:40 a m	6:25 p m
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a m	6:25 p m
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a m	6:55 p m
Ar. Chicago	6:00 p m	7:30 a m
Ar. St. Louis	6:33 p m	8:30 a m

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all western points.
Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.
Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.
W. B. BEVILL,
Gen. Pass Agent, Roanoke, Va.
C. H. ROSLEY,
Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

GET RID OF THE FLIES.

Use Formaldehyde as recommended by Health Authorities. We can supply you in any quantity from 10c. worth to a ton.

Do you boil the water you drink? Ask your Doctor about it. Fonticello Lithia Water, the strongest in Lithia and most wholesome table water, as well as the best medicinal water on the market. We can supply you with half gallon bottles or five gallon carboys. We also handle Harries', Moore's, Buffalo, Lincoln, Poland, Mecklenburg, and many others.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists.

THE STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmingkton, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates, or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Sunday, November 19, 1911.

Discretion is having enough sense to look around so you can keep from putting your foot in it.

The Norfolk Landmark is condemning "ophicleiditis." Well, we should say so. How long has Norfolk had it?

We are in favor of manufacturing macaroni to take the place of the old-fashioned flint and steel Virginia dumpling.

Governor Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey, says "the day of the standpatter is past." The people hope he is so far past that he will never bother them again.

A Chicago society woman had a foreign duke arrested for stealing her diamonds. It may prove to be a romance. She can marry the duke and recover her gems.

We can't understand Chinese, but when a battle is pending at some Chinese cities we observe that the Chinamen take to the woods in a way that is easily understood.

Dr. LeGrand Kerr, a New York specialist, commends the chewing of gum, declaring that it cleanses the teeth and aids digestion. However, doesn't it give a girl the gum jaw?

Some people think that turning a nickle loose is charity, whereas overlooking the faults of others, while hiding their own, is the charity that the world reads about, but rarely sees.

Wilmington keeps on being the ideal place for three or four tourist hotels. Such a climate as this region has twelve months in the year is an asset that should be developed to the fullest extent.

The Baltimore Sun commends "the anti-smoke campaign of the Women's Civic League." The ladies have done much to abate the smoke nuisance, but no doubt they will continue to use the smoke veil to hide their pretty faces.

The Republican President thinks the trust question has been settled but the trusts are as busy as they can be trying to find out what the dickens has been done to them. They are asking for a lot of information on the solution, which seems to be about as clear as mud.

How fortunate are the people of the United States when their lot is compared with those of Europe! In Russia 8,000,000 people are on the verge of starvation, owing to crop failures, and there is war and pestilence to disturb the peace of some of the countries of the continent. We have peace and plenty, and we have every reason to give thanks on the Nation's Thanksgiving Day.

The Greensboro Dailiy Record on Friday reached the 21st year of its publication. When its plucky editor started it as a four page, five column sheet, it was larger than Greensboro, but as Greensboro grew the Record grew and it is now an eight page, seven column newspaper—one of the most appreciated that comes to The Star. Editor J. M. Reece has done a lot of hustling and constructive work and has made his paper not only a worthy representative of his growing city, but a truly representative North Carolina paper. The Record has been a powerful factor in making Greensboro the flourishing city that it is today, and if any institution deserved to survive and reach the heydey of prosperity, it is Col. Reece's paper. The Record, just like its editor, is honest and fearless, and it is a pleasure for us to observe that Greensboro has all along known a good thing when it sees it. May it live long and keep on prospering.

SPECIAL GOOD ROADS TRAIN

If we are in search of a powerful element in the rapid development of North Carolina, we will find it in improved highways throughout the country. The county which will get ahead of the others is the one that adopts a good roads system which will benefit all sections of the county. The system should take in every portion of a county so it will enlist the support and enthusiasm of all the people.

We have said that improved highways offer a county a sure and powerful means of development and progress, and the proof of it is abundant and overwhelming. Just look at those counties with good roads and compare their farm values and productive capacity with those counties which are non-progressive. There are others, but take the cue from Columbus county which has become permeated with a spirit of progressiveness that strangely contrast with the lack of spirit which we personally observed there not so very many years ago. The change is simply marvelous. The fact which has made Columbus, created production, brought about increased values and established land as an asset in that county, is good roads. It is a positive fact that when the people of a county get to making progress in good roads building it stimulates progress in other particulars. That is the absolute truth.

The Nation, the State, the counties, the townships, and the railroads fully recognize what a powerful developer the improved highway is, and people everywhere are getting waked up on the subject. We have pounded on the subject for years and we are glad to see the wave of good roads enthusiasm sweeping everything before it. We will have an avalanche of it after the progressive Atlantic Coast Line's special good roads train whirls through the Nation's Garden Spot, demonstrating rural highway construction in all of its features.

We look on the Coast Line's good roads special as a halleluia train for eastern North Carolina, and the Star wants to see every county get the full benefit of it. That train will cost the railroad thousands of dollars, but the golden harvest will come back in the more rapid development of the country, in its tremendously increased production and in the steady and substantial growth of farm and country assets. The Coast Line will pay all the expenses of the train and demonstration, although it will be under the auspices of the United States Office of Public Roads, connected with the Department of Agriculture of the United States. That train will carry throughout the Coast Line territory a corps of the most able and experienced road building experts in this country. They will deliver lectures and give us thorough instructions in the building of good roads. The lectures will be accompanied by valuable, interesting and entertaining stereoptican pictures, and it will be a free show and an inspiring occasion. The train will be equipped with improved road building machinery and the various machines will be operated by electricity, thus providing the most practical of object lessons. Everywhere the people can see the very latest methods and the best of machinery for economical road building.

The Star wants to emphasize the economic advantage of such a road building demonstration as the Coast Line is to give us. It will teach us how to build highways at a saving to the counties and the people. It will demonstrate how we can build the various kinds of roads at the least expense. We needn't waste money experimenting, for we can meet the good roads special and get a highway education. We know that, for we are told that "the United States government, with the weight of its experience in road building and the efficiency of its organization, is in direct cooperation with the Atlantic Coast Line for the improvement of the highways of the South."

The great value of this roads building demonstration must be fully recognized when it is remembered that it will be under the auspices of the United States Office of Public Roads which collects information with regard to systems of road building and management. It investigates the best methods of road making and the best kind of road-making material throughout the United States. It investigates the chemical and physical character of road materials, co-operates with colleges and schools in highway engineering instruction, and publishes bulletins which contain descriptions and results of its investgations and experiments, which publication is for free distribution. It also furnishes, free of cost, engineers to advise with regard to road improvements and to superintend the construction of model roads.

In running its good roads special through Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Alabama, necessarily at tremendous cost, the Atlantic Coast Line rises to the acme of progressiveness. It is foremost among our great railroads in the march of progress. It strives at all times to promote the material advancement of the South, in which it is directly and deeply interested, and especially on its lines in eastern North Carolina appreciation of it can be shown by turning out a half million people to learn the great lesson for our substantial and sure development. This huge stroke of enterprise on the part of the railroad management is a profound and convincing demonstration of the fact that the Coast Line has heartily and effectively thrown itself ino the great movement for better highways in the South. It is one of the South's greatest railway systems and its lines penetrate the very garden spot of America. It is in the good roads movement in a tremendous effort towards the development of its rich portion of the South, and, indeed, its attitude is not alone one of inactive approval and official enterprising, but its thoroughly enterprising management is in the highway campaign with earnest initiative and in a manner and method which is tremendously efficient and thoroughly practical.

Look out for the good roads special. It will be one of the completest highway exhibit trains ever on tour and it is needless to predict that it will inspire the South to greater achievement in realizing on its marvelous resources. The special will leave Richmond next Friday and sweep into North Carolina on Saturday. Look up the schedules and see the sights when the train visits your station.

SETTLERS FOR THE SOUTH.

The South is anxious to attract desirable settlers and it can get them like the West got them. Every desirable community in eastern North Carolina can attract homeseekers if it will go after them exactly like the Florida land syndicates which settled the drained lands of Florida. Note the tremendous growth in population demonstrated by Florida in the last census. There isn't anything strange or wonderful about it. It simply was the natural result of a systematic effort backed by capital and attractive propositions.

Eastern North Carolina is "hungry" for the settlement of 200,000 good people to develop her fertile area, but the trouble with us is that we only wish and hope, while neglecting concrete and effective examples like those furnished by the enterprising Mr. Hugh MacRae and associates in their colonization enterprises near Wilmington. We have more than once emphasized the splendid example of Senator J. A. Brown, of Chadbourn, through whose untiring and successful efforts Chadbourn is on the map as a thriving town with a population of 1,242 and surrounded by about 3,000 of the most prosperous and happy farmers in the entire South. We have again and again pointed out how a few years ago Chadbourn was a mere possibility in a neck of woods in the cutover lands of Columbus county, while now it has vast property assets with a community production of at least $1,000,000 per annum.

In an editorial a few days ago the Star availed itself of Senator Brown's example to show how colonization would win settlers, and the Manufacturers' Record was quick to give its hearty endorsement to the declarations and purposes of that editorial. In this morning's Star we reproduce that valuable editorial of the South's greatest industrial journal, and we commend perusal of the strong points it makes in supplementing the Star's article along the same line. Let us emphasize this portion of the editorial of our esteemed Baltimore contemporary:

"Let the South countinue its colonization undertakings; let its people and those from other sections buy large tracts of land, improve them with good roads, with comfortable homes, and then go out and get the right class of settlers and they will be able to find many thousands of them. The growth of the Pacific coast, the wonder of the day, has not been due to turning the tide of the lower classes of Italy into that section, but it has been largely due to the ability of the Pacific coast people to make so attractive a presentation by ceaseless activity in their development campaign as to draw the best class of Americans."

The fact is, the West has largely drawn upon the South for its best assets in young men, the great productive and progressive class of its population. North Carolina knows what it is to be drained of her muscle and brain, and today the State is suffering from it.

The West is still after our youthful assets, for only a few months ago Oklahoma sent representatives all over North Carolina throwing out tempting bait to Tar Heels. We do not disparage the opportunities in any State, but there are none to equal those which our young men leave behind when they unfortunately depart from eastern North Carolina. We ought to have some colonization schemes that will keep our own men assets at home, as well as attract others. State Senator W. S. Cobb, of Robeson county, is only 36 years of age, and yet only 18 years ago he began at zero and today is enjoying an income of $10,000 a year from his farm within two hours' run from Wilmington. He didn't go West, but took a shot at fortune in this fairest of all regions where from two to four profitable crops can be grown in one season on the same land. We ought to keep all our young men at home, for there may be more Browns and Cobbs to demonstrate the wonderful resources of North Carolina.

Give the muscles and red blood of our young men a chance at home. Let us keep all we can of them while we have them, meanwhile inviting thousands of others to come to this wonderful two and three crop country in the Nation's Garden Spot.

In order to get on the outside of a Charleston waffle disguise it in North Carolina cane syrup.

President Taft has begun to realize the troubles of the consumers, and has discovered a remedy for their woes. His remedy is giving them the parcels post and swatting the middlemen., He fails to see what the tariff graft has done to us, and has entirely overlooked the fact that his administration is entirely powerless to relieve us of the trusts which were created by it. The President still refuses to see his opportunity.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The counties should not wait for State aid in road building, for if the State ever undertakes it it will hardly begin by helping those counties that will not help themselves.—Durham Herald.

Gov. Plaisted wants to have the liquor question settled so that Maine may take her place as the greatest State in the Union. Shucks, governor, that's the only thing that keeps Maine on the map.—Washington Post.

The Lumberton correspondent of the Wilmington Star quotes Judge Carter as having said to the grand jury of Robeson county that during the past five years there had been a greater number of homicides and murders in Robeson county, with its population of 50,000, than in the Dominion of Canada, with its population of six million. This statement is one that should cause pause and shows there is need of a crusade to make people have a greater regard for human life. Somebody said not long ago that in parts of this country human life was the cheapest product. It ought to be the most precious and conserved more than any other. The responsibility cannot be said to rest alone anywhere. The courts and juries are not responsible, but they could perhaps lessen it if the convictions for crime are more general and punishment more certain. It is not that punishment should be severe, but that it should be certain.—Raleigh News and Observer.

Judge Frank Carter, who held Robeson county court last week, found that in the past five years, 58 indictments for murder in Robeson had been returned by the grand jury. It does not appear how many convictions there were, if any—we do not remember to have heard of the execution of a Robeson county murderer within the term stated, though our memory may be, and likely is, at fault. At any rate, the murder situation in this county called for some attention at the hands of Judge Carter. Speaking on the grand jury's report, he said, as quoted in The Robesonian, this condition is attributable to the failure of juries to do their duty and convict persons charged with murder in a proper cause. He stated that the doctrine of reasonable doubt had a proper place in our system of jurisprudence, but that juries were inclined to make a fetish of it and upon the theory of reasonable doubt turned many men loose who were morally guilty and men whom the jury knew were morally guilty upon the evidence. He urged that in the trial of capital felonies it was the duty of the jury to take a common sense view of the evidence and that if they were morally satisfied from the evidence of the guilt of the prisoner they should not hesitate to convict, leaving the question of the punishment with the court." Judge Carter, no doubt, has struck the keynote. Many a bloody-handed man has gone free from the court room by the grace of the reasonable doubt. It must be a case of murder so plain that there is no way for a jury to get around it, in which society may expect a verdict of guilty. The "reasonable doubt" was exploited in the Beattie case, but then Chesterfield county is not located in North Carolina. Other judges in the State might give the law a good turn by taking the cue from Judges Carter.—Charlotte Chronicle.

TO GET HOMESEEKERS

The Manufacturers' Record Throws Out Some Valuable Suggestions

(Manufacturers' Record, Nov. 16th.)

The Morning Star, of Wilmington, N. C., which has a clear understanding of the problems confronting the South, in discussing the question of immigration, says:

"Colonization schemes bring people, as has been time and again demonstrated. Senator J. A. Brown demonstrated it right close to Wilmington when he settled Northwestern people on the rich cut-over lands in Columbus county. He converted a cut-over pine region into an ideal agricultural country, and altogether about 3,000 people have settled throughout the surrounding country. The consequence is a thriving town of more than 1,200 people as the nucleus of their successful activities. The way to get settlers is to go after them with a farm, like Senator Brown did. The way to get settlers is to do like the South Carolina capitalists who have purchased 17,000 acres of land in Chesterfield county for the purpose of settling farms on easy terms. The way to attract settlers is to do it like Mr. Hugh MacRae, of Wilmington, together with his associates, has done. They have gone after them and got them. They provide people with homes and farms and help them in more ways than one. People will settle in the South when they are informed about the opportunities here for them and when it is made known to them how they can pull up pegs somewhere else and come to eastern North Carolina."

The position taken by the Star is absolutely correct. There are dozens of illustrations all over the South as striking as those which it quotes showing what can be done by intelligent colonization work by men familiar with the settlement of farm properties through colonization activity. Many of the men long identified with colonization work of this kind in the West and on the Pacific coast are now turning their attention to the South These men are to a large extent seeking to bring farmers and others from the North and West into the South. They are not wasting their time trying to turn the undesirable elements from the dregs of Southern Europe into the South in order to relieve New York of its congestion of this element, but they realize that there are tens of thousands, yes, hundreds of thousands, of families in the North and West who, when the matter is rightfully presented to them, are glad to escape the rigors of Northern Winters and to avail themselves of the boundless opportunities and the good climatic conditions of the South.

Many years ago it was pointed out in the Manufacturers' Record that some parts of the Northwest were becoming so thoroughly foreignized that the time would come when, in order to be among their own people, the Americans of that section would practically be forced to move South. The truth of this is being fulfilled. No man can study the present situation without seeing that from many sources there is a southward trend of the best element of people from the West and the Northwest, as well as from New England. Many of these people want to escape some of the disadvantages of living completely surrounded by foreigners, as they now are.

The foreigners are coming into the South; they will naturally be drawn there by the development of this section and the opportunities for employment; but we can well afford to be exceedingly careful and not permit the whole stream of foreign immigration which for several years has been leaving Southern Europe for that region's good to be poured into the South. Italians from the Northern part of that country and many people from some other sections of Southern Europe would be desirable settlers, but it is necessary, if the civilization of the South is to be maintained and developed as a thoroughly Anglo-Saxon region, that we shall not attempt to crowd into this section too rapidly the Sicilians and kindred people who have been a curse to the city of New York.

Let the South continue its colonization undertakings; let its people and those from other sections buy large tracts of land, improve them with good roads, with comfortable homes, and then go out and get the right class of settlers, and they will be able to find many thousands of them. The growth of the Pacific Coast, the wonder of the day, has not been due to turning the tide of the lower classes of Italy into that section, but it has been largely due to the ability of the Pacific coast people to make so attractive a presentation by ceaseless activity in their development campaign as to draw the best class of Americans.

FREE TO
Blood-Poison
SUFFERERS

Many People Have Blood Poison and Don't Know It. Remedy Also Cures Eczema, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Which Come from Poisoned, Diseased Blood.

For twenty-five years Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) has been curing yearly thousands of sufferers from Primary, Secondary or Tertiary Blood Poison, and all forms of Blood and Skin Diseases, Rheumatism and Eczema. We solicit the most obstinate cases, because B. B. B. cures where all else fails. If you have aches and pains in Bones, Back or Joints, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, Itching, watery blisters or open humors, Risings or pimples of Eczema, Boils, Swellings, Eating Sores, take B. B. B. It kills the poison, makes the blood pure and rich, completely changing the entire body into a clean, healthy condition, healing every sore or pimple, and stopping all aches, pains and itching, curing the worst case of Blood Poison, Rheumatism or Eczema.

BOTANIC BLOOD BALM (B. B. B.) is pleasant and safe to take, composed of pure Botanic ingredients.

DRUGGISTS, $1 PER LARGE BOTTLE, with directions for home cure. For free sample, fill out coupon below.

FREE BLOOD CURE COUPON.

This coupon (cut from Wilmington Star) is good for one sample of B. B. B. mailed free in plain package. Simply cut out this coupon, describe trouble, and mail to BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

The Thanksgiving Season

Now is the best time to prepare your Table Linens for Thanksgiving. We offer the remaining days of November Special Inducements in Table Linens, Towels, Sheets, Blankets and Comforts:

$1.25 All Linen Damask, 72 inches wide, at $1.00

$1.50 All Linen Damask, 72 inches wide, at $1.29

85c Linen or Mercerized Table Damask, 68 inches wide, at 69c

65c Table Linen, at 49c

Big variety of Doylies and Napkins at special prices.

Blankets and Comforts; big assortment, at low prices.

Fine Millinery greatly reduced. A splendid showing of New Trimmed and Ready-to-Wear Hats.

VELVET HOODS—Black, Brown, Navy, Red, Purple and Green; Special at 98c

New Velvet Hat Bag With Long Cord 69c to $3.50.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

Boys' New Overcoats; Big Assortment, $1.48 to $10.

The FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CAR FARE

Rugs, Carpets & Curtains

This department is filled with the best goods that the leading makers of this country produce. Our Rug and Carpet Department has been enlarged, about double its former capacity, and we now feel confident that we can give you anything you desire, in any size, quality or pattern.

We also are showing an endless variety of Lace Curtains, in all the new weaves and patterns.

COSTUME VELVETS—We are showing them in all the shades, with the fringe and ball trimmings to match. Agents for Butterick Patterns, Black Cat Hosiery, and American Lady Corsets.

A. D. BROWN Dry Goods Co.
"The Modest-Price Store."

All Aboard for Southport

——: NOVEMBER 23rd, 1911 :——

First Passenger Train Over the Wilmington, Brunswick and Southern Railroad, Into the Historic Capital of Brunswick.

Take a day off and ride through the vast domains of undeveloped country lying at our doors and which is destined to early become the trucking paradise of the Old North State.

Patriotic Speeches by Statesmen and Orators, Boat Races and Parades, Grand Display of Battleships, Foot Races, Base Ball, Military Drills, Free Dinner and an Old Fashioned Barbecue of Beef, Pork, Mutton, Venison, 'Possum, Etc., including All of the Good Things Grown and Produced in Brunswick County.

A Good Time Guaranteed Everybody and Perfect Order Insured.

Southport is full of historic interest, while Fort Caswell, just across the bay, is one of the Finest on the South Atlantic Seaboard. Boats will run between Southport and Fort Caswell every fifteen minutes during the day, thus furnishing the public an Opportunity to Visit this Interesting Harbor of Defense, such as no other occasion will ever offer.

Don't Miss This Opportunity to Ride on the First Passenger Train Through Brunswick County,

Into the City of Southport. Meet Old Friends and Renew the Acquaintances of by-gone days.

Trains Leave Union Station, Wilmington, at 8:00 A. M. and 8:30 A. M. Fare for the Round Trip as Follows:

Wilmington, $1.00; Navassa, $1.00; Jackey's Creek, $1.00; El Paso, $1.00; Town Creek, 75 cents; Brunswick, 75 cents; Bolivia, 50 cents; Loughlin, 50 cents; Goresville, 50 cents; Coolvale, 40 cents; Atwood, 25 cents.

no19-4t

New Line

HORSE BLANKETS, LAP ROBES AND HARNESS

City Livery Company

Phone 15.

PASSING OF BELOVED MAN

Death of Dr. William J. H. Bellamy Leaves Void in Community—Funeral From Residence This Afternoon.

The funeral of Dr. William J. H. Bellamy, whose death occurred at five minutes to two o'clock yesterday morning, after an illness of some time, will be held from the late residence, corner Second and Orange streets, at 3 o'clock this afternoon, conducted by Rev. Dr. John M. Wells, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, of which Dr. Bellamy was a devoted member, assisted by Rev. Dr. Wm. H. Milton, rector of St. James' Episcopal Church. Interment will be in Oakdale cemetery.

The community was shocked and saddened yesterday morning when it became known that this good man had been called to his reward and expressions of profound regret were heard on every side, for no man in Wilmington was held in more general high esteem and admiration than was Dr. Bellamy for he made friends of all with whom he came in contact. The community sustains a distinct loss in his death. Hundreds of friends called at the grief-stricken home yesterday and offered their sympathy and condolences.

Dr. Bellamy was born in Wilmington the 16th of September, 1844, and had, therefore, reached the age of 67 years. He was the son of Dr. John D. Bellamy, an eminent practitioner of medicine, of ante-bellum days and himself was the third generation lineally in the line of physicians. He was educated at the school of the late George W. Jewett, at which so many of Wilmington's most prominent citizens received their early training and where he was prepared for the State University of North Carolina, which he entered.

The civil war breaking out, at the early age of 16 years and while a University student, he volunteered in the Confederate army in 1861, enlisting in Company I, 18th N. C. Regiment of Infantry. He was in the army of Virginia participating in the battle of Seven Pines and other engagements around Richmond and saw service around Charleston, S. C., at Pactaligo, Coosawathie and other points and afterwards became captain of a company of troops enlisted in Brunswick county.

When the war was over, he began the study of medicine under his father, and afterwards graduated at the University of New York, receiving the prize honor of his class. He entered upon the practice of his profession in Wilmington, devoting himself to it ever afterwards, with a love and assiduity which has been the subject of comment and admiration of his numerous friends and patients for a period of nearly half a century. He was at one time president of the New Hanover Medical Society and for 16 years was one of the State medical examiners on materia demica and therapeutics. In 1893 he was a delegate to the International Medical Congress, which met at Washington.

It was he, as the family physician and friend of the late and lamented James Walker, who was consulted as to what he should do with his fortune, and he suggested and advised that Mr. Walker should endow a great public charity for the relief of human suffering, and thus induced Mr. Walker to form and endow the "James Walker Memorial Hospital," in this city. And in the life time of the benefactor, unknown to others, they formed a plan, which was put into execution afterwards and nearly completed at Mr. Walker's death, and which has proven such a boon to suffering humanity and a special blessing to the people of this section of the State. Dr. Bellamy was made a life governor of the institution, the only one of the officers having the distinction of a life tenure. It was Dr. Bellamy, who, soon thereafter, in connection with the hospital, suggested and aided in establishing the Training School for Nurses, which has been the means of equipping so many noble women.

At the commencement of the University of North Carolina held this year, Dr. Bellamy was one of those who were students before the civil war, who had the degree of Bachelor of Arts conferred on them.

In the nearly half century of his practice as a physician he has served as many as three generations in one family. He had a very large practice, and was regarded by many competent judges as one of the best diagnosticians in the State, and one of the best all round physicians they ever knew.

He was a man of greatest purity of character, looking upon his calling as one of God's ministers of mercy, elevating the household he entered. He was courteous, affable and pleasant in his manner, and in his dealings in life one of the most conscientious men that ever lived. He was handsome in personal appearance, gentle and tender, and be combined in him all the elements that go to make up the splendid man and citizen. Truly with poet may it be said of him: "And so, without reproach, wearing the white flower of a blameless life; he bore the grand old name of gentleman."

He will be missed greatly in the community by the thousands whom in his long career he had served and by his devoted family and friends.

The fraternal spirit in Dr. Bellamy formed one of his characteristics and he was a devoted member of Cape Fear Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F., of the Knights of Honor, and of the Royal Arcanum.

Besides members of the immediate family, including the deeply afflicted wife, three sons and three daughters, Dr. Bellamy is also survived by three brothers, Hon. John D. Bellamy, former Congressman from this district; State Senator George H. Bellamy, of Brunswick county, and Mr. Robert R. Bellamy, of Wilmington, and two sisters, Misses Eliza and Ellen Bellamy, both of this city. To all of them is tendered the deepest sympathy in this hour of their great sorrow.

Dr. Bellamy was a member of Cape Fear Camp, No. 254, United Confederate Veterans, and members of the organization have been called to meet at the W. L. I. armory at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon for the purpose of attending in a body the funeral services which will be held at 3 o'clock.

Second to None.

When it comes to ventilation and comfort the Grand Theatre has 'em all guessing. **

ALL BIDS WERE REJECTED

On Account of Limitations of Bidders Neither Offer for City Bonds Was Accepted—Advertised Again

As was foreshadowed in The Star yesterday morning the City Council in special session yesterday afternoon, acting upon the advice of the city attorney, declined to accept either of the bids submitted for the $400,000 worth of municipal water and sewerage and street improvement bonds, on account of the limitations made by the bidders, and, as recommended by him, decided to re-advertised for bids, which are to be opened at noon on Wednesday, November 29th.

The form of the advertisement differs somewhat from the first one in that $400,000 worth or any part is offered instead of requiring the bonds to be sold in blocks of $100,000, and, it does not contain any reference to the depository in which funds derived from the sale of the bonds may be kept, while in the former advertisement it was stated that the purchasers of bonds would have the privilege of designating the depository.

The meeting was held at 3 o'clock and in attendance were Mayor Smith, who presided; all members of the Council; City Attorneys Herbert McClammy and Geo. L. Pescnau; Capt. Thos. D. Meares, city clerk and treasurer; also Mr. W. B. Cooper, president of the American National Bank, and Mr. Chas. N. Evans, president of the Southern National Bank. The purpose of the meeting was to give further consideration to the question of whether or not the award of bonds would be made to either of the bidders, whose proposals were opened last Wednesday, the postponement having been taken at the suggestion of City Attorney Herbert McClammy who desired to look into certain legal points said to be involved. As soon as the meeting was called to order yesterday City Attorney McClammy submitted the following communication as his opinion in the matter:

"To the Honorable Mayor and Board of City Council of the City of Wilmington:

"Gentlemen:—I requested the City Council to take no action upon the bids submitted for the purchase of the $400,000 bonds offered by the City of Wilmington, until I could examine the same, and pass upon their legality. I desire to state that I have fully looked into each of the bids filed and opened, and my opinion is, that none of the bids filed complied with the terms of the offer contained in the advertisement, or met the requirements contained in the statute authorizing the bond issue. I, therefore, advise that all the bids be rejected and a new advertisement made.

"I have no reason to change my view regarding an offer to be made to the local banks upon these bonds, with the understanding that if a local instiution is successful that it could receive all the funds from the sale of these bonds. I think that position can be sustained by North Carolina authorities decided long before the passage of this act.

"It is the duty of the Council to get as much above par for these bonds as it is possible, and tha portion of Section 5, requiring the deposit of the city funds in the local banks disturbes me but very little. I advise a re-advertisement to take effect at once, and I am satisfied that you can limit the same to ten days, if you desire, as there is nothing in the act, that I can find, that requires a longer time."

Upon motion of Councilman P. Q. Moore, seconded by Councilman B. C. Moore, the Council voted to accept the recommendation of City Attorney McClammy.

The entire matter was then discussed at some length with the two bankers present. City Attorney McClammy gave it as his opinion that the bonds could be considered as city funds and as such could be issued and ratably and equitably distributed among the local banks at par, or above par as might be agreed upon and if any bank declined to accept its portion then this would leave that much more to be distributed among the banks which desired the bonds on this basis. Mr. McClammy said that he saw no reason why the bonds should not be sold at considerably above par as the city has always met its financial obligations and is in splendid financial condition. He gave it as his opinion that the Council have no right to tie up the money from the sale of the bonds for a period longer than the life of the Council.

Mr. Cooper said that without having conferred with any of the other officers of the bank that the American National would offer to take the bonds at par and pay cash provided the money be placed in his bank without interest, but subject to check at any time. The only way this could be done, it was said, would be for the other banks of the city not to make a bid for the fund on an interest basis. Mr. Cooper later offered to pay interest on the minimum balance at the close of the present administration.

After some further discussion of the matter it was decided to re-advertise for bids as suggested by City Attorney McClammy and the advertisement appears in another column of today's paper.

Wines for Holiday Season

Attention is directed to the advertisement of Messrs. Sol. Bear & Co., elsewhere in today's paper. They are just now making a particularly attractive offering of light wines to holiday purchasers and are in no wise affected by the North Carolina prohibition laws. They are prepared to make prompt shipments to any section of this and other Staes.

A CARD.

The members of the New Hanover Medical Society are requested to meet in a body at corner of Second and Orange streets this afternoon at 3 o'clock, to attend the funeral services of our late honored member, Dr. Wm. J. H. Bellamy.

NEW HANOVER COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY.
J. B. CRANMER, Pres.
C. P. BOLLES, Secy.

no 19-1t.

LOCAL METHODIST CHURCHES

Will All Have Good Reports to Make to Conference at Kinston This Week—Summaries of the Year's Work.

The North Carolina Methodist Conference meets this week in Kinston, with Bishoj E. E. Hoss presiding, and the occasion is one of much interest to Methodists throughout the eastern section of the State. Conference convenes Wednesday and will continue through the following Monday, when the appointments of the ministers to the different churches will be made.

All the local Methodist churches have enjoyed a prosperous and successful year and each will submit a good report to the Conference. The following summaries will be of interest:

Fifth Street Church—Under the leadership of Rev. G. T. Adams this church has enjoyed a most healthy growth and is in splendid shape financially. Mr. Adams is completing only his first year as pastor, but he has endeared himself to his congregation and to the community at large. During the past conference year 180 new members have been received into the church, nearly 100 of that number being upon confessions of faith. All conference collections have been raised and the institution has been blessed along all other financial lines.

At the last quarterly meeting last Tuesday the church voted to ask the presiding Bishop to return Mr. Adams for the coming year, and it is felt that this request will be heeded. At the same meeting the following were elected church leaders: Messrs. O. C. Hill, H. W. Keen, L. W. Baggett and J. T. Sholar. Mr. W. H. Schaefer was elected superintendent of the Sunday School.

Grace Methodist Church.—With the confident expectations that Rev. J. C. Wooten, the beloved pastor, will be returned to lead the church so successfully another year, with a number of additions to the church, the decision to employ an assistant to the pastor on account of his growing duties and with all collections reported in full, Grace Church can rest upon her record for the past conference year with considerable pride. Rev. J. C. Wooten has occupied the pulpit for a little more than a year and the congregation has come to love him for his earnestness, sincerity and Godliness.

Between 70 and 80 accessions were made to the church during the year and a large sum of money was collected for different purposes. Miss Ida Hankins, a young woman of the congregation, who was identified with the local mission work for a number of years, is now representing the church in Korea and is doing splendid work.

Bladen Street and Trinity.—The two local churches have also made fine records during the past year, Bladen Street church, under the leadership of Rev. W. L. Rexford, and Trinity, under the guidance of Rev. E. C. Sell. Both are young organizations and have grown with the lusty spirit of youth.

Bladen Street Church has added 30 new members, giving it a total of 224. The Sunday School has also grown steadily and the officers and teachers now number 24, while the membership of the school is 229. Much work has been done among the needy and suffering. Along financial lines more than $1,500 has been raised for various purposes during the year, the pastor's salary has been increased, a parsonage debt of $200 has been paid, and more than $250 has been expended for benevolent purposes. The congregation hopes for the return of Mr. Rexford.

Trinity Methodist Church has likewise made a record for which she may be proud and Rev. E. C. Sell has worked valiantly for the Master. He is beloved by his congregation and they are hoping for his return.

HO, FOR SOUTHPORT!

Steamer Wilmington Offers Rate of One Cent Per Mile—Schedule

The port features of the great railway celebration at Southport on Thursday will naturally be the most interesting and important and there will be no better way to be on the "port side," so to speak, than to take the trip by the Old Reliable steamer Wilmington, which the genial owner, Capt. John W. Harper, announces will be operated upon a schedule leaving the city at 9 A. M., and arriving at Southport at 11 A. M. Leaving Southport at 3:30 P. M., the steamer will reach Wilmington on the return at 5:45 P. M. "railroad time," giving all an opportunity of being present and participaing in the exercises of the day. The boat will also make a side trip to Fort Caswell. The fare is only one cent per mile and the distance is 24 7-8 miles. Capt. Harper says there will be no trouble to make change.

Sends Representative Here.

A woman representing the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, of Boston, is in the city investigating the case of Mrs. Gussie Greer, whose children are held by the society in Boston. Mrs. Greer has brought habeas corpus proceedings for the possession of the children and the matter comes up in the Supreme Court in Boston Tuesday. The representative of the society is said to have stated that all she needs is the affidavit of the city officials that Mrs. Greer is not a proper person to have charge of the children.

Fifth Street Church Today

Rev. N. H. D. Wilson, presiding elder of the Wilmington district, will preach at Fifth Streea Methodist church, corner Fifth and Nun streets, at 11 o'clock this morning. The pastor, Rev. G. T. Adams, will occupy the pulpit tonight at 7:30 o'clock. He will read the report which the church will make to the annual conference. Every member of the church is earnestly requested to be present.

Starts Much Trouble

If all people knew that neglect of constipation would result in severe indigestion, yellow jaundice or virulent liver trouble they would soon take Dr. King's New Life Pills, and end it Its the only safe way. Best for biliousness, headache, dyspepsia, chills and debility. 25c. at R. R. Bellamy's.

THE LATEST NEW ENTERPRISE

Shirt Factory Now Numbered Among City's Manufacturing Concerns ---The Rapid Growth of South Wilmington

That Wilmington, in addition to being one of the chief seaports on the South Atlantic coast, is rapidly becoming a city of diversified manufactures, is attested by the many new industries which are locating here, the latest of which is a shirt factory which began business Thursday of last week in a limited way in connection with the Willard Bag and Manufacturing Co., and which will be enlarged as the necessary help can be procured.

The new enterprise is owned by Mr. M. A. Smith, of Washington, N. C., who conducts a similar business at that point. He has leased a part of the large building of the Willard Bag and Manufacturing Company, in South Wilmington, and the machinery which was formerly used in the manufacture of overalls by that company before its other interests became so great as to demand all of its time and effort. The apartment is of ample size and there are about 75 power machines in place, a number of which are already in use. Mr. P. B. Harrah is in charge of the enterprise, and he is a most capable young man for the position, having managed similar plants in Lynchburg and Boston. He intends to put on a competent working force as rapidly as possible and to have every machine running just as soon as the help can be secured. The machines are operated by girls.

With the complete force and the present equipment the plant will have a capacity of about 800 dozen shirts per week, and will distribute a payroll of from $400 to $500 a week.

Mr. Smith and his manager, Mr. Harrah, are sanguine as to the prospects for the new factory. The plant at Washington has been a success from the start and as the freight rates at that point are considerably higher than at Wilmington there is no reason why the factory here should not prove even a better proposition than at Washington. In case desirable operators can be secured in sufficient numbers it is the intention of Mr. Smith to move his other plant to Wilmington, giving a total capacity of something like 150 machines, producing around 1,600 dozen shirts a week, a payroll of nearly $1,000 a week.

A good operator can easily earn from $7 to $15 per week at one of the power machines and a girl can become proficient in operating the machine in from two to four weeks. The beginners are put on low grade work and advanced to the higher grades as rapidly as they become proficient.

Mr. Harrah is determined to employ only the highest grade help and he is confident that the wages paid will attract such employes. In case he is not able to secure the necessary help here in the near future it is possible that a force will be sent over from the Washington factory to help out temporarily, but he hopes to secure his working force from the city and surrounding section.

In connection with the enterprise it is worth while to note the rapid development of that section of the city known as South Wilmington. During the past four years probably no other part of Wilmington has made such strides of advancement. In that time over 50 buildings, business houses and residences, have been erected at a total cost of construction of over $100,000, not including the machinery and equipment of the various factories.

At the present time a number of buildings are in the course of construction, among them being the plant of the Carolina Metal Products Company, another of the new enterprises, which will manufacture a wide variety of meal roofings and other similar products. Several other enterprises will also in the near future erect plants in this secion of the city. One of these will be a knitting mill, which will be erected near the site of the Metal Products Company. A number of exceedingly handsome residences have been erected, and also a large number of neat and substantial cottages for the families of the workmen employed in the different factories.

Another attractive feature of South Wilmington is Greenfield Park, which will later be transformed into a beautiful place of recreation The owners of the property have offered it to the city for a public park on condition that the city construct a macadam road from Third and Castle to Third and Wright strees, a distance of four blocks, thus giving a direct hard road from the city to the park, traversing South Wilmington.

Up to the present there has been no real estate boom to help South Wilmington and its advancement and development has been the steady and natural growth of a fine suburb. Most of the land is owned by Wilmington Suburban Company, and it is the intention to place upon the market in the near future about 500 desirable lots, and his, too, will lend additional imeptus to the advancement of the section.

IN MEMORIAM.

On the morning of November 18th, after an illness of a few months the spirit of Dr. W. J. H. Bellamy passed out of a great life to take its flight in higher realms of glory, to rest in peace with God who gave it. In the death of Dr. Bellamy a bright star has dropped from its orbit of earth to shine in greater beauty and splendor in the "Kingdom to Come." And he has laid down the toils and cares of this world with a hope of a brighter life in glory. Dr. Bellamy possessed fine traits of character and mind and no man ever lived who was a more loving husband, father and brother, and a truer friend. He was a man of the highest ideals of honor and truth, and his life was an example for others to follow. He was always thoughtful of others, generous and kind, and ever willing with a glad heart to relieve suffering and distress. He was my friend since boyhood, and the many hours spent in his company has been an incentive to me to live a life of purity of thought and nobility of purpose, and I shall hang around his memory a tear of love and a thought of gold.

W. R. KINGSBURY.

Brooklyn Baptist Church Today

Rev. J. A. Sullivan, of Washington, N. C., will occupy the pulpit of Brooklyn Baptist church today, preaching at 11 A. M. and at 7:30 P. M. All members of the congregation are urged to attend the services and all others will be welcome. The church has recently undergone considerable repairs, which work is now nearing completion.

THAT BIG WHITE BUILDING

Do You Own Bank Stock

railroad stock or stock in any corporation? Do you own bonds of any description, insurance policies, mortgages or other valuable papers?

If so you should have a safe deposit box in our vault, where they will be kept safe from fire or burglars.

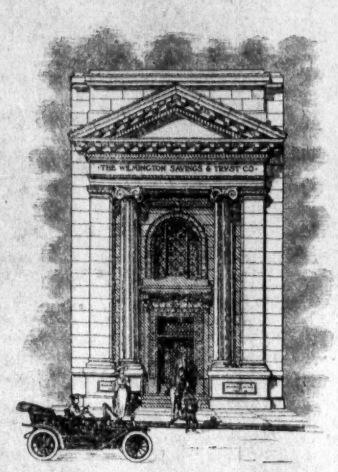
These boxes will cost you only a small amount per year and give you absolute protection.

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

That big white building on the corner of Front & Princess Streets.

CORNER FRONT & PRINCESS

4 PER CENT



NOTICE

Our Banking Office has been moved to our new building at 110 Princess Street, where our business will be transacted in the future.

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

STRONG PROGRESSIVE

THE PEOPLE'S BUILDING & LOAN ASSOCIATION.

will open its 18th series of stock

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 1ST.

This Association needs no introduction, having assisted in building over 500 homes in the county of New Hanover and has loaned to stockholders over $100,000. Although limit of shares increased from 500 to 1,000, don't neglect to secure at once.

We will build you a home or help you to save.

For particulars inquire at 112 Princess street, new offices of

D. R. FOSTER & CO.

CONSERVATIVE PROMPT

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy."

Coat Suit Sale

We Want Every Woman in the State to Know What She Can Actually Gain by Trading Here.

We wish we could get every woman in town to try one of our suits or coats just once—put them to the test—judge them from every standpoint—style, fit and service. We know these women would all be our customers after that. Why not try us for your New Winter Apparel? We will positively save you money.

By Far the Best Suits and Coats Ever Sold for $13.50

Made of absolutely all-wool fabrics of the newest fashions. The very newest and most popular styles — every one hand-tailored and equal in every way to suits and coats sold elsewhere for $18 to $20. Wear one—then You'll know.

We Save You Money

Our system of small profits but fast selling, cash buying and cash selling, enables us to undersell all other stores and make money, too.

Wonderful Values in Ladies' Fall Suits and Coats at . . $20.00

These garments are not equalled elsewhere at less than $25. You will have to acknowledge these facts when you see these garments. They are the greatest $20 suits and coats in the world. Compare them with any you have ever seen.

Ladies' $6.00 value Rain Coats, special, **$3.98.**
Children's Navy and Red Rain Capes, special, **$2.75.**
First Reduction in our Millinery Department. We offer all trimmed Millinery at Reduced Prices.
New Carpets, New Mattings, New Art Squares, New Window Shades, New Draperies.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Miss Annie Delle Muldrow, of Florence, S. C., is the guest of Mrs. Robert Stone.

* * *

Miss May King, of Sumter, S. C., is visiting Mrs. J. A. Boykin, No. 514 Princess street.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. W. C. Galloway returned to the city last night from a delightful Western trip.

* * *

Mr. Ralph Faison, son of Dr. W. W. Faison, of Goldsboro, is here for a few days' visit to his aunt, Mrs. W. M. Shaw, No. 422 Ann street. Mr. Faison holds an important position with the United States government in the Philippine Islands and he is visiting relatives in this State for a few weeks, being scheduled to return to the Philippines in December.

* * *

Cape Fear Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, will hold its regular meeting Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. This meeting is one of much importance and as there is much business to be transacted the hour of meeting is earlier than usual. Officers for the ensuing year will be elected and delegates to both the State and general conventions will make report. Every member who can possibly do so is urged to be present.

* * *

Mr. Luther R. Pigford and Miss Eudella Clemmons, both of this city, were quietly married yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rex. J. C. Wooten, pastor of Grace Methodist Church. The ceremony was attended by only a few intimate friends of the happy young couple. Mr. and Mrs. Pigford left on the evening train for Florida, to be gone some time visiting points of interest in the far South. On their return they will be at home in this city. Both young people are popular among a wide circle of friends who will be interested to learn of their marriage.

* * *

Bolton, N. C., Nov. 18.—The musicale given in the rooms of the Bolton Club last night for the benefit of the Methodist Church of this place, was largely attended and every number of the delightful programme was greatly enjoyed, all participating having to respond to numerous encores. The success of the event was due in many respects to the presence of the Acme Male Quartette, of Wilmington, composed of the following: W. R. Dosher, first tenor; A. L. Dosher, second tenor; W. A. McGirt, baritone; W. B. Muse, basso. Mr. Harry S. Allen acted as master of ceremonies and performed his duties in his usual artistic monner.

* * *

Friends in this city have received handsomely engraved invitations reading as follows:

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Armand London
invite you to be present
at the marriage of their daughter
Bettie Louise
to
Mr. James Henry Cordon
on the evening of Thursday, the seventh of December
nineteen hundred and eleven
at half after eight o'clock
At Bartholomeu's Church
Pittsboro, North Carolina.

The bride-elect is well known in Wilmington, where she has visited several times, and has a wide circle of admiring friends. The prospective groom is also known here and has many friends in this city.

* * *

DAUGHTERS OF REBEKAH TO GIVE AUTUMN FAIR

What promises to be one of the most attractive events of the week is an Autumn Fair to be given Thursday evening in the Odd Fellows' building, corner Third and Princess streets, by Letitia Lodge, Daughters of Rebekah, the proceeds to go toward furnishing the old folks' home at the Odd Fellows' Home at Goldsboro, N. C. The fair will be formally opened with selections by the Cape Fear Independent Band, of Wilmington. The ladies are arranging a splendid programme of music, both vocal and instrumental, and readings. Besides there will be the usual features of a fair of the kind, not overlooking various booths, where fancy work and other articles may be had. The public is invited to attend and all are assured of a most delightful evening.

* * *

Burgaw, N. C., Nov. 15.—A very pretty home wedding was solemnized this afternoon at 2 o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. O. Thigpen, near Burgaw, when Miss Mamie Ella, their attractive and accomplished daughter, was married to Mr. Ray Elwell. The home was very prettily decorated with chrysanthemums and Autumn leaves. The bridal party entered from the hall. The bride was attended as maid of honor by her sister, Miss Mamie Thigpen, and the groom had as his best man his friend, Mr. W. H. Gaylor. The bride was beautifully attired in a handsome gown of white satin. The maid of honor wore white batiste. They left immediately for a trip of a few days and upon their return will be at home to their friends, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Humphrey, near Burgaw. Among the guests from other places were Mr. and Mrs. William J. Lacy and Miss Lucile Smith, of Wilmington.

BUSINESS MEN'S BIBLE CLASS.

Of First Baptist Sunday School Meets This Afternoon.

The business men of the First Baptist Church organized a Business Men's Bible Class several months ago. They have enrolled about 90 members and are doing a great work. Their teacher is Mr. J. P. Whyte, who is a fine speaker and thoroughly capable in every respect. This class is open to all who will attend and is held in the main auditorium at 3:30 P. M. every Sunday. As a special feature today they will have a female quartette, "Shepherd of Israel," Misses Carrie White, Katie Foard, Sallie Smith, Mrs. F. A. Muse, Miss Cannie Chasten, organist. Strangers in the city are especially invited.

A CARD OF THANKS

We herewith wish to express our sincere thanks to all kind friends who came with helping hands, aid, and sympathy, to our relief during the sad hour of our bereavement.

J. W. DULS, SONS AND DAUGHTER.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. J. W. Lashley, of Armour, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

—Mr. F. A. Cashwell will spend today with friends in Fayetteville.

—Messrs. J. M. and J. K. Council, of Wananish, were guests at The Orton yesterday.

—Among the arrivals at The Orton yesterday were: C. T. Hussey and Geo. H. Brockenbraugh, Jr., Charlotte; R. H. Shaw, Jr., High Point; L. J. Mann, Newbern; J. F. Bussells, Southport.

—Among the guests at the Southern yesterday were: W. A. Givens, Clinton, S. C.; H. T. Cross, Suffolk, Va.; J. C. Burney, Clarkton; L. H. Jones, Fort Caswell; T. A. Turner, Pink Hill; G. Formyduval, East Arcadia; Mrs. C. Gray, Scott's Hill; Zara Butler, Armour.

—Mr. Oliver R. Craig, son of Captain S. F. Craig, has returned to the city after having spent several months on the Isle of Pines, Cuba, with Mr. G. W. Hilton. He comes from a country of tropical glories but says he is glad to get back to the land of the long leaf pine. His many friends are giving him a cordial welcome.

DEATH OF MR. JAMES QUINN.

Former Citizen of New Hanover Buried at Punta Gorda, Fla.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Savage have returned to the city from Punta Gorda, Fla., where they were called about ten days ago to attend the funeral of Mrs. Savage's father, Mr. James Quinn, mention of whose death was made in The Star at the time. Mr. Quinn formerly resided in Wilmington and the following from the Punta Gorda Herald of last Thursday will be read with interest here:

"One of the pioneer citizens of Punta Gorda has gone to his reward—Mr. James Quinn departed this life last Friday at about the noon hour—'Uncle Jimmie', as he was familiarly known by nearly every one in this vicinity—has joined the ranks of comrades that have gone before.

"He was born in Duplin county, North Carolina, about 73 years ago. Within two years after attaining his majority the civil war broke out and he enlisted in the Confederate army, rendering gallant service through the entire four years of the conflict and being once wounded.

"Coming to Florida 20 years ago he settled at Punta Gorda, remaining here ever since and seeing the town grow from infancy to what it is now. Having faith in the future of the place he acquired some valuable property, holding it at the time of his death.

"He was a remarkable man, having been energetic and persevering all his life, which characteristics were especially noticeable since he became advanced in years. He lived a quiet life to himself, but was always cheerful and agreeable when in the company of his fellow-man. He was peaceable and possessed of an inborn pride that yielded to no adversity.

"During the few days' illness that preceeded his demise, he received all the attention that could be given him by his friends, but the efforts of these and the attending physicians were of no avail, for advanced years seemed to be against his recovery.

"Mrs. W. B. Savage, of Wilmington, N. C., daughter of deceased and only surviving near blood relative, with her husband, arrived Sunday, and advised about the arrangements for the obsequies, which were largely attended. The funeral took place from the Presbyterian church, of which deceased was a charter member Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, and the interment was made in Pineapple river cemetery. This was in accord to wishes expressed by Uncle Jimmie some time ago. May he rest in peace."

ART EXHIBIT SUCCESS.

Fine Attendance and Good Sums Realized for Schools.

The art exhibit which has been in progress at the High School auditorium since Thursday, the purpose of which is to raise funds with which to provide suitable pictures and works of art to decorate the various schools of the city, has proved a most gratifying success and quite a neat little sum has been realized. Thursday was Hemenway day and the proceeds from that day, $60, will be used to decorate the Hemenway school. Friday was Union School day, and the sum of $75 was realized, which will go to the Union school. Tomorrow is High School day and it is expected that another large crowd will attend the exhibit.

Friday night the exhibit was open under the auspices of Sorosis, with Miss Ruth Shaw in charge. A large number of the members of the organization as well as their friends, called. The proceeds realized will be divided among the three schools. The exhibit was also open from 9 to 12 o'clock yesterday morning and despite the inclement weather quite a number called.

About 1,000 children and grown persons inspected the exhibit on Union School day, the largest crowd that has attended on any one day yet.

Many of those who have called have placed orders for pictures, and the schools realize something off of this, too, as they get a discount on all prints sold at the exhibit. All pictures on exhibition are printed in many sizes and the prices vary with the size.

Miss Bertha L. Wiggs, secretary of public schools, is in charge of the exhibit. On Friday she was assisted by Misses Virginia Milton, Louise Grant, Essie Harriss, Kate Faison, Mary Giles Bellamy, Lassie Wilson, Ruth Lynch, Vida Dickenson and Mr. William Cumming.

MORE INSPECTIONS MADE.

Three Places Were Searched by Police Last Night.

The police last night made three further inspections of suspected near-beer places, the most fruitful one being at Mr. Mack Godwin's cape on Princess street. Chief Fowler reported that 16 barrels of beer had been found, though Mr. Godwin claimed that only malt was included in the discovery by the inspection party. Sergeant E. J. Grimsley and Officers C. G. Jones and M. L. Moore made the inspection. The other places searched were those of Mr. F. W. Ortman, at No. 14 North Second street, where nothing was found, and Mr. D. W. Willis, No. 115 South Front, where only four half pints of whiskey were found.

"The Desert Well."

Big Kalem production at The Grand Theatre tomorrow. **

..Theatrical..

One of the best and most thoroughly equipped popular priced attractions on the road is said to be Starkey's Players, with W. H. Starkey and a company of players far above the average performers seen in companies of this kind, which will appear at the Academy of Music for one week commencing tomorrow night. Of the production given during the week there will be no old plays under new titles. The play selected for the opening night will be "Under Arizona Skies". It is a comedy drama that has been constructed on original lines with a touch of real humor that is at all times refreshing. This accounts for the fact that it is one of the greatest successes on the stage at the present time. Its story is interestingly told while the comedy that is interspersed in liberal quantities, lend a brightness and cheerfulness that is all its own. It blends sentiments, heroics, comedy and picturesqueness in the most skilful fashion. Close attention has been paid to all the details and the productions can appropriately be called complete in every respect. The players have been selected regardless of expnse and include all of the latest successes. A change of play at each performance will be given with matinees Wednesday and Saturday. Popular prices will prevail during the engagement. Ladies will be admitted free Monday night if accompanied by a paid reserved seat, provided it is purchased before 6 P. M. This sale is limited to 200 seats.

Shakespeare's Tomb Opened

The announcement that Sothern & Marlowe would appear here in Shakespearean repertoire during the present season has aroused a very unusual interest in Shakespeare. Mr. Sothern lately made the astonishing statement that despite the poet's request on his tomb, that his bones be not disturbed, that it had been opened or two occasions. Charles Knight, the famous Shakespearean scholar, was a witness of the opening of the tomb when the Church at Stratford was restored, and congraulated himself on having seen the remains of the bard. But this, it appears, was the second opening of the tomb. In the Monthly Magazine of 1818, there appeared the following:

"Notwithstanding the anathema pronounced by the bard on any disturber of his bones, the Church wardens were so negligent a few years ago as to suffer the sexton, in digging the adjoining grave of Dr. Davenport, to break a large cavity into the tomb of Shakespeare. Mr. ——— told the writer that he was excited by curiosity to push his head and shoulders through the cavity, that he saw the remains of the bard, and that he could easily have brought away his skull, but was deterred by the curse which the poet invoked on anyone who disturbed his remains."

In October 1883, Dr. Ingleby, then one of the life trustees of the birth place of Shakespeare, proposed that the remains be exhumed in order to compare the poet's skull with the bust in the Church. His request was denied.

At The Grand.

Tomorrow at 2 o'clock the Grand Theatre will inaugurate another great week, which promises to be one of the best yet. As a special feature tomorrow afternoon and night Mr. Morgan will sing "In All My Dreams I Dream of You." the great hit in New York and the reigning song success of the season on Broadway. The picture bill tomorrow will be headed by a noted Biograph, "Dooley's Scheme," a riproaring comedy that will be sure to tickle the risibles of even the most sedate. Then there will be a Kalem, "The Desert Well," an incident in the life of a Western sheriff which is one of the most realistic Western dramas ever projected upon the canvas. The Grand Theatre is second to none when it comes to its ventilation and temperature.

At The Bijou.

Of course, yesterday was a big day with the Bijou. The week-end always is a day of huge crowds and the Bijou never disappoints. Hence, enjoyment was in every way sufficient. In fact, it would seem that the cup of happiness was filled to overflowing. This week is going to mark another eventful epoch for Bijou-lovers, as some of the greatest films ever manufactured, as well as a collection of the biggest and brightest, and, of course, freshest New York hits are going to be served up. One of the most wonderful fun films ever turned out is on tomorrow's bill. It is called "Some Mother-in-Law", and the very title is suggestive of mirth. Yes, it deals with the old theme, but in entirely different way. This time, strange be it said, the mother-in-law wins out and not by force, either. How she does it is too good to tell ahead of time. A big dramatic film is also on the bill in "The Bandit's Bride", and it is rich for romance. It takes one into the picturesque haunts of the brigands of old and there unfolds thrilling scenes. There are other fine films, and plenty of music, including a big success by Mr. Frank Banks, Wilmington's "favorite singer."

Dull Session Yesterday

The week-end session of the Recoder's court yesterday morning was a rather tame affair and the cases were few and of minor importance. Ida Howard, colored, was found guilty of assaulting with a deadly weapon one of her dusky companions and was taxed $15 and costs. Jerry Aman, a white man, was charged with being drunk but when his case was called the court was informed that the defendant had not yet become sober enough to testify and the case was continued until Monday. A case charging Octave Hughes, colored, with violating the driving ordinance, was also continued until tomorrow. The case charging Mr. E. M. Cox with false pretense was again continued.

DIED.

BELLAMY—At his home in this city, Saturday, November 18th at 1:55 A. M., WILLIAM J. H. BELLAMY, M. D., in the 68th year of his age.

Funeral this (Sunday) afternoon at 3 o'clock from the family residence, Second and Orange streets; interment in Oakdale cemetery. Friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend.

LOCAL DOTS.

—The fire department was called out last evening at 7:45 but the blaze proved to be only some waste burning in the Atlantic Coast Line shops. No damage was done.

—Charlie Dickson, colored, was arrested last night by Mounted Officers Frank George and A. A. Nelms on a charge of highway robbery. He is alleged to have snatched a purse from a negro woman and made away with it.

—The British steamer Grindon Hall, while coming down the river from Almont factory, up the Northeast river yesterday morning, in a very narrow channel, drifted ashore and remained in that position for some time. She expected to get off last night on high water.

—The combination vaudeville and wild West show given by Master Marion Keith and a number of his boy friends Friday and yesterday afternoon, proved to be quite a success, financially and otherwise. Some splendid amateur theatrical talent was displayed by the young entertainers and the audiences thoroughly enjoyed the performances.

—Dr. Moore, of Cronly, called up police headquarters last night to report that he had two automobile tires and a wrench stolen from him on the Conway train last night. He bought the goods in the city yesterday and left on the evening train, getting off at Newberlin. He missed the goods when he started to get off. The porter told him that he saw a white man get off with some tires at Navassa.

OPENS LABORATORY HERE

Mr. George Catlett, Chemist, Returns to Wilmington

Many friends will be interested and pleased to learn that Mr. George Catlett, a well-known chemist and son of Prof. Washington Catlett, of this city, who has been connected with leading laboratories North for the past ten years, has returned to Wilmington to live, having opened a laboratory in rooms No. 52 and 53, the Odd Fellows' building, corner Third and Princess streets, and will do a general analytical business. The field here for a chemist is very inviting owing to the large number of fertilizer factories located in and near the city. All told there are nine fertilizer plants and with the exception of one or two factories, which have their own chemist, they send their products to either some Northern city or Charleston, S. C., for analysis. Mr. Catlett has assurance from the several fertilizer men that they prefer that the work be done in Wilmington and that they will take pleasure in giving him the business. Besides he will be prepared to make analysis of water, etc., and should be quite an aid in the campaign for improved sanitary conditions in the city and county. He has a well-equipped office and will begin work this week.

Mr. Catlett was in charge of the laboratory of the Western Electric Company, in New York city, for a number of years and for awhile was one of the chemists of the State of New York, having all told about 10 years experience in ordinary analytical work. Many Wilmington friends will welcome him as a permanent resident and will hope for him the full measure of success in his undertaking.

Civil Service Examination.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an examination for the position of receiver of materials at Wilmington at a salary of $75 a month. As a result of this examination certification will be made to fill the vacancy in the position indicated and other similar vacancies as they may occur, unless it should be decided in the interest of the service to fill the vacancy by reinstatement, a test will be given, and it will not be necessary for applicants to appear for examination, which will consist of physical ability and training and experience. Age limit, 21 years or over on the date of the examination. For application blanks address the Loard of examiners, U. S. Engineer office, Wilmington, N. C. All applications must be filed before the hour of closing business on December 15th.

Mr. Hawks Lectures Today.

"Sunshine" Hawks, the Baltimore humorist and philosopher, will lecture at a special meeting at the Bijou Theatre this afternoon at 5 o'clock. The meeting is under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. and Mr. Hawks' subject will be "Love the Conquerer." A cordial invitation to be present is extended every one.

GRAY HAIRS QUICKLY VANISH

Harmless Remedy Made from Garden Sage Restores Color to Gray Hair---Stops Falling Hair and Makes Hair Grow

A feeling of sadness accompanies the discovery of the first gray hairs, which, unfortunately, are looked upon as heralds of advancing age. Gray hairs, however, are not always an indication of advancing age, for many people have gray hairs quite early in life. Of course, it is unnatural, and indicates that there is something wrong with the individual, and that Nature needs assistance in correcting the trouble. The same is true of hair that is constantly falling out and becoming thinner every day. If everything is right with Nature, the hair, even in comparatively elderly people, should be long, thick and glossy, without even a streak of gray.

The ideal assistant to Nature in restoring and preserving the hair is Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy, a clean and wholesome dressing for daily use. It not only removes dandruff, but strengthens weak, thin and falling hair and promotes its growth. A few applications will restore faded or gray hair to its natural color.

Get a bottle today, and let it do for you what it has done for thousands of others.

This preparation is offered to the public at fifty cents a bottle, and is recommended and sold by all druggists.

Special Agents: J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., Front and Grace streets.

It's Up To You

IF you don't want to stop drinking or using drugs—don't take the Keeley Cure, it would be just a waste of time and money.

But if you think that Whiskey or Drugs are standing in the way of your business success and destroying your family happiness—if you want to get back your old energy and vigor and ambition—and begin life anew where you left it before you began their use—come to the Keeley Institute at Greensboro.

In four to six weeks we will give you back the clear eye, the steady nerves and the vigor of health that you used to have. We will take away completely your unnatural appetite and leave you a free man again.

Then it's up to you! You can remain a free man, with little or no effort if you will, with all the joy and rich rewards of freedom. Or you can go back to your slavery—if it is the life of bondage that you prefer. All we do—all anyone can do—is to give you a fair start—put you even with the world. Then it's up to you.

W. H. OSBORN, President

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE Greensboro, North Carolina

Regularly Authorized by Leslie E. Keeley Co.

Real Estate Transfers

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: J. W Fleet and wife to Edna L. Davis, for $500 and other considerations, lot on Fifth, 33 feet north of Nun street, 33x82 ½ feet in size; F. H. Krahnke to Clara Etta Krahnke, for $100 and other considerations, five different tracts in city of Wilmington; E. F. Lewis and wife to D. J. Prease and wife, for $100 and other consideraions, lot on Third, 99 feet south from Harnett street, 33x165 feet in size.

Opening Game Last Night.

Before a large and interested audience, including a number of ladies, the first game of the Senior League basketball schedule was played last night, team No. 5, Houston, captain, winning from team No. 3, J. U. King, captain, by a score of 30 to 21. The game was interesting throughout and a number of fine plays were made by both sides.

Thousands Now Use This Low-Cost Cough Syrup

A Family Supply for 50c, Saving You $2—The Quickest, Best Thing You Ever Used, or Money Refunded.

The prompt and positive results given by this inexpensive cough medicine have caused it to be used in more homes in the U. S. and Canada than any other cough remedy. It gives instant relief and will usually wipe out the most obstinate, deep-seated cough inside of 24 hours. It quickly succeeds, even in whooping cough and croup.

A 50-cent bottle of Pinex, when mixed with home-made sugar syrup, makes a full pint—a family supply—of the most pleasant and effective cough remedy that money could buy, at a saving of $2. Easily prepared in five minutes—full directions in package.

Children take Pinex Cough Syrup willingly, because it tastes good. It stimulates the appetite and is slightly laxative—both excellent features. Splendid for hoarseness, throat tickle, bronchitis, etc., and a prompt, successful remedy for incipient lung trouble.

Pinex is a special and highly concentrated compound of imported Norway White Pine extract and is rich in guaiacol and other natural healing pine elements. Simply mix it with sugar syrup or strained honey, in a pint bottle, and it is ready for use.

Pinex has often been imitated, but never successfully, for nothing else will produce the same results. The genuine is guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction or money refunded. Certificate of guarantee is wrapped in each package. Your druggist has Pinex or will gladly get it for you. If not, send to The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Gems from the depths of the earth and the sea;
With magical lustre you sparkle and shine;
And weird is your mystical message to me,
From the mystical deeps of the sea-cave or mine.

During the past week we had the pleasure of conveying three exquisite Diamonds to our patrons, and these we believe will grace any collection of gems into which the future may bring them.

Quality and the Just Price.

HONNET

CONSERVATIVE PROGRESS.

WHITE, GLEAMING TEETH

Set off a pretty mouth to advantage. And every girl and woman can have a pearly white set of teeth if they take care of them. At the first sign of decay, however, the teeth must be seen to. We make a specialty of preserving the teeth of our patrons, strengthening them, cleaning, filling them. We also do first-class crown and bridge work, capping, etc. Moderate charges.

DR. CULBRETH'S DENTAL PARLORS

Fine Quality of FURS

At Low Prices

We have on display the handsomest selection of Furs we have ever carried, embracing French Coney, Black Hare, Black Fox, China Wolf and Black Lynx.

Our stock of Holiday Handkerchiefs have arrived and are now ready for your inspection. This season you will find them prettier than ever.

C. H. FORE & CO.

Sole Agents for Dr. Jaeger's Pure Wool Underwear, Thomson's, Warner's and Redfern Corsets.

Financial and Commercial

COTTON CONTINUED QUIET

Market Opened Steady at Advance of One Point to Decline of One Point---Liverpool A Shade Better

New York, Nov. 18.—The cotton market continued very quiet today with fluctuations narrow and with the close barely steady net 7 points lower to one point higher. Late months were relatively firm and seemed to attract some demand from houses with continental connections. The market opened steady at an advance of one point to a decline of one point. Liverpool was a shade better than usual due notwithstanding, to the reports of curtailment in Manchester, as to a result of unfavorable conditions in the china trade, and the steadiness of the cables caused some scattered covering for over the week-end and the census report which is due at the opening of the market next Tuesday. Shorts found plenty of cotton offering around the initial figures, however, and the market soon eased off in the absence of any aggressive demand, with December leading the decline on rumors that the concentrated long interest in that position had been materially reduced of late and that larger shipments were to be expected here from the South.

Offerings were partly in the way of scattering liquidation and partly from the South, but there was nothing either in the action of the market, or in the general news to indicate any material change in the attitude of interior holders. British board of trade returns for the month of October made a very favorable showing, indicating a big business with China, and thus furnishing an explanation of the recently relatively firm tone of the English market, but the statement was modified by present unfavorable reports regarding the China situation and reviews of domestic trade conditions suggested no increase in the activity, some of the private wires received from Eastern belt points claimed that the interior was offering low grades more freely, but such reports were by no means general and attracted comparatively little attention during the short session.

Receipts at the ports today 70,000 bales against 75,289 last week and 52,926 last year; for the week 450,000 against 456,123 last week and 397,498 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans 15,380 bales against 13,796 last year and at Houston 17,736 bales against 12,633 last year.

Spot closed quiet; middling uplands 9.50; middling gulf 9.75; no sales.

Futures closed barely steady.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
January	9.12	9.12	9.07	9.08
February	....	....	....	9.14
March	9.21	9.22	9.18	9.19
April	....	....	....	9.23
May	9.27	9.28	9.26	9.27
June	9.29	....	....	9.31
July	9.31	9.33	9.31	9.33
August	....	....	....	9.34
September	9.34	....	....	9.36
October	9.35	9.37	9.33	9.37
November	9.30	9.30	9.26	9.26
December	9.31	9.32	9.25	9.27

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, November 18. — Efforts of a group of commission houses to undo a big spread made wheat shorts anxious today and forced the market up. The close was ⅛ to ⅝c.@¾c. higher than last night. Corn finished a shade to ¼@⅜c. down, oats off a sixteenth to a quarter cent, and privisions at 5 t o12½ decline.

Wheat—No. 2, 97@99; No. 3, red, 95@97; No. 2, hard, 1.00@1.04; No. 3, hard, 95@1.00; No. 1, northern, 1.08@1.11; No. 2, northern, 1.05@1.10; No. 3, northern, 1.04@1.08; No. 2, spring, 1.00@1.05; No. 3, spring, 99@1.04; No. 4, spring, 1.00@1.03; velvet chaff, 90@1.05; durum, 90@1.06.

Corn—No. 2, old, 76@76½; No. 2, white, old, 76½@77; No. 2, yellow, old, 76½@77; No. 3, old, 74@74½; No. 3, 65@65½; No. 3, white, 65@69; No. 3, yellow, old, 75½; No. 3, yellow, 65½@66; No. 4, 63@63½; No. 4, white, 62¾@63¾; No. 4, yellow, 62@65½.

Oats—No. 2, white, 49¾@50; No. 3, white, 48¼@49; No. 4, white, 47¾@48½; standard, 48¾@49½.

Wheat:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Dec	95½	96⅛	95¼	95⅞
May	1.00⅝	1.00⅝	1.00¼	1.00½
July	95	95¼	94⅝	94⅞
Corn:				
Dec	64⅛	64¼	63⅜	64
May	64⅜	65⅛	64⅜	64⅝
July	64¾	65	64⅝	64⅞
Oats:				
Dec	47½	47⅝	47⅜	47⅝
May	50⅛	50¼	49⅞	50
July	46⅜	46½	46¼	46⅝
Mess Pork, per bbl.:				
Jan	16.32½	16.37½	16.30	16.35
May	16.75	16.80	16.72½	16.77½
Lard, per 100 lbs.:				
Jan	9.35	9.37½	9.30	9.30
May	9.57½	9.60	9.55	9.57½
Short Ribs, per 100 lbs.:				
Jan	8.52½	8.60	8.52½	8.57½
May	8.77½	8.80	8.75	8.77½

THE NAVAL STORES MARKET.

Charleston, Nov. 18.—Turpentine, firm, at 44¼@44½.

Rosin—Firm. Quote: A, B, C, 6.10; D, 6.15; E, 6.07@6.20; G, 6.12½@6.20; H, 6.15@6.20; I, 6.15@6.20; K, 6.35; M, 6.50; N, 6.65; W G, 7.40; W. W., 7.70.

New York, Nov. 18.—Rosin and turpentine, quiet.

Savannah, November 18.—Turpentine, firm, at 44½; sales, 532; receipts, 455; shipments, 179; stocks, 37,337.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 2,180; receipts, 1,807; shipments, 150; stocks, 98,214. Quote: B, 5.96; D, 6.05; E, 6.10; F and G, 6.15; H and I, 6.17½; K, 6.35; M, 6.50; N, 6.65; W G, 7.40; W W, 7.70.

THE DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, November 18.—The cotton goods markets are firmer, with a broader demand reported. Minor advances are being secured on print cloth yarn goods. Linens are firm. Burlaps are quiet. Knit goods are being ordered very moderately for fall.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 18.

Farmers' Stock—Virginias, Prime, hand picked, 80c.; machine picked, 75c.

North Carolinas — Prime, hand-picked, $1.05; machine picked, $1.00.

Spanish—Prime, hand picked, $1.05; machine picked, $1.00.

Norfolk, Va., November 18.—That women raised $50,000 of the $190,000 total subscribed to the Baptist denomination in Virginia last year was shown by the woman's work report read today before the 88th annual convention of the Baptist General Association of Virginia in session here. On motion of Mayor Jones, of Newport News, the trustees of the Ministers' Relief were urged to find means of raising a balance of $23,000, which remains to be subscribed to a proposed $50,000 endowment fund for this work.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Schr. Richard Linthicum, 191 tons, Roberts, Baltimore, C. D. Mafflitt.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Auchencrag (Br.), 2,539 tons, Reid, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Str. Forele, 2,657 tons, Young, Philadelphia.

Benpark (Br.), 2,391 tons, Benckit, Heide & Co.

Schooners.

Richard Linthicum, 191 tons, Roberts, C. D. Mafflitt.

Augustus H. Babcock, 1,229 tons, Quinlin, C. D. Mafflitt.

Joel Cook, 319 tons, Ray, C. D. Mafflitt (at Southport).

Herbert May, 321 tons, Black, C. D. Mafflitt.

Hope Sherwood, 522 tons, Campbell, C. D. Mafflitt.

Stephen G. Loud, 40 tons, Hart, C. D. Mafflitt; in distress.

Barges.

Nanticoke, 758 tons, Wheatley, C. D. Mafflitt.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at Port of Wilmington.

Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 18.

Atlantic Coast Line—4,058 bales cotton; 3 casks spirits turpentine; 6 barrels rosin; 2 barrels crude turpentine.

Seaboard Air Line—1,075 bales cotton.

Total—5,133 bales cotton; 3 casks spirits turpentine; 6 barrels rosin; 2 barrels crude turpentine.

Total Last Year—2,217 bales cotton; 6 casks spirits turpentine; 94 barrels rosin; 34 barrels tar; 41 barrels crude turpentine.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Nov. 18.—Flour generally steady with a fair inquiry. Spring patents 5.25 to 5.50; Winter straights 4.20 to 4.30; Winter patents 4.35 to 4.70.

Rye Flour, Buckwheat Flour and Corn Meal—Steady.

Rye—Dull.

Barley—Quiet.

Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red 98 1-2 elevator export basis and 99 f.o.b. afloat. No. 1 Northern Duluth 1.14 f.o.b. afloat. Options 1-8 to 1-4c net higher. December 99 11-16.

Corn—Spot steady; new export 70 1-2 f.o.b. afloat to arrive. Futures nominal.

Oats—Spot steady; standard white 53 1-2 in elevator; No. 2, 54; No. 3 and 4, 53 1-2; natural white and white clipped 52 to 56 on track. Futures nominal.

Leather, Pork and Beef—Firm.

Cut Meats and Lard—Steady.

Tallow—Barely steady.

Petroleum and Wool—Steady.

Rice and Molasses—Steady.

Sugar—Raw quiet; refined quiet.

Coffee—Futures steady, net five points lower to 12 points higher. Spot—Quiet; Rio No. 7, 15; Santos No. 4, 16 1-2. Mild—Quiet; Cordova 16 1-2 to 19 1-2 nominal.

Potatoes—Firm; Maine per bag 2.70 to 2.80; Long Island, per barrel 3.25 to 3.50; State, in bulk, per 100 lbs. 2.60 to 2.75; Michigan, per 150 lbs. 2.25 to 2.30; Southern, per barrel 2.00 to 2.25; Irish, 165 lb. bag 2.40 to 2.50;

Cabbages—Steady, unchanged.

Freights and Peanuts—Unchanged.

Butter—Steady.

Cheese and Eggs—Firm.

Cotton Seed Oil—Considerably lower under general liquidation and professional selling. The crude situation was somewhat easier and with lower hog products and lack of outside demand bears became aggressive. Spot closed 20 points net lower and futures generally 5 to 14 points decline. November 5.69 to 5.71; December 5.53 to 5.55; January 5.54 to 5.55; February 5.58 to 5.60; March 5.61 to 5.62; prime crude 4.40 to 4.43; prime Summer yellow 5.60 to 5.85; prime Winter yellow 6.00 bid; prime Summer white 5.80 bid.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 18, 1911.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady, 43½ cents.

ROSIN—Steady, at $3.60.

TAR—Firm at $1.80 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Firm, $3.50 per barrel for hard; $4.50 for dip, and $4.50 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin, nothing doing; tar, firm, $2.60; crude turpentine, firm, at $4.50@$6.00.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine	3
Rosin	6
Tar	(—)
Crude Turpentine	2

Receipts same day last year, 6 casks spirits turpentine; 94 barrels rosin; 34 barrels tar; 41 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Steady, 9 cents.

Same day last year, nothing doing.

Receipts, 5,133 bales; same day last year, 2,217 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Nov. 18.)

CORN—Firm; .85 to .87½c. per bu.

PEAS—White, $2.50 per bu.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, new crop, 80c. per bu.; yams, 60c. per bu.

BEEF—On foot, dull, .03@.04 per lb.

PORK—9 to 10c.

WOOL—Burry, .11@.12c. per lb.; free of burr, 17 to 18 per lb.

HIDES—Green, .08 to .08½ per lb.; dry, 14 to 15c. per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, old, 20c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 14c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm; .27 per lb.

TALLOW—Firm; .04½@.05 per lb.

POULTRY — Turkeys, 18c. on foot. Chickens, grown, 40 to 45 per head; chickens, spring, 20@40c. per head. Geese, 55@

SHEEP—No sales.

EGGS—Fair demand, 24@25 per doz. 60 per head.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, McCabe & Co.)

Petersburg, Va., Nov. 18.

Spanish—Quiet, at 90c. to 92½c. per bush.

Virginias—Firm. Jumbo, 4¼c. to 4½c. per lb. Fancy hand-picked, 4c. per lb.; Extra prime, 3½ to 3¾ per lb.; Prime, 3¼c.; Machine picked, 3 to 3½c. per lb.

Saved Many from Death

W. L. Mock, of Mock, Ark., believes he has saved many lives in his 25 years of experience in the drug business. "What I always like to do," he writes, "is to recommend Dr. King's New Discovery for weak, sore lungs, hard colds, hoarseness, obstinate coughs, la grippe, croup, asthma or other bronchial affection, for I feel sure that a number of my neighbors are alive and well today because they took my advice to use it. I honestly believe its the best throat and lung medicine that's made." Easy to prove he's right. Get a trial bottle free, or regular 50c. or $1.00 bottle. Guaranteed by R. R. Bellamy.

QUOTATIONS IN STOCKS FELL

After Attempt to Continue Upward Movement Had Been Abandoned—Few Stocks Gained a Point or Two

New York, Nov. 18.—Quotations fell backwards today on the stock exchange, after an attempt to continue the upward movement had been abandoned. A few stocks, including Union Pacific, Lehigh Valley and Amalgamated Copper, gained a point or so soon after the opening, but the pressure of stocks for sale was steady and effective, and the list gave way to below yesterday's closing range. Losses at the close were small, in a few cases extending to a point.

The heavy tone was attributed largely to week-end profit-taking. Toward the close the weakness became more pronounced on selling by professionals which followed announcement of the action of the Federal Court in favor of the government in the case of the Chicago packers.

Complete figures for the October foreign trade made a favorable showing.

The trade reviews reported that conditions throughout the country were somewhat better.

Expectations of a considerable shrinkage in the bank's cash holdings were borne out by today's statement.

The general bond market held well, despite the weakness of the Wabash issues. Total sales par value $1,750,000. United States 2s registered lost 1-8 in call on the week.

Total sales today 262,100 shares.

THE CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers, pfd	14½
Amalgamated Copper	61¼
American Agricultural	54⅜
American Beet Sugar	56⅛
American Can	11½
American Car and Foundry	55⅞
American Cotton Oil	44½
American Hide and Leather, pfd	22
American Ice Securities	19¼
American Linseed	9
American Locomotive	36
American Smelting and Refining	72½
American Smelting and Refining, pfd	102⅜
American Steel Foundries	35⅜
American Sugar Refining	117⅜
American Tel and Tel	138¾
American Tobacco, pfd	98
American Woolen	27
Anaconda Mining Co	36⅞
Atchison	107
Atchison, pfd	103¾
Atlantic Coast Line	131½
Baltimore and Ohio	102⅝
Bethlehem Steel	30
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	77¾
Canadian Pacific	240
Central Leather	23
Central Leather, pfd	94
Central of New Jersey	325
Chesapeake and Ohio	74¾
Chicago and Alton	30
Chicago Great Western	20¾
Chicago Great Western, pfd	38
Chicago and North Western	145
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	110⅝
C., C., C. and St. Louis	69
Colorado Fuel and Iron	28
Colorado and Southern	49
Consolidated Gas	141
Corn Products	10½
Delaware and Hudson	170½
Denver and Rio Grande	23½
Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	48
Distillers' Securities	31¾
Erie	32⅝
Erie, 1st pfd	52⅞
Erie, 2nd pfd	44
General Electric	154
Great Northern, pfd	127½
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	43
Illinois Central	141
Interborough Met	15½
Interborough Met., pfd	47⅛
Inter Harvester	108¾
Inter Marine, pfd	15
International Paper	10
International Pump	34¼
Iowa Central	17
Kansas City Southern	29½
Kansas City Southern, pfd	65
Laclede Gas	104⅝
Louisville and Nashville	152
Minneapolis and St. Louis	32
Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie	135½
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	31⅞
Missouri, Kansas and Texas, pfd	66½
Missouri Pacific	39½
National Biscuit	140½
National Lead	49½
Nat. Rys. of Mexico, 2nd pfd	33½
New York Central	107⅜
New York, Ontario and Western	40
Norfolk and Western	110¾
North American	73½
Northern Pacific	119½
Pacific Mail	32
Pennsylvania	122¼
People's Gas	104⅞
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	95
Pittsburg Coal	19
Pressed Steel Car	34¼
Pullman Palace Car	158
Railway Steel Spring	32
Reading	151⅛
Republic Steel	23
Republic Steel, pfd	81½
Rock Island Co	27
Rock Island Co., pfd	51
St. Louis and San Frnn., 2nd pfd	42
St. Louis Southwestern	30
St. Louis Southwestern, pfd	70½
Sloss-Cheffield Steel and Iron	44
Southern Pacific	118¼
Southern Railway	30¼
Southern Railway, pfd	72¼
Tennessee Copper	36½
Texas and Pacific	24⅝
Toledo, St. Louis and Western	17½
Toledo, St. L. and Western, pfd	42
Union Pacific	173⅞
Union Pacific, pfd	93¾
United States Realty	[illegible]
United States Rubber	47¾
United States Steel	64
United States Steel, pfd	109¼
Utah Copper	48⅛
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	52¾
Wabash	10½
Wabash, pfd	21¾
Western Maryland	59¼
Westinghouse Electric	66
Western Union	77⅞
Wheeling and Lake Erie	3⅜

LIVERPOOL COTTON MRAKET.

Liverpool, November 18.—Spot, dull; prices, 3 points higher; American middling fair, 5.76; good middling, 5.40; middling, 5.22; low middling, 5.12; good ordinary, 4.98; ordinary, 4.78.

The sales of the day were 4,000 bales, of which 300 were for speculation and export and included 3,700 American. Receipts, 15,000 bales, including 14,600 American.

Futures opened quiet and steady and closed quiet and steady. November, 5.00; November and December, 5.00½; December and January, 5.00; January and February, 4.99; February and March, 5.00½; March and April, 5.01½; April and May, 5.03½; May and June, 5.05; June and July, 5.06½; July and August, 5.07½; August and September, 5.06½; September and October, 5.05; October and November, 5.04.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, November 18.—Money on call, nominal. Time loans, firmer; sixty days and ninety days, 3½@3¾; six months, 3½@3¾. Close: Prime mercantile paper, 4@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange, easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.83.70 for sixty day bills, and at 4.86.90 for demand. Commercial bills, 4.83; bar silver, 55⅝; Mexican dollars, 46⅛.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

Week's Review of Market From the Southern Port.

New Orleans, Nov. 18.—The net result of this week's trading in the cotton market was a decline of 4 to 10 points. It was a quiet and narrow market the week through; the range was only 10 to 16 points. The high prices were made during the first three days of the week and the low prices were made on Thursday. At the highest the trading months were 4 to 6 points over last week's close, at the lowest they were 10 to 11 points under.

The week started in with freezing weather and high winds over the greater part of the cotton country, but this did not help the bulls much, chiefly because of reports of freer spot offerings from the interior. These reports helped the bear side the week through, although at no time was it claimed that anything like actual pressure to sell was in evidence.

The New York revision of grade differences in its spot department was expected to move prices one way or another, but this did not occur.

There was much discussion over the ginners' report to be issued next Tuesday by the census bureau and the trade finally came to the conclusion that the returns would be of any help to the bear side. This was one of the steadying influences of the week. Late in the week any tendency to advance was checked by cables from Manchester stating that some mills were shutting down because of the Chinese situation. This feature was offset to some extent by the large mill takings of the week, Hester putting them at 446,000 bales against 319,000 this week last year, and 376,000 this week two years ago.

In the spot department prices advanced 3-16c, middling closing at 9 7-16 against 9 1-4 last week, and 11 3-4 this week last year.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Announcements by Wilmington Pastors for Pulpits Today.

St. Thoms' church—First mass, 7 A. M.; last mass sermon, 10:30 A. M.; vespers, 7:45 P. M.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Market and Seventeenth streets.—Services at 11 A. M. and 8:15 P. M., Subject of Lesson Sermon: "Soul and Body." All are invited.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran church, North Fourth street, Rev. H. E. Beatty, pastor.—Divine services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school at 10 A. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. A cordial invitation to these services.

St. James' church, Rev. Wm. H. Milton, D. D., rector. Holy Communion at 7:30. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 A. M. Sunday school at 3:45; evening prayer and sermon at 8 P. M. A cordial welcome to all, especially to visitors and strangers.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, corner of Sixth and Market streets, Rev. W. A. Snyder, D. D., pastor.—English service, 11 A. M. Subject: "The Perfect Answer." English vesper service, 7:30 P. M. Subject: "Pilgrim Eyes." Sunday school, 3:30 P. M. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

Grace Methodist church, corner Fourth and Grace streets, Rev. J. C. Wooten, pastor.—At 11 A. M., sermon by the pastor. Offering for the Orphanage. At 7:30 P. M., sermon by the pastor; at 3:30 P. M., Sunday school, L. B. Rogers, superintendent. You are invited to attend these services.

St. John's church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector.—Holy Communion, 7:30 A. M.; services, 11 service and sermon, 8 P. M. Seats free at all services. All are cordially invited.

First Baptist church, Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster, pastor.—Preaching at 11 A. M.; text: "Worthy is the Lamb that was Slain to Receive." At 7:30 P. M. he will preach on the theme: "Launch out into the deep, and let down your net." Sunday school at 3:30 P. M.

The Union Sunday school in the Norfleet Building, near Wright and Fifth streets, will be reorganized this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Mr. Norfleet kindly furnishes the house free of charge and the people of South Wilmington are cordially invited to join in the Sunday school and in prayer meeting each Tuesday night at 8 o'clock.

IN LESS THAN THREE MINUTES.

Was Easy for Oklahoman to Knock Out Virginian.

Philadelphia, Nov. 18.—It took less than three minutes for Carl Morris, of Oklahoma, to show his supremacy over Bill Bass, of Virginia, tonight, at the National Athletic Club. After sparring a few minutes Morris cut loose and swung rights and lefts to Bass' body and head, and in less than two minutes the Virginian was flat on his back and the referee stopped the bout. Bass was completely outclassed. Neither man showed any form.

Minneapolis, Minn., November 18.—Wilbert Stuart Sheldon Dickason, alleged scion of a noble English family, today was held to the grand jury on the charge of stealing jewels valued at $2,950 from Mrs. Olga Von W. Haskell, a society leader. In default of $4,000 bail, he was returned to his cell.

Old Sores

that refuse to heal are caused by poison in the blood. Skin eruptions of all kinds are due to the same cause. The cure for such troubles is not an external application of some salve, ointment, etc. Such treatment does not penetrate to the *cause* of the trouble and consequently cannot really cure.

For obstinate sores and other eruptions of the skin, thousands of people have found a prompt relief and permanent cure by using

KETTERER'S Excelsior BLOOD PURIFIER (K. E. B. P.)

This successful remedy is made from pure vegetable ingredients, contains no minerals or harmful drugs and may be used by young or old with no injurious effect.

K. E. B. P. is sold under a positive guarantee that it will help you or your druggist will refund your money. It's helped thousands of other people. Don't you think it is reasonable to believe it will help you, too?

Ask your Druggist today

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

November 19, 1911.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 70 degrees; at 8 P. M., 59 degrees; maximum, 70 degrees; minimum, 50 degrees; mean, 64 degrees.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., Friday, 7.2 feet.

Rainfall for the day, .06 inch; for the month, 1.13 inches.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Fair Sunday and Monday; moderate west winds.

Port Calendar—Nov. 19.

Sun rises	6:49 A. M.
Sun sets	5:06 P. M.
Day's length	10 hrs. 17 min.
High water at Southport	7:20 P. M.
High water at Wilmington	10:20 P. M.

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

November 18, 1911.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest Today	Temperature: Lowest Last Night.	24-Hour Precipitation 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	72	34	.0
Asheville	clear	52	40	.32
Atlanta	clear	54	44	.44
Augusta	clear	62	60	.82
Birmingham	clear	58	38	.78
Boston	clear	56	38	1.90
Charleston	pt cldy	68	66	.08
Charlotte	clear	58	56	.10
Chicago	cloudy	28	24	.0
Galveston	clear	62	50	.0
Jacksonville	pt cldy	76	68	.18
Memphis	clear	60	38	.0
Mobile	clear	66	50	.02
Montgomery	clear	60	46	.20
New Orleans	clear	64	50	.02
New York	clear	50	40	.76
Palestine	clear	68	38	.0
Oklahoma	clear	66	38	.0
Pittsburg	cloudy	40	34	.16
Raleigh	clear	64	58	.34
Savannah	cloudy	70	66	.07
Shreveport	clear	68	40	.0
St. Louis	cloudy	42	32	.0
Washington	pt cldy	54	42	

EQUAL SUFFRAGE

Declared Women Will Be Voting in Virginia in Ten Years

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 18.—In a speech before the Norfolk Equal Suffrage League at the Lynn Haven Hotel tonight, Dr. Lyon G. Tyler, president of William and Mary College, of Williamsburg, Va., declared that women in Virginia would be exercising equal suffrage with men at the polls within five years.

He declared Governor Mann did not go far enough in a recent speech when he declared women would be voting in Virginia within ten years.

Havana, Nov. 18.—The Havana base ball team defeated the Philadelphia Nationals here today by a score of 4 to 2.

Irish Potatoes!

Just Received a Large Shipment of

Table Potatoes

Direct from Maine.

THE STONE CO.

Wholesale Grocers.

ATTENTION LADIES!

Elcaya Cream.
Cream See,
Ingram's Milk Weed,
Pompeian Cream,
Nyal's Peroxid Cream,
Dorothy Vernon Cream,
Palm Olive Cream,
Peroxide Cream,
Cream de Mendor,
Kosmea Cream,
Woodbury's Facial Cream,
Cucumber Cream,
Hokara Cream,

MISSION PHARMACY.

THERE'S DANGER

Of ACCIDENT or ILL HEALTH coming to every man at any moment. When it comes your income stops, but your EXPENSES increase!

The only way to provide against loss of time is to have us write you one of our combination Accident and Health Policies. See us today, about the slight cost.

J. VAN B. METTS,
'Phone 162. 114 Princess St.

THE PRINCESS CAFE

Formerly the Globe

Princess Building :: Princess St., Everything Good to Eat

J. R. KENNEDY & CO., Props.

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TERS DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

MADE BY HR Southern Map Company WILMINGTON N. C. TRADE MARK

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SOUTHERN BUILDING

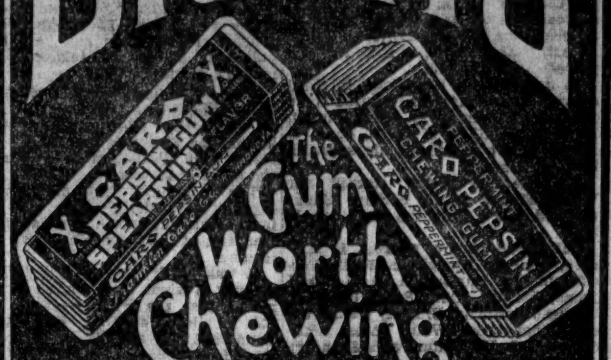
DR. ROWLAND DEES

Veterinary Surgeon.

Lumberton, N. C.

Calls answered promptly, day or night.

BIG HITS



The Gum Worth Chewing

HONEY-FRUIT
THE GUM WORTH CHEWING

SAM'L. BEAR SR. & SONS
DISTRIBUTORS
WILMINGTON, N. C.

The Heating Question

MUST BE SOLVED SOON.

It's only a question of days now until cold weather will arrive. Now is the time to prepare for it, so that your heater will be up and ready for use when the first cold night comes.

We have a most complete line of coal and wood heaters at prices beyond comparison.

Vortex Cold-Blast Heaters give greatest amount of warmth at least cost.

PAYS YOUR FARE WILMINGTON TRADE EXTENSION ASSOCIATION

N. Jacobi H'dw Co.

10 and 12 South Front Street.

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES FOR GAS, COAL OR WOOD

We are Receiving This Week Another Carload of

Cooking Stoves and Wire Fencing

We have the Stock and Prices; hence, No Trouble to Move Out a Carload.

Each of these goods every sixty days. Few more Wood's Great Mowing Machines Left.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.

PURCELL BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C.

School Books & School Supplies

STATE—Wholesale Depository
—FOR—
New adoption Contract Books to be used in the Public Schools of North Carolina for the next five years.

Send for price list of Books and School Requisites.

C. W. Yates & Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

The Murchison National Bank

United States, State, County and City Depositary.

Every Consideration and Every Facility accorded to Every Customer.

Foreign Exchange Bought and Sold.

FOOTBALL SCORES OF YESTERDAY

(Continued from Page One.)

three or four times during the game, but the play was in A. & M. territory a great deal of the time, owing to the superior punting of Savage, of Wake Forest, over Spencer, of A. & M., who played in Cool's place.

A. & M. lost a touchdown in third quarter after Hurtt had carried it 30 yards on a fumble by Wake Forest, because of failure of Davis, of A. & M., to report to referee his substitution for Hassell.

Faucette and Utley starred for Wake Forest, while Seifert, Spencer and Floyd were the stars for A. & M.

Summary—Time of quarter, 12 minutes; Referee Broughton, Wake Forest; umpire, Hartsell, A. & M.; field judge, McNutt, Ohio State University; head linesman, Crozier, Wake Forest; touchdowns, Wake Forest, Faucette, A. & M., Seifert and Spencer; goal by Hurtt.

West Point Defeats Colgate.

West Point, N. Y., Nov. 18.—West Point defeated Colgate today 12 to 6, although Colgate played a fine game, particularly in getting punts and running them back.

The visitors were first to score. Catching a punt on the Army's 45-yard mark Quarterback Huntington ran behind brilliant interference, to the Army 15-yard mark. Cook skirted right end for a touchdown.

Hyatt scored the first touchdown for the Cadets by a run from the 20-yard mark. The winning score came in the third period. Huntington received an Army punt on the Colgate 15-yard mark but got only a small gain and a penalty set the visitors back to their two-yard mark. Here the Army broke through and blocked Huntington's attempt to put out of danger. Bert fell on the ball for a touchdown.

Carolina Defeated Washington & Lee.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 18.—It required only one safety for the University of North Carolina to defeat Washington & Lee this afternoon, but the boys from Chapel Hill made one more than necessary and when the game ended the score was 4 to 0 in favor of the Tar Heels. One of the safeties was made in the first quarter when Tillett punted the ball behind the goal line and Applewhite fell on it, with one of the Carolina players on top of him. The next came in the second quarter when L. Abernethy blocked an attempted kick and fell on top of Rafferty, who had the ball under him behind Washington & Lee's goal line.

While the eleven from the Lexington institute had a heavier and better line than Carolina, and outplayed that team in the last half, they had all of the luck against them and in the last quarter, after carrying the ball from the center of the field to Carolina's one-yard line, lost it on a fumble and did not have time to recover the distance.

Referee, Gass, of Lehigh; umpire, Nellie, of West Point; field judge, Hodgson, of V. P. I.; head linesman, Davis, Washington & Lee. Quarters 13 minutes.

Princeton Defeated Yale.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 18.—Yale went down to defeat before Princeton eleven this afternoon at Yale field for the first time in eight years, and out of the ooze and muddy water rose the orange and black warriors to set set us the claim to the football supremacy of the East. They had won from Yale, 6 to 3. This was as decisive in figures as the score over Harvard. The men of Princeton came here ten thousand strong.

Princeton won, although outplayed in nearly everything that is laid down in football instruction books. The Tigers had no offensive plays, but their defense was in some measure strong. On the other hand, with mud under foot, Yale could neither rush for lack of foothold, speed up her end plays, nor send her backs through holes torn in the Orange and Black line. It seemed that everything Yale attempted was spoiled by mud or a puddle of water through which a man would slide. The Blue had the power, plays and football knowledge, but her plays went wrong.

The singularity of Princeton's position as victor is shown in the fact that except for the scoring play which followed an error, the Orange and Black but once had the ball in her possession in Yale territory and this in the last period when she stood on the 51-yard line.

White, the sturdy, speedy leftend, made Princeton's only touchdown by a run of 65 yards. The Princeton score came early in the first period through a misplay. Yale had the ball on Princeton's 45-yard mark when Capt. Howe signalled the backs to the right. The ball was sent back with no one to receive it. Dunn tried to fall on it but failed, and White, picking it up started for the Yale goal 65 yards away.

Ten yards from the line Howe got White on a tackle about the ankles. Both went down and slid five yards through the mud and White managed to wriggle over the line. Baker had little trouble in kicking goal.

Yale's score came in the second period. On an offside play Yale received the ball on Princeton's 25-yard line. Howe kicked the field goal, the fourth he had attempted. The heavy ball and the brisk wind did much to make his efforts ineffective.

A Scoreless Tie.

Annapolis, Md., Nov. 18.—With an eleven composed almost entirely of substitutes, Navy this afternoon played Pennsylvania State College to a scoreless tie. The Navy coaches took no chances of losing the services of any varsity men from injuries so close to the Army game next Saturday by pitting them against a team with a reputation for hard playing.

The only actual effort at a score was Penn State's try for a placement goal after the recovery of a fumble in the punt on the 20-yard line.

The brilliant individual work of Quarterback Miller and CMapt. Very of Penn State had much to do with preventing Navy from scoring.

Fluke Gave Harvard Victory.

Cambridge, Mass., No. 18.—Harvard defeated Dartmouth in the annual game here today by a score of 5 to 3, but Crimson adherents admitted a fluke gave them the victory. This came within five minutes after the game started, when Huntington dropped the ball which had bounded behind Dartmouth's goal line from the 12-yard line when Llewellyn's punt was blocked.

Dartmouth's three points were made on a field goal by Hogsett, in the third period.

Harvard showed very little of the strength which the Crimson followers hope she will produce for next Saturday's game with Yale. A fake forward pass netting the Crimson a dozen yards, was the only new play, and was used only once. The rushes of Wendell and open runs of Campbell, were the Crimsons' principal stock in trade for offense. Their effectiveness seemed, however, to end at given points and Harard was seldom in Dartmouth's territory.

Mississippians Lose to Vanderbilt.

Nashille, Tenn., Nov. 18.—In a game in which the championship of the South was at stake, Vanderbilt decisively beat Mississippi here today by the score of 21 to 0.

The individual work of Morrison, captain of Vanderbilt, who was playing perhaps his last hig game, and of Hardage, of the same team, was spectacular.

It was partly through the brilliant manner in which they worked forward passes that the Tennesseeans were able to pile up such a large score. Vanderbilt had slightly the better of the Mississippians on ground gaining.

Other Games.

At Lexington: V. M. I. 80; Catholic University 0.

At Roanoke: Richmond Medical 11; Roanoke 5.

At Asheville: Bingham 48; University of Chattanooga 0.

At Houston: Southwestern 15; Louisiana State 6.

At Columbus, Ga.: Mercer 20; Clemson 6.

At Columbia, S. C.: Davidson 10; South Carolina 0.

At Atlanta: Georgia 5; Georgia Techs 0.

At Birmingham: Sewanee 3; Alabama 0.

At Lexington: Transylvania 12; Kentucky State 0.

At Austin 18; Auburn 5.

At Syracuse 12; Carlisle 11.

At Minnesota 6; Wisconsin 6.

At Brown 6; Vermont 0.

At Michigan 11; Pennsylvania 9.

At Chicago 6; Cornell 0.

At Illinois 21; Northwestern 0.

At Johns Hopkins 17; Annapolis 0.

GUARDING EXECUTIVE MANSION.

Fear That Governor's Enemies May Set Fire to Historic House.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 18.—Policemen are guarding the executive mansion of Kentucky tonight, assigned there at the request of Governor Wilosn. Fears that the historic house may be set on fire or that food taken in for the use of the Governor's household may be poisoned are responsible for the guard. Some time ago Governor Wilson dischanrged an employee who had worked on the place. This employee continued to get his meals from the executive kitchen until the Governor found it out and was ordered from the place. The next development was the poisoning of the Governor's chickens, followed tonight by the placing of the guard.

SIX SWORN JURORS

Marks Close of Six Weeks of McNamara Trial

Los Angeles, Nov. 18.—The sixth court week of the McNamara trial closed today with five sworn jurors and one provisionally accepted. The prediction of Attorney Clarence S. Darrow, chief counsel for James B. McNamara, that January 1st, 1912, would see a jury to try his client for he alleged murder of Charles J. Haggerty, one of the 21 victims of the Los Angeles Times explosion and fire a year ago, may not come true. Today's arrival in the jury box is J. H. Marshall, a hardware salesman.

Another venire, the ninth, was drawn today. The number of names was increased from forty to fifty.

Lexington, Ky., November 18.—At the conclusion here today of a two days' conference between the Independent Tobacco Manufacturers and the Burley Tobacco Society, a statement was issued to the effect that both parties had decided to abide by any agreement drawn up by attorneys representing both sides. It is said that this will mean the end of suits against the Burley tobacco people and will remove the last obstacle that stood in the way of the ten-year pooling plan.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 18.—Director Lee A. Denson, of the Raleigh office of the Weather Bureau, will leave Sunday night to establish thermal fruit stations at seven places in western North Carolina. This action comes as the result of recent investigations by Mr. Denson, Prof. Cox, and the North Carolina Horticulturist. The stations will be furnished with the most delicate instruments. The work will be under the supervision of the Raleigh Weather office.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Southport—All Aboard.
W. B. Cooper—Lima Beans.
John W. Harper—Special Trip.
Honnet—Gems from the Depths.
Peterson & Ruffa—Stetson Shoes.
Southern National Bank—Wanted.
C. W. Polvogt Co.—Coat Suit Sale.
J. W. Fleet Co.—Stein Bloch Clothing.
Wilmington Shoe Co.—Craddock Shoes.
C. H. Fore & Co.—Fine Quality of Furs.
New Hanover Co. Medical Society—A Card.
Atlantic Trust and Banking Co.—Pays Interest.
Geo. O. Gaylord—Is Having Good Fall Trade.
Concord Chapter, No. 1, R. A. M.—Convocation.
Carolina Trucking & Development Co.—Audubon.
Dr. Culbreth's Dental Parlors—White, Gleaming Teeth.
D. R. Foster & Co.—People's Building & Loan Association.

Business Locals.

Wanted—Position.
Lost—Pointer Dog.
Wanted—Detectives.
For Sale—Jersey Cow.
H. F. Wilder—Audubon.
H. F. Wilder—For Sale.
For Sale—Wilson Heater.
For Rent—Suite of Rooms.
H. F. Wilder—Corner Lot.
Wanted—Sideline Salesmen.
For Rent—Furnished Room.
For Rent—Furnished Room.
For Rent—Furnished Rooms.
Wanted—Dry Goods Salesman.
For Sale—Southport Property.
Standard Grocery Co.—Earn $30.
American Factories Co.—Salesmen.
Southern Commercial Schools—Wanted.
J. G. Wright & Son—Elegant Corner Lot.
Bradstreet System—Be a Traveling Salesman.
J. G. Wright & Son—Market Street Property.
Sheridan's Teachers' Agency—Teachers Wanted.
United States Calendar Co. — Sideline Salesmen.
Willard Bag and Manufacturing Co.—Girls Wanted.

NORFOLK SOUTHERN'S DEAL

(Continued from Page One.)

system, have acquired the Raleigh and Southport, the Durham and Charlotte and the Aberdeen and Asheboro Railroads and their subsidiaries.

The Raleigh and Southport, extending from Raleigh to Fayetteville, N. C., has a trackage of about 60 miles and the Durham and Charlotte, extending from Colon to Troy, N. C., a trackage of about 50 miles, and the Aberdeen and Asheboro, extending from Asheboro and Aberdeen has a trackage of about 112 miles.

Adding this new trackage of about 222 miles to its present trackage of 620 miles, the Norfolk-Southern, when all new connections are made, will have a total trackage in Virginia and North Carolina of between 840 and 850 miles.

ATTACKS ROOSEVELT.

Texas Representative Makes Striking Comparison of the Ex-President.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Declaration that Theodore Roosevelt makes Alexander Hamilton look like a novice as an advocate of absolutism, Representative Henry, of Texas, chairman of the House Committee on Rules, issued a formal statement today in answer to the former President's views on the trust question in a recent editorial in The Outlook.

Mr. Henry asserts that Mr. Roosevelt, through his "message", is feeling the pulse of the American people for a third term, that he is trying to "discredit Mr. Taft and Mr. Wickersham" and predicts that he will "find the road to the Presidency rocky while he is running for a third term with the steel trust snugly and congenially sitting astride his shoulders."

The Democratic Congressman, who recently made public proposed amendments to the Sherman law providing that trust criminals be forced to wear "felon stripes", assails Mr. Roosevelt chiefly for what he terms his advocacy of "legislative courts" and "legislative executives."

He quotes from the former President's editorial the following reference to the Standard Oil and Tobacco Trust decisions of the Supreme Court:

"It is contended that in these recent decisions the Supreme Court legislated, so it did and it had to because Congress had signally failed to do its duty by legislating; but where the legislative body persistently leaves open a field which is absolutely imperative, from the public standpoint, to fill, then no possible blame attaches to the official or officials who step in because they have to and who then so needed work in the interests of the people."

"This is absolutism run mad," Mr. Henry declares. "Never in the history of America did any man, living or dead, advocate such rank, miserable and rotten doctrine. The adherents of Alexander Hamilton should tenderly take up his ashes, make due apology for his being a novice in the doctrine of absolutism and remove his sacred urn to some quiet spot and give way to the real thing, to one who has views."

Mr. Henry attacks the proposed Federal trust commission, asserting that it robs the States of their powers to deal with corporations.

"This proposal is vicious beyond description," he says. Corporations would immediately raise a hundred issuable requestions and points and rush to bosom of settlement. They would pile up their controversies there and the commission would not be able to settle them in a hundred years."

Charging that the trust commission is Mr. Roosevelt's issue, the Texas Congressman says, in conclusion:

"This will make him the candidate for the Steel Trust, which he defends, and the advance agent of the reactionaries, not the progressives. In my opinion, he is harnessing himself up with the wrong crowd and on a mighty bad issue, and even Mr. Taft and Mr. Wickersham can whip him in his party."

BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head one cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, one cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, A. D. T. (Western Union) Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A. D. T. Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for the telegrams, but a small charge for strictly A. D. T. calls or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams, bills rendered to suit the sender daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call Western Union, 'Phone No. 2. But for advertisements, always call the Star office, No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

COMPETENT LADY stenographer and typewriter desires position. Can furnish best references. Address Box 451, City. no19-1t*

MARKET STREET PROPERTY is daily enhancing in value. The new street paving will soon be laid. We have that elegant corner, 15th and Market streets, for sale now, at a reasonable price. Delay and the price rises; buy now and you will have a building site 90 feet on Market by 150 feet on Fifteenth, at the lowest price it will ever sell for. J. G. Wright & Son are the agents. no19-2t

---

WANTED—To employ an experienced retail dry goods salesman. Address "X," care Star. no19-1t

---

WANTED—100 young men and women who want to do some one thing well—to fit you up for future life. Start now, by entering the Southern Commercial School, corner 3rd and Princess, P. O. Box 463. no19-1t

---

FOR RENT — Large room with one or two beds; electric lights, telephone, bath; refined table board. Strictly private family residence; central location. P. O. Box 515. no19-1t*

ROOMS FOR RENT—Four unfurnished rooms, connected; all conveniences, including electric lights, bath and telephone. Especially suitable for light housekeeping. New house; paved street; within half block of car line. Telephone 1791-J. no19-1t

---

WANTED—Able-bodied men to work in planing mill and saw mill. Prompt pay, good quarters and healthy location. Goldsboro Lumber Co., Dover, N. C. no19-10t

---

WATCH REPAIRING—See me for fine watch, clock and jewelry repairing. All work guaranteed. Also a full line of gold and gold-filled jewelry, silverware and novelties. W. W. Durant, Jeweler, 605 N. 4th Street. no19-1t*

FOR SALE—Vacant residence building lot, 38x80, well located; Southern exposure; convenient to business section and railroad. See H. F. Wilder, Real Estate and Insurance, telephone 631, 207 Princess street. no19-1t

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CORNER LOT, 66x113, Perry avenue, Carolina Place, can be bought for $800 to quick purchaser. Call H. F. Wilder, Real Estate, telephone 631, 207 Princess street. no19-1t

---

AUDUBON LOTS—Have a few choice lots left; will be glad to take prospective purchasers at any time. If interested, see H. F. Wilder or L. W. Moore, who will call and explain all details. Now is the time to secure a good suburban lot while they are cheap. Only $10 down and $10 per month, without interest or taxes. This property will soon be provided with granolithic sidewalks and 100 foot boulevards. 'Phone 631, at H. F. Wilder's Real Estate office, 207 Princess street. no19-1t

---

WANTED—Fifty to seventy-five girls to run power machines in shirt factory. Good operators earn from $7 to $15 per week. Can become proficient in a few weeks time. Must be girls of good character. Apply at once to P. B. Harrah, at Willard Bag & Manufacturing Company, South Wilmington. no19-1t

---

LOST—Black and white Pointer dog. Small size; answers to name "Quick." Reward, if returned to J. A. Nixon, 119 So. 9th street. no19-1t*

FURNISHED ROOM for rent to two gentlemen. 313 Red Cross street. no19-2t*

FOR SALE — One Wilson Hot Blast heater, practically new, having been used but two months. Call at 714 Orange street. no19-1t*

SIDELINE traveling salesmen make $50 to $75 weekly handling our latest production of advertising fans. Liberal terms. Apply at once. United States Calendar Co., Cincinnati. no19-1t*

BE A TRAVELING SALESMAN. Earn while you learn. Write for particulars of our system. Bradstreet System, Rochester, N. Y. no-19-1t*

EARN $30 weekly, taking orders for cut rate groceries. Outfit free. Standard Grocery Co., 352 Arcade, Cleveland, O. no19-1t*

SALESMEN—Do you want $10 a day side line deal? Snappiest proposition ever sprung. Will sell everywhere. Strong enough for main line. American Factories Co., St. Louis, Mo. no19-1t*

BE A DETECTIVE—Earn $150 to $300 monthly; travel; write. Supt. Ludwig, 1716 Scarritt Bldg., Kansas City, Mo. no19-1t*

FOR RENT—Suite of desirable rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Private bath, gas, electricity. Address "B," care Star. no19-1t*

SALESMEN—Do you want $10 a day side line deal? Snappiest proposition ever sprung. Will sell everywhere. Strong enough for main line. American Factories Co., St. Louis, Mo. no19-1t*

FURNISHED ROOMS for rent. Bath, electric lights and all modern conveniences; terms reasonable. Opposite A. C. L. Offices. Apply 410 N. Front street. no19-1t*

TEACHERS WANTED — Teachers for January openings, graded, high schools, and colleges. Splendid openings daily. Twentieth year; three offices; one enrollment; guaranteed services. Sheridan's Teachers' Agencies, Greenwood, S. C. no19-4t*

ONE 7-8 Jersey milk cow for sale; 4 years old; young calf. Come and see her. H. E. Peterson, Burgaw, N. C. no19-15*

FOR RENT—Large furnished room. Apply at 215 North 3rd. st., between Chestnut and Grace. no19-1t*

FOR SALE at Southport, valuable lots and farm; 1 lot 66x165, corner of Rhett and Nash streets, one block from R. R. depot; 1 large nine-room and one five-room house on same. One vacant lot, beautifully located, 66x330; also several other very desirable lots. One 150-acre upland farm with large marsh acreage, adapted to stock-raising. Approachable by land and water, near town. Interesting propositions. Apply to me at Hanover Realty Co.'s office, Wilmington, N. C., or at Southport, N. C. R. M. Wescott. no19-6t

---

ELEGANT CORNER LOT—Front street property, being the brick dwelling and office adjoining on South East corner of Front and Orange streets. A splendid location for residence, store or apartment house. For terms and particulars, see J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate Agents. no19-2t

---

LADY — Competent stenographer and bookkeeper, desires position. Satisfaction guaranteed. Address "A. Z." care Star. no18-2t*

NORTH FLORIDA FARMS for sale.—Cream of Madison county's rich, fertile cotton and general farming plantations, being subdivided and sold cheaply in tracts to suit on exceptionally reasonable terms, exclusively by North Florida Real Estate and Investment Co., Madison, Florida. Postal brings particulars. no18-4t*

WANTED—Experienced fertilizer man for general foreman in plant. State age and salary expected; also furnish references with application. Address "H. L. M.," care Star. no18-3t

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SEALED BIDS will be received until twelve o'clock, noon, Nov. 25th, at the office of L. A. H. Koeth, architect, Masonic Temple, City, for extra foundation for machinery and laying of factory floor for the Carolina Metal Products Co. no18-2t

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WANTED—2 or 3 boarders in private family. Terms reasonable. Call 207 S. 6th st., between Ann and Nun. no18-2t*

BOAT WANTED—14 to 18 feet long, in good condition, yawl boat or dory preferred. Answer promptly, giving description and price. "W. J. P.," care Star. no18-2t

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EXTRA FANCY dressed chickens today. Dressed chickens, ducks and turkeys; very best of native and Western beef. Country pork, very best quality; all pork sausage, made from fresh pork; hams, Norfolk and New River oysters; nice celery and lettuce. See our supply today. Palace Market Co.; 'Phone No. 72. no18-1t

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CALENDARS and Advertising Novelties. Read this letter from one of our salesmen. Kennedy-Brown-Hall Co., Jacksonville, Fla. Gentlemen: I have been with you for nearly three years on a commission basis, and have averaged drawing $325.00 per month commission. Your line is complete, and enables me to travel the year 'round. Yours very truly, J. L. Grandy. Lining up nineteen twelve men now. Write us. no18-2t*

WANTED—50,000 7x9x8 1-2; 30,000 6x9x8, and 20,000 6x8x8 sap crossties. R. T. Windley, Office 114 Princess street; Lock Box 695. no15-tf

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UNREDEEMED shot guns of high grade makes; Utica, Remington, Fox, L. C. Smith, Sterling, at bargains. Give us a call before you buy. Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop, 16 South Front st., Yellow building. oc19-tf

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1132 IS THE NUMBER to call for plumbing. The big force we put on last week cleared our books of repair work. Now we are ready for your orders. D. L. T. Capps Plumbing Co., J. B. Griffith, Mgr., 130 Market street. oc15-tf

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SPECIALS at Pure Food Market: New sour krout, fine lettuce and celery. All kinds fresh meats; fine New River oysters and liver pudding; best of season. Pure Food Market, D. M. Davis, Prop. 'Phone 1493. se30-tf

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LAND FOR SALE—The land known as the Nobles property, containing about four hundred acres of the most productive soil in North Carolina, less than a mile from city limits, on macadamized road and traversed by A. C. L. Railroad. This property is suitable for farming, colonizing and suburban development. For further particulars, address P. O. Box 482, Wilmington, N. C. no5,7,10,12,19,26-6t*

LABORERS WANTED — For work in saw mill and log woods at Wallace, N. C. Pay day every Saturday. Plenty of good tenement houses and boarding houses for both white and colored laborers. The Norfolk Lumber Co., Wallace, no12-su4t

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WANTED — Salesmen to sell Fancy Fruit Ciders and Phosphates in small towns; 30 per cent. commission; $4.00 weekly advance. Gus Thal, 206 S. Main st., St. Louis, Mo. no12-19-2t

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FOR SALE—S. C. R. I. Red cockerels, T. W. Wood strain, $1.00 each. A. J. Barbour, Cerro Gordo, N. C. no12-19-2t*

WANTED—100 young men and women to take advantage of Southern Business College's low rates. Third floor, I. O. O. F. Building. Call for particulars at once. oc8-su-tf

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TAILORING—Gentlemen, see my line of Fall and Winter Suitings before you buy; popular prices. Leger Meyer, Merchant Tailor, 109 Princess st., 2nd floor; Princess Building. jy9-su-tf *to7-18

OFFICE FOR RENT in Odd Fellows' building, corner Third and Princess streets. Rent includes light, heat and superintendence. Apply to J. G. Wright and Son, 124 Princess street, or L. W. Moore, Chairman. Telephone 631, 207 Princess st. no10,12,15,19-4t

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WAKE UP! Spread out! Advertise! Multigraph imitation typewritten circulars; cheap as printing; better results. All classes typewriting and notary work. Harriss' Typewriting and Advertising Co., 114 Princess street; 'phone 708. del-tu,su,th-tf

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SALES OF BANKRUPT STOCKS of Merchandise. As receiver of the People's Hardware and Furniture Company, under order of the court, I will, on Monday, the 27th day of November, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, at Rowland, North Carolina, offer for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the large stock of hardware, fixtures, etc., heretofore owned by said People's Hardware and Furniture Company; also on the following day (Tuesday, November 28th, 1911), at 12 o'clock noon, at Red Springs, N. C., I will offer a similar stock of goods heretofore owned by said corporation and contained in its branch store at Red Springs. All persons interested may secure full information by addressing John A. McCormick, Receiver, Rowland, N. C. no12-eod to no28

SECOND HAND square piano for sale. In good order. Cheap to cash purchaser. Address "Piano," care Star Office. se15-tf

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THE GILBERT — Remodeled; newly furnished; all hotel conveniences. Front and Princess streets, junction of trolley lines; cars to beach and depot; steam heat; electric lights and hot water. Excellent cuisine and good service. Rates, $1.50 a day. Liberal discount to couples and people who stay longer. no4-tf no4-tf

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FOR AN ENERGETIC MAN who is willing to hustle there is an opportunity at Wilmington and vicinity for the establishment of a permanent business of a very satisfactory character. Can be handled on part time basis to start, if desired. No snap, but a splendid opportunity for a man who can produce results. No investment required. Address National Casualty Company, Detroit, Michigan. no17-6t*

TO THE PUBLIC—Uncle Charles' pawn shop has moved to 16 S. Front street; look for the yellow building. my31-tf

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Special Trip

By the Old Reliable steamer Wilmington to Southport on the 23rd Leaves Wilmington at 9 A. M., arrives at Southport at 11 A. M. Leave Southport returning at 3:30 P. M., arriving at Wilmington on the return at 5:45 P. M., giving ample time for all to participate in the exercises of the day. Boat will also make a trip to Fort Caswell. Fare One Cent a Mile. Distance to Southport 24 7-8 miles.

JOHN W. HARPER.

no 19-su we-2t.

CONCORD CHAPTER NO 1, R. A. M. Companions:

The Regular Convocation will be held Monday evening, 8 o'clock, and the Royal Arch degree will be conferred.

By order of the High Priest.
W. A. MARTIN, Secretary.

THE CITY OF WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA,

Offers for sale Four Hundred Thousand on City Bonds, in sums to suit purchaser. Bonds to be dated January 1st, 1912, to run for Forty years, without right of prior redemption, and to bear Four and a Half per cent. interest, payable semi-annually. Principal and interest payable in New York, or otherwise, at purchaser's option. Sealed bids will be received at the office of the City Treasurer, Wilmington, N. C., until noon, November 29th, 1911. Bids must be accompanied by certified checks to amount of 2 per cent. of amount bid, payable to the City of Wilmington.

THOS. D. MEARES,
no 19-su,w-4t City Treasurer.

Diamonds Watches Jewelry Silverware

REPAIRING

Fine Watches and Jewelry

A SPECIALTY.

A. O. SCHUSTER

JEWELER,

104 North Front Street.

A Commercial Banking Service.

Since the organization of this Bank it has been the aim, object and purpose of its officials to furnish to the Manufacturers and Merchants of this city the kind of Banking Service which is so necessary to young and to growing concerns. The officers of this institution fully realizing the needs of the depositors, have patiently and consistently worked toward the furnishing of a complete and satisfactory service.

The accounts of new firms coming to our city and of those not now enjoying satisfactory banking relations are invited, and representatives of such companies may feel free to consult with the officers of this bank at all times.

American National Bank

of Wilmington.

"A FINANCIAL STRONGHOLD."

no15-tf

They Come to Us from Office Store and Club to be Fitted in Overcoats and Suits.

Are you one of them? Do you wonder why these men come to us to be fitted?

They come because they have been introduced to the one clothing proposition in this town that sends a man away SATISFIED and believing because he SAW, that he is well dressed at the RIGHT expenditure.

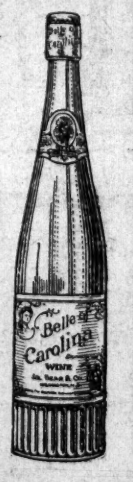
Our Fall and Winter STEIN-BLOCH business and fashionable overcoats are in our cabinets and your size is among them. They are fresh and bright in their many soft and graceful fabrics.

J. W. FLEET COMPANY

The One-Price Clothiers and Furnishers.

'Phone 673. S. W. Corner Front and Princess Streets.

Members Trade Extension Association.



THE CLEVER MAN—

the man who understands wines, gives the greatest consideration to the brand. If you want to be sure of having the right one, call for

Belle of Carolina

Scuppernong

Sherry, Port, Madeira, Catawba and other wines.

SOL BEAR & CO.

'Phone 866. Wilmington, N. C.

The Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.

WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA,

Pays Interest Compounded Quarterly on all deposits. Insured against Robbery, day or night. Its directors and officers are among the most substantial citizens in North Carolina. Its officers are always ready to explain anything you want to know about banking.

CHAS. N. EVANS, Pres. MILTON CALDER, Cashier

no19-tf

Lima Beans

173 Bags Lima Beans
411 Cases Salmon, en route
425 Boxes L. L. Raisins, en route.
111 Cases of Evaporated Peaches, en route.
160 Bags Pea Beans, en route.
311 Bags Perfection Horse Feed.
118 Bags Sugar Horse Feed
189 Bags Red Dog.
271 Bags Ship Stuff.
75 Cases Gallon Tomatoes
47 Bushels Seed Rye.

W. B. COOPER

Member Merchants' Trade Extension Association.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE

Starting on Monday, October 30th, Steamer Lisbon will load every Monday and Thursday for points along the Cape Fear river as far as Elizabethtown. Returning to the city every Wednesday and Saturday.

Passengers and Freights will have personal attention.

W. D. BLIZZARD, Master.

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A.D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 14

VOL. LXXXIX—NO. 50. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 19, 1911. WHOLE NUMBER 13,770.

THE GOSSIP IN LONDON TOWN

Golf Championship and Its Winning—Education in England—Investigation of Railway and Labor Situation—After Burglars.

London, Eng., Nov. 18.—Since H. H. Hilton won the golf championship in America the English papers have accused American crowds at golf matches of lack of sportsmanship, being rowdy and boisterous, and trying to rattle foreign players. Mr. Hilton writes to the Westminster Gazette to correct these delusions. He says:

"The crowds were well conducted; perhaps made a little too much noise to be quite in keeping with a golf match, but this was due to their enthusiasm and patriotism, for they never did anything with the slightest intention of interfering with my chances of success.

"When the championship was over no crowd could have given a player a more enthusiastic reception than the American crowd gave to me at Apawamis. The American, if more demonstrative, and, perhaps, on the whole, a good deal more ignorant of the game, and its traditions, than the average Britisher, certainly knows how to take defeat as a sportsman quite as well as the golfers on this side.

"The reports I have heard of noisy, disgraceful behavior of American spectators are grossly unjust and unfair. As true American golfers are quite aware, the crowd at their own meetings does not behave itself with quite the same dignity and restraint that is to be found in our better class crowds on this side. But they are doing their utmost to educate the masses to the customs and traditions of the game as played on this side."

Mr. Hilton strongly advocates the adoption of the American system of using megaphones to keep the crowd off the course, and says the crowd at Apawamis was managed infinitely better than most of them over here.

* * *

According to the annual report just made by Sir George Newman, chief medical officer of the Board of Education, a very large proportion of the children attending the British elementary public schools suffer from more of less serious diseases. Out of the 6,000,000 elementary school children of England and Wales 10 per cent. suffer from a serious defect of vision; 3 to 5 per cent from defective hearing; 6 to 8 per cent have adenoids, or tonsils sufficiently enlarged to require surgical treatment; 40 per cent from extensive decay of the teeth; 30 to 40 per cent. from unclean heads or bodies; 1 per cent from tuberculosis in readily recognizable form; 1 to 2 per cent from heart diseases. In addition to actual disease, a considerable percentage of the children are suffering in greater or less degree from malnutrition.

Sir George Newman deducts the moral that a State cannot effectually insure itself against disease unless it begins with the children. An interesting feature of the malnutrition cases was that in many cases it was the quality and cooking of the food which was at fault and not a lack of sufficient foodstuffs.

* * *

After an elaborate and involved report by a specially appointed Royal Commission, the Railway labor situation seems no nearer a solution than when the trouble began. The obvious disappointment of the railway unionists on hearing the report of the Commission has grown into active denunciation of its terms, and many of the former strike leaders are openly advising their organizations to disregard its findings.

The companies did not receive the report with any great amount of enthusiasm and it is well known that the partial recognition of the unions embodied in the recommendations was received with ill-concealed distaste.

The report has been followed shortly by rumors that several companies are almost ready to announce a raise in the wages of their employes and this fact may cause some delay in the execution of a campaign for another general strike.

Many of the meetings of the railway men held to discuss the Commission's report, took place the Sunday after it was made public and many of these recommended by resolution that it be rejected either wholly or in parts. The railway men at Chester passed a resolution repudiating the report in its entirety, on the ground that it did not grant complete recognition to the unions. The same meeting also advocated a general railway strike to take place within twenty-four hours of the delivery of an ultimatum. At Leeds the men recommended that the findings be rejected and that a national conference be held for the consideration of a program for all railways.

At Glasgow dissatisfaction was expressed with the report and a general strike was advocated. It is quite evident that among organized railway employees the findings of the commission are anything but satisfactory, for the report does not give them what they wanted and the opposition to it is already growing formidable.

It is freely admitted that the new scheme for the settlement of disputes leaves much to be desired, but it is a distinct advance on that of 1907 and the public, which had a taste of what a general strike means, is hoping that the railways and their men will accept its terms until something better can be arranged. It is pointed out that it is only destined to serve for a period of two years, at the end of which time it will be subject to revision or utter rejection.

A particularly alarming feature of the threats of the unionist leaders is their expressed determination in case of a strike to invoke the aid of the miners.

In this connection, J. H. Thomas, a Labor member of the House of Commons, said: "If the railwaymen of this country and the miners combine, as suggested, it will not only be a strike, but a revolution. At the present time the feeling, temper and desire of the mass of railwaymen is to take extreme action. The country has tasted what a national stoppage means, but if there is a strike at Christmas time, it will be impossible to anticipate the consequences."

It is understood that a half dozen companies have decided on immediate revision of the scale of wages of their lower grade men and it is believed the other big companies will swing into line. The companies have been promised by the government that permission will be granted to raise their rates and it is quite likely that the public will pay the increased wages, although as yet no raise has been fimade in passenger or freight rates.

* * *

In a short time London will cease to be a paradise for swift-footed and pugnacious burglars. This week the Metropolitan police received from the Home Office the first consignment of automatic revolvers and in the future at least 2,000 "bobbies" will not depend upon a fleet foot and trusty fist to capture and subdue malefastors.

The new revolver is an automatic gun of American design and carries nine cartridges which can be fired in five seconds. An extra magazine holding eight shells will be carried, so the next policeman, who is compelled to besiege an anarchist will be able to fire seventeen shots at a range of 200 yards before calling for the aid of the military. The weapon will be carried under the policeman's tunic and owing to its flat shape there will be no bulge to betray its presence. The men will be armed gradually, the first to receive guns being those on special details and patrolmen stationed on dangerous beats.

It is believed that in time the whole force will be armed. No provision has yet been made for the arming of the city police, but it is known that a number of the men have bought guns at their own expense and are carrying them with the full approval of their superiors.

BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS

Widespread Disease Affecting Animal Life in Every Clime

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Washington, D. C., Nov. 18.—Bulletin 473, soon to be issued by Secretary Wilson, contains an important and most comprehensive statement of facts on bovine tuberculosis. The bulletin deals with the history, nature, symptoms of the disease; how it spreads, how a herd is infected, the tuberculin test, and its prevention and suppression.

"Tuberculosis," the bulletin states, "is a widespread disease affecting animals and also man. Human beings and cattle are its chief victims, but there is no kind of animal that will not take it. Hogs and chickens are quite often affected; horses, sheep, and goats being affected but seldom, however.

The disease is contagious. It spreads from cow to cow in a herd until most of them are affected. It is slow in developing and may not become noticeable for months or even years. The tuberculin test, which can not do harm to the healthy cow, reveals the germ in a few hours, and always proves successful when in the hands of an experienced veterinarian."

"The disease is common among hogs," the bulletin goes on. "The public abattoirs report that a serious percentage of hogs inspected is found to be tuberculous. The losses among cattle and hogs are enormous, amounting to millions of dollars annually."

Turning to the infection of human beings with the tuberculosis germ through cattle, the bulletin says: "Milk is the staple food of infants and young children and is usually taken in the raw state. If this milk is taken from a tuberculous cow it may contain millions of living tubercle germs. Young children fed on such milk often contract the disease, and it is a frequent cause of death among them.

"Meat from tuberculous cattle is not so likely to convey the infection for several reasons. It does not so frequently contain the germs, cooking destroys those that may be present, and, lastly, meat is not consumed by very young children."

As to the spread of the disease, the bulletin says: Sooner or later the tuberculous cow begins to give off the germs of the disease. The germs escape by the mouth and nose, the bowels, in the milk, and in discharges from the genital organs. When the germs are being given off in any of these ways, the disease is known as open tuberculosis."

The bulletin concludes with: "Dark dirty, crowded stables are favorable to tuberculosis. Under these conditions the disease spreads rapidly and is only kept out with difficulty.

"Clean, airy, well-lighted stables, on the other hand, are unfavorable to the development of the disease. If brought into such a stable it does not spread so rapidly and is not so difficult to get rid of as in the first case.

"A well built, sanitary stable need not be made of expensive material or of elaborate design, but should have plenty of light, air, and drainage.

"Light is very important. Direct sunlight is a great destroyer of germ life. Tubercle bacilli soon dies if exposed to the sunlight. It is a disinfectant, always ready to work without cost."

Chicago, Nov. 17.—Officials of the International Harvester Company refused to state what action would be taken by them following the objection to their plan of dissolution by the United States Department of Justice.

An Evangel of Prosperity

Richard H. Edmonds, Editor of Baltimore Manufacturers Record.

(Special to New York Herald.)

Baltimore, Md., Saturday—In discussing the business situation in the South, Richard H. Edmonds, editor of Manufacturers Record, said:

"There is a very decided revival in industrial activity throughout the South. The movement is on a much broader scale than ever before in the history of this section. It includes a wider range of industrial development, a broader advancement of diversified agriculture, and a greater utilization of waste lands than would have been deemed possible a few years ago.

"Not a day passes without the report of a purchase of some large tract of land by Eastern or Western capitalists for colonization purposes and of mineral and timber property for development.

"Purchases of this character reported in the last fortnight included over 100,000 acres of coal land in eastern Kentucky by Pennsylvania capitalists, and deals are now pending for large tracts to be bought by New England people; 150,000 acres of timber land in Mississippi, bought by Western land operators and colonization people, who will cut the timber and settle the land with Western farmers; a 60,000-acre tract of timber land in Florida and a 30,000-acre tract in the same State, bought by Pennsylvania men; a 50,000-acre tract of cut-over pine land in Mississippi, bought by Western land operators, who will divide it into small farms and colonize with farmers from the West, and the North; a 32,000-acre tract of timber land in Georgia, bought by Ohio men for immediate operation, and a $2,000,000 purchase of cypress and pine land in Florida, bought by Western people.

Model Farm Project.

"Western capitalists have obtained, at a cost of about $250,000, a tract of reclaimed land near New Orleans to be developed for model farms with the intention of making every provision for scientific farm laboratories and providing for scientific methods of seed and soil selection. Many of the big land operators and colonization agencies which have for years been active in the West and on the Pacific coast are now concentrating their work upon the South. They are buying these enormous tracts of land, cutting them into small farms, improving them with good roads and bringing buyers from the North and the West.

"Until recently the cut-over pine lands, of which there are millions of acres, have been regarded as almost valueless. The same has been true as to the wet or swamp lands of the South, which aggregate over 50,000,000 acres.

"These pine lands have proven to be very productive and are being bought to the extent of hundreds of thousands of acres by Western land operators for colonization purposes. Several million acres of wet prairie and swamp lands are now being reclaimed by vast drainage operations.

"Louisiana has been leading in this work, and there are more big operators from the West and elsewhere draining great tracts in that State than in any other Southern State; but Florida is leading now in the magnitude of the area which is being drained with contracts aggregating some millions of dollars which will reclaim four million or five million acres of the Everglades region, a territory as big as the State of Maryland. This work is being done by the State.

$45,000,000 for Good Roads.

"Detailed reports just completed show that the South is spending considerably more than $45,000,000 this year in building good roads, or over 32 per cent. of the amount that is being expended in the whole country for this purpose.

"English and Canadian capitalists are making very heavy investments in the South, especially in hydro-electric operations, and also to some extent in iron interests. A company capitalized at $27,000,000, recently formed, has just bought control of waterpowers and street railways in Georgia, and will issue $30,000,000 of bonds for the development of about 300,000 horsepower for electrical transmission and the building and operation of interurban railroads. Its bonds and stock investment will aggregate $57,000,000.

"A somewhat smaller undertaking, but still on a very large scale, has been financed by New York bankers, who have bought the control of the street railway and gas system of Macon and absorbed a power development which will furnish about 25,000 horsepower to neighboring cities. Western capitalists are building in Southwest Virginia, at an ultimate expenditure of possibly $25,000,000, a vast hydro-electric system, which will develop over 100,000 horse power.

"Developments in iron and steel making have been of a broader character than anything reported from this section since the purchase by the United States Steel Corporation of the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Co., several years ago. These include the purchase at a cost of several million dollars by the Woodward Iron Co., of Birmingham, of the Birmingham Coal & Iron Co., having two furnaces, 40,000 acres of coal land and 2,400 acres of iron ore land.

"Plans are now about completed for a merger of the Alabama Consolidated Coal & Iron Co., and the Southern Iron & Steel Co., the combined company to have a total capitalization of $30,000,000, and to own 80,000 acres of coal land, 75,000 acres of iron ore property, eight blast furnaces, 1,800 coke ovens and a steel plant for the manufacture of rods and wire on which over $3,000,000 has already been expended.

South's Industrial Growth.

"The natural evolution in industrial activitity from the coarser product to the finer goods is making steady progress in the South. Hitherto to a large extent this section has produced the coarser products and left to other sections the making of the finer goods. It has shipped its pig iron to the North and West at a small profit and bought it back in the shape of steel, architectural iron, locomotives and machinery, paying the cost of freight both ways and a profit to the manufacturers of other sections. It has been shipping its lumber in the rough and buying it back in furniture, though there has been a very remarkable development in the last few years in a few towns in the South in the making of furniture.

"The combination that is being worked out for turning the iron now made by the Alabama Consolidated Coal & Iron Co., and the Southern Iron & Steel Co., into the finished product, the steel output to include wire fencing and kindred products, is only an illustration of the rapid change that is taking place throughout every line of industry in the South, putting this section on a basis for the higher profit which comes from the higher class of manufacturing. This merger will bring into the Birmingham district some of the strongest financial forces of this country, Canada and England, and, added to the purchase of the Woodward Iron Co., will greatly strengthen the whole iron and steel industry of the South.

"The tendency toward the utilization of hitherto useless material and the advancing scale of scientific manufacture are indicated in the letting of contracts, just announced, for building a plant at a cost of $500,000 to $750,000 in Louisiana to make ethyl alcohol out of sawdust and other waste pine products. This plant is to have a daily capacity of 5,000 gallons of ethyl alcohol.

"These are only a few of the many illustrations which are daily seen of the broadening of the business life of the South, the increasing realization on the part of outsiders as well as of its own people of its limitless potentialities, and of the Southward trend of money for development operations of all kinds in manufactures, in reclamation work, in the utilization of cut-over pine lands and in the building of factories to use heretofore waste material. This broadening activity is not confined to any one part of the South, or merely to a few lines of industry. It is sweeping over the whole section from Maryland out to Texas, and covers almost every line of human activity."

CHANCE FOR HOMESEEKERS

San Domingo Offers White Colonizers Strong Inducements to Come

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, Nov. 18.—The present government of Santo Domingo is about to give a practical demonstration of its progressiveness by making a strong bid for American, German, Scandinavian and other white immigration to colonize and homestead its surplus lands.

In a systematic effort to dispose of a large domain of unusually productive land to legitimate settlers, the Dominican administration apparently is inspired by the example of the United States in throwing open to settlement large area of territory, like that of Oklahoma, Oregon and Florida. The plan is to cut up the State lands and offer them to colonists on highly favorable terms, excluding only such as cannot give satisfactory proof of their intention to establish permanent homesteads for themselves. Approximately 2,000,000 acres are to thus be disposed of.

A party of Americans, consisting of bankers and capitalists, headed by Mr. Frank M. Perkins, of Kansas City, left for San Domingo on the steamship Seminole late Saturday afternoon, accompanied by a corps of engineers and surveyors to determine what amount of land is available for this purpose. They go by special invitation of the leading citizens of the Republic.

The party was composed of J. D. Anderson, formerly a banker in Kansas City, now of Washington, D. C.; Fred G. Perkins, of Kansas City; Dr. A. C. H. Friedman, of Colorado Springs; G. Sumay, of Porto Rico; Geo. R. Connover, John Dudley Kincaid, W. Lee Hunsinger, H. A. Conkey, A. C. Subblefield, Mr. Colton, all of Kansas City, and C. D. Vargo, of Porto Rico, interpreter.

Mr. Frank M. Perkins who but recently returned from a tour of inspection which took in the entire island, with a view to making investments there, predicts a great industrial future for the island and a successful solution of the colonizing problem, as the result of the confidence established by the convention which has given the United States government the right to administer the Dominican customs for the benefit of the Republic. This confidence is proved by the fact that the Royal Bank of Canada is buying out many of the commercial houses in Santo Domingo which have been doing a private banking business and introducing the branch banking system in vogue in Canada. In the same way the sugar industries of Porto Rico and Cuba are rapidly getting a foothold in the island.

"The only objection on the part of investors heretofore has been the insecurity of life and property under the continual change of administrations," said Mr. Perkins. "That danger has been effectually removed by the agreement between our government and that of the Republic for Uncle Sam to take charge of the customs, as this course has removed the one all-powerful influence for political adventurers to start revolutions. In the five years that we have thus administered the customs, the debt has been reduced more than $7,000,000 and the people down there have had more money to spend for improvements with half the receipts than they had formerly with all of them.

"The American people have an inappeasable hunger for cheap, productive lands. The boundaries of the United States no longer confine their energies. They now seek homes and investments in cheap lands wherever they can find them, and Santo Domingo offers colonists a delightful climate the entire year, and on account of the extreme productiveness of its lands, the returns from a 40-acre farm more than equalizes that of a 120-acre tract in our northern latitude.

"After spending more than two months there last Summer and familiarizing myself with the conditions of the island and its people, and meeting the government officials, from President Caceres down, I decided to recommend it to my friends, and those who accompanied me are as enthusiastic as I. With the liberal inducements which the Dominicans are offering colonists in order to get them to take up homesteads there, I believe there will be a large exodus of American home-seekers in the near future. Domingo is an ideal spot, and with an infusion of American energy and the introduction of American methods in getting the best results out of the soil, it is bound to become the leading island in the West Indies within ten years and the most desirable spot to live, in the western hemisphere."

CRUISES TO ORIENT

Tourists May Enjoy Sunny Mediterranean In Spite of War

There is evidence in New York shipping offices that the Turko-Italian imbrogolio will not only not keep back anyone who has planned his Winter holidays to include the sunny Mediterranean, but rather increases the interest of tourists in this great "holiday region."

Heavy bookings are reported in connection with the fourteenth annual Clark Cruise by the steamer "Arabic" which is probably the best barometer to travel conditions.

The actual warfare is off the track of the American Winter visitor who usually covers Spain, Algiers, Greece, the Holy Lands, and Egypt together with Southern Europe in his travels.

A steamer especially reserved for American tourists, like the "Arabic" on her cruise, is most reassuring to the timid who prefer not to mingle with the native element traveling locally on the steamers in the regular services.

This yacht-like service insures protection from epidemics, wars or complications of any kind.

OPENING AT PINEHURST.

Many Old and New Friends at Charming N. C. Resort.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Pinehurst, N. C., Nov. 18.—The opening week of the season finds many old and new friends gathered here, some of whom will remain until Spring. While informal social affairs are claiming attention, visitors are occupied mainly with open air diversions for here perpetual "September" reigns from November until May.

Quail shooting was never better and numerous new good roads, of which Pinehurst is the hub, have added greatly to the interest of riding, motoring and driving. The fox hounds are being worked out for the season, which starts with December, and many are delving into the preliminary mysteries of polo. Tennis, trap shooting and golf all have their devotees, the opening golf tournament of the Country Club schedule booked for the coming week.

RECORD FOR TRACTION TRAVEL

New York's Cars Carried 1,671,182,963 Passengers in Last Twelve Months. Plough With Dynamite—New Idea of Economy—Notes.

New York, November 18.—That New York's street car traffic is now increasing at the almost incredible rate of 201,000 passengers daily, or by 1,400,000 each week, is the astonishing fact just brought to light by the compilation of figures as a result of a general investigation of the local traffic situation.

Although it has been known for some time that the street car traffic of this city exceeded that of any other in the world, the report reveals a development almost undreamed of. In the twelve months just ended the total number of fares collected amounted to 1,671,182,963, with an aggregate cash value of about $80,000,000. In order to earn this amount, the subway, elevated and surface cars traveled 304,600,000 miles. In other words, the number of rides taken in this city would, if divided among the population of the entire country, provide every man, woman and child with nearly twenty rides each yearly. For each New Yorker the annual share is 334 rides, or more than one for each working day, while the annual increase of 73,821,000 would amply provide them for holidays. The car mileage of 304,000,000 is equal to more than three trips to the sun, 1,266 trips to the moon, or 12,160 trips around the earth. To accomplish the latter task would mean 33 trips each day, while for one car running at the rate of a mile a minute continuously to cover the total mileage would take a period of 2,111 days, or just a trifle less than six years. As a record for street car travel these figures are not likely to be exceeded, except in this city, for a good many years.

* * *

If the tests now being carried on by a firm of seedmen and florists in the vicinity of New York city proves successful, a new and novel method of booming farm lands may come into general use. The scheme is to supplant the time honored plow with dynamite. The inventor of the scheme points out the inefficiency of the former means of turning over the soil in that its effect is felt only to a very slight depth, while the blasting method breaks up the ground for a considerable area around and below the firing point. The resultant fissures and crackings, according to his theory, render the tenacious subsoils porous and spongelike, thereby causing a conservation of moisture. This makes possible a greater and deeper root development, and the crops not only become less susceptible to the hot, dry spells and continued droughts, but there is an increase in the size and yield of products. The discharge also tends to destroy soil insects. It also breaks up the hardpan or clay of the sub-soil, giving a proper drainage. The treatment, it is said, will remain effective for five years. Whether the farmers will take kindly to this innovation is something of a question. According to the views of a local horticulturist, the planting of sticks of dynamite here and there over the area of one's property is a process that would be accompanied with more or less hazard, and the danger of a charge occasionally missing fire, to be later discovered by accidental contact with a farm hand's hoe, makes the experiment a decidedly risky one, he avers. Others deprecate the innovation on the ground

(Continued on Page 10.)

A Perfect Fit

We hear it every day. Our sales on ready-to-wear goods has grown for various reasons, but mainly on account of the perfect fit we furnish. Many of our Suits, Skirts, Coats, Etc., fit perfectly right off the rack. Others we alter on short notice, and then, too, we are in an excellent position to take special measures. We are dispensers of satisfaction in our

READY-TO-WEAR DEPARTMENT

COLD WEATHER GOODS

Cold Weather must come this week. It can't stay away any longer, and you might as well get ready.

WINTER HOSIERY
WINTER UNDERWEAR
WINTER CORSETS
WINTER GLOVES
WINTER HATS
WINTER DRESS GOODS
ETC., ETC., ETC.

Platt & Haar

THE CASH STORE. SAVE THE DIFFERENCE.

IMPROVEMENT OF HIGHWAYS

National Interest in American Road Congress—Tours to Richmond Planned From Many Cities. Conference.

New York, Nov. 18.—Interest in the improvement of public highways throughout the South and Middle West has grown tremendously within the last few weeks in view of the active preparations which have been made for the forthcoming American Road Congress to be held in Richmond, Va., November 20th-24th, under the auspices of the American Association for Highway improvement.

The fact that President Taft will deliver the opening address has stimulated public appreciation in the great importance of highway development and its value as a factor in national prosperity. As this will be the only good roads meeting which the President will attend this year, his opinions on the needs for a comprehensive system of highways and the many problems of efficient road building will be received with the keenest interest by all good roads advocates.

A pathfinding tour through the four Southern States of Georgia, North and South Carolina and Virginia has just been concluded by the official cars of the Touring Club of America, which is co-operating with the American Association for Highway Improvement in this first national conference of highway officials and others interested in the good roads movement. Everywhere along the route from Atlanta to Richmond widespread interest in the forthcoming Congress was found, an indication of the increasing popularity among all road users for more and better maintained public thoroughfares. It is clear that the attention of the leading citizens of the south is directed as never before to the great benefit conferred by good roads upon the community. Delegates to attend the conference are being appointed from the principal cities. Highway commissioners and road engineers from Eastern, Southern and Western States will be present. There will be a big delegation from the automobile manufacturing interests, while scores of clubs and hundreds of individual owners are planning tours to Richmond under the direction of the Touring Club of America.

Not only is this awakened interest shown so strongly in the South and West, but as the time draws near for the discussion of advanced road principles it is being made apparent to a greater degree than ever before that the value of good roads is being appreciated in all parts of the country. Speakers and legislators of National fame in addition to practical engineers and road builders will be among those who will discuss the various phases of road and traffic regulations.

One of the interesting features will be a conference of State officials having jurisdiction of automobile regulations in their respective commonwealths. This conference will be held on Tuesday, November 21st, preceding Road Users' Day, which is to be conducted by the Touring Club of America. Secretary of State Edward Lazansky, of New York, will preside over this conference of State officials, at which many questions regarding uniformity of laws, interstate traffic regulations and reciprocal motor registration will be talked over in an informal manner. Secretary Lazansky as the chief administrative official of the Callan automobile law of New York, has made a careful study of motor vehicle legislation and will tell how the automobile law in his State has been applied and of its benefits to motor tourists.

Several new speakers have recently been added to the preliminary programme, as announced recently, for Road Users' Day, which will be presided over by Hon. James S. Harlan, a member of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Among those who have lately been added are Major Richard Sylvester, superintendent Metropolitan police, District of Columbia, and president of the International Police Association, who will lead the discussion on traffic rules and regulations; Col. Wm. D. Sohier, of Boston, member of the Massachusetts Highway Commission, who will explain the special features of the new highway law of Massachusetts. The Motor Vehicle law of Illinois will be discussed by Sidney S. Gorham, of Chicago, one of the original drafters of the present law in that State. Mr. Gorham has made a special study of automobile legislation and the new motor law of Illinois contains several novel features. At the close of each conference on special subjects an open discussion of from ten to 15 minutes will be held.

Some idea of the enthusiasm which has been aroused throughout the country in this coming conference may be seen from the extensive plans being made by motorists to tour to Richmond. Club tours are now being arranged from Atlanta and Augusta, Ga., Columbia and Camden, S. C.; Raleigh, Pinehurst, Fayetteville, Lexington and Charlotte, N. C.; Roanoke, Norfolk, Staunton, Petersburg, Va.; Nashville, Chattanooga and Knoxville, Tenn.; Philadelphia and Pittsburg, Pa.; Columbus and Cleveland, O.; Louisville, Ky., while Baltimore, Washington, New York and the New England States will be well represented among the visiting tourists.

"OH, HOW I ITCHED"

What long nerve-racking days of constant torture—what sleepless nights of terrible agony—itch—itch—itch, constant itch, until it seemed that I must tear off my very skin—then—

Instant relief—my skin cooled, soothed and healed!

The very first drops of D. D. D. stopped that awful itch instantly; yes, the very moment D. D. D. touched the skin the torture ceased.

D. D. D. has been known for years as the only absolutely reliable Eczema cure. Just a mild, soothing, pleasant wash made of Oil of Wintergreen, Thymol and other ingredients.

I know what D. D. D. has done—I vouch for it, and if the very first regular size bottle of D. D. D. fails to do exactly as is claimed, the remedy will not cost you one cent. Robt. R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

TIMELY ANNOUNCEMENT.

State Comes to the Front in Combatting Diphtheria.

The announcement has just been made by the director of the State Laboratory of Hygiene, under the control of the State Board of Health, that diphtheria antoxin will now be furnished to all legal residents of North Carolina at the following prices:

1,000 units .....$ .50
3,000 units 1.35
5,000 units 1.95

Formerly diphtheria antitoxin seemed to be under the control of a few manufacturers who were more interested in accumulating fortunes of their own than they were in the public health, and hence the public was obliged to pay prices from 300 to 400 per cent. higher than those above quoted. Arrangements have just been made whereby diphtheria antitoxin is now distributed from over a hundred different places throughout the State, and other distributing agencies are constantly being added. At present, fresh antitoxin may be secured by your family physician at the above prices, as he has already been provided with a list of the distributing agencies.

According to Osler and other medical authorities, no deaths occur from diphtheria when antitoxin is used in the early stages of the disease. In other cases the use of antitoxin reduces mortality rate to one-sixth or one-eighth of the rate where no antitoxin is used. It therefore appears that to secure the best results, antitoxin should be administered when the disease is first apparent. Severe sore throat should be regarded with strong suspicion, particularly if not improved after 24 to 30 hours.

Antitoxin is now given in what is called immunizing or preventive doses when a person has been, or is liable to be, exposed to diphtheria, and in curative doses when the disease has become established. The immunizing or preventive dose may be compared to a man locking the door of his house to prevent the entrance of a burglar; while the curative dose corresponds to several men arresting the intruder after he has once gained admittance. The immunizing dose merely locks the doors of entrance of the body against the disease for a few weeks, while the curative dose arrests the disease before it can accomplish its dire results. No more harm is done to the body in either case than is done to the house, and the damage, if any, is done by the burglar, diphtheria. Antitoxin is as harmless to the body as locking the door is to the house.

This action on the part of the State leaves but one thing more to be desired in combatting diphtheria. Since this disease is readily communicable and since the cost of antitoxin and the services of a physician make it more likely that children of the poor will be the greatest conveyors of the disease, it would seem that diphtheria antitoxin should be provided free to all. In several States this has been done, with the result that the case rate as well as the death rate has decreased remarkably. But since our State has felt itself unable to provide sufficient funds for such work, it now remains for the various counties and towns to say whether they will or will not step to the front and provide free diphtheria antitoxin for all, or at least for their needy poor.

BURNED SIX MONTHS.

Fire at Last Extinguished in Statesville Garbage Dump.

Statesville, N. C., Nov. 17.—A fire which has been burning for six months is at last thought to be extinguished. During the winter months of three years "Uncle" Abner Feimster, driver of the city garbage wagon, hauled the trash to a gulley in the hollow to the left of North Trade street, near the intersection of Stockton street, and last May the huge pile of rubbish was set on fire. The odor of burning trash was not pleasant and when residents of the vicinity complained, several barrels of lime were thrown among the trash and in an effort to smother out the fire the big trash pile was covered with dirt. But the fire continued to burn and as it ate away the trash the earth would cave in, and from the small openings in the earth the smoke arose with its objectionable odor.

When it was seen that the fire could not be smothered out a line of hose was run from the nearest hydrant, and when an opening had been made gallons and gallons of water were allowed to pour in on the smouldering trash. When it appeared that everything in the vicinity was thoroughly soaked with water the stream was cut off and more dirt was piled over the trash pile.

RECORD FOR TRACTION TRAVEL

(Continued from Page 9.)

that it would destroy another of the few remaining pastoral themes beloved by poets, that of the man behind the plow.

That even New Yorkers are beginning to understand the meaning of economy and realize the actual importance in great commercial enterprises of what were formany considered relatively small amounts of money even though running into many millions is a condition which is becoming more and more evident here. Men whose strong boxes are comfortably filled with all sorts of securities are becoming more familiar with many problems of operation as a result of their appreciation of the fact that only relatively small amount of money is needed to pay dividends on a good-sized amount of securities. Moody's Magazine in commenting on this condition cites as an example the remuneration which the railroads receive for carrying the mails. "An analysis of the figures covering the entire service," says the publication, "particularly that of the short lines which are the greatest sufferers under the present scale of pay, shows that the transportation of the mails involves a loss of the owners, that is the stockholders, of the transportation lines of some twenty million a year, an amount sufficient to pay a return of 5 per cent. on $400,000,000." Election night, too, furnishes another illustration of the departure from the old methods. For many years this night has been considered one of ostentatious entertainment along the Great White Way, many of the hotels refusing to serve anything in the line of liquid refreshment but champagne. Last election night saw practically no increase over the ordinary consumption of this expensive beverage and very little gayety. As a result hotel keepers are wondering whether the realization that the price of one cold quart is equal to 5 per cent. on $100 for a year is to grow to such an extent that it will bring about the disappearance of the Bacchanalian New Year's celebrations which have heretofore brought them such a golden harvest.

* * *

A serious and carefully organized agitation for a "safe and sane" bathing costume for women is on foot here. An organization known as the National Woman's Life Saving League has been incorporated, among its objects being that of overcoming the prejudices against the simple one-piece form-fitting garment such as is now worn by men when disporting themselves in the water. They base their contention that a change from the present conventional bathing costume is necessary on the fact that it interferes with the freedom of movement, and that the stays and other articles that go with it detract from the swimmer's enjoyment of the sport as well as from her safety, to say nothing of her appearance. It is estimated by the statisticians of the league that with the old-style bathing dress the woman carries 30 pounds of excess baggage in the form of water-soaked clothing. The fact that Ostend and other European resorts have come to look with favor upon the simple one-piece costume is cited as an argument against the contention that it is overstepping the bounds of propriety. The league, however, has other plans in view. It will teach every man how to swim at a cost that is purely nominal, it will instruct women how to plant the right kind of blow between a drowning man's eyes when rescuing him, and how to get him to shore afterward; make women adept in methods of resuscitation, etc. The league now has three hundred members and among its instructors are some of the best known swimmers in the country.

* * *

Whatever may be the final decision in the time-honored question as to whether a college education pays, New York has now proven to its own satisfaction that a high school education does. According to an investigation just completed here such training increases the pupils chances for success twenty-two times. That this fact is becoming more and more generally realized is evidenced by the rapidly increasing demand for high school facilities, which is far outstripping the ability of the city to cope with. In 1901 there were in New York only ten high schools, with a total registration of 15,516 students. There are now 20 high schools with 21 annexes, and a total registration of 41,487 students. Thus the number of schools is several times what it was ten years ago, and in the same time the registration has increased 174 per cent. The number of teachers employed in 1900 was 557 and in 1910, 1,475. While a part of the growth is, of course, attributable to the increase in population, an important and interesting factor is the growing realization that an education such as made possible by the high school system is a very important essential for the young man or woman. It is estimated that the cost to the city of each pupil who graduates from the high school is $92.85. This figure, though apparently high, is not so relatively, since it costs the city of Frankfort, Germany, where living is much cheaper than here, $98.33 a pupil.

SHOULD USE MORE CARE.

Candidates for Admission to K. of P. Accepted Too Readily.

Writing in the current number of the Carolina Pythian, the official organ of the order of Knights of Pythias in North Carolina, under the head of "Membership Committees," Dr. W. C. Galloway, of this city, makes a plea for the exercise of more care in the admission of candidates for membership in the great order. In connection with the article the Pythian uses a large and excellent likeness of Dr. Galloway. The article follows:

"Wise were the Knights, who never chose a friend until they had unmasked his soul and seen the bottom of his deepest thoughts."

The gallant Knight of the days of chivalry evidently understood the weakness of human nature, and was, therefore, strict and exacting in selecting the material to wear the spurs of Knighthood, but with all their precaution a doty log would sometimes be admitted to their ranks even "when Knighthood was in flower."

History is repeating itself, and what was true of the Knights of old is true of the Knights of Pythias of today. As we near the half century milestone in our splendid march toward the "mark of the prize of our high calling" perfection has been the goal of our ambition, but while we may never quite reach the fruition of our labors we may climb to the summit and with longing eyes view it as it looms up in the distance.

Frailty is not all woman, by any means; the biggest part of her is man. If among the 12 one was a devil, we might expect in our brotherhood to find some who do not reach the full measure of high standard we have set. There are numerous ways of safeguarding our order with a view to keeping it at the highest point of usefulness and perfection, but I shall only allude to one here for fear of making this article too long. Besides, it is a good plan sometimes to emphasize one thing in a paper to rivet attention and make Knights think about it and talk about it and act upon it.

Carrying out that idea, then, it seems to me there has been a letting down of the bars among the committees on membership throughout this and all other domains. I have no allusion to any one membership committee, because my object is entirely impersonal; but as I see it, every candidate for the honors of Knighthood, no matter what his age or influence or calling or attainments, whether rich or poor, should have the test at the beginning of this communication rigidly enforced. Indeed, no stone should be left unturned to sift the character and trustworthiness of each applicant seeking admission to our ranks. No man should be assigned to the membership committee who is not thoroughly competent for the work and fearless in the discharge of his duty; all favoritism and convenience being strictly ignored in the selection, then the committee should go to work promptly, vigorously and report, if possible, at the next meeting of the lodge. If the party seeking entrance is not a man in the truest, best sense of the word, he should be turned down; and should the committee err, it is infinitely better to keep out one good man than to let in five bad ones. By rigidly enforcing the proper censorship over applicants, our order will grow in number, character and usefulness, and thereby shorten the distance to the goal of our ambition.

Fraternally, W. C. GALLOWAY.

CAN'T REGAIN HIS PROPERTY

American Adviser at Teheran Refuses to Change His Opinion

St. Petersburg, Nov. 16.—A telegram from Teheran today indicates that W. Morgan Shuster, American financial adviser to the Persian government, has no intention of receding from his position in the dispute arising over the seizure by the government of the property of Shua es Sultaneh because of the latter's support of his brother's attempts to regain the throne.

Facts for Weak Women

Nine-tenths of all the sickness of women is due to some derangement or disease of the organs distinctly feminine. Such sickness can be cured—is cured every day by,

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

It Makes Weak Women Strong, Sick Women Well.

It acts directly on the organs affected and is at the same time a general restorative tonic for the whole system. It cures female complaint right in the privacy of home. It makes unnecessary the disagreeable questioning, examinations and local treatment so universally insisted upon by doctors, and so abhorrent to every modest woman.

We shall not particularize here as to the symptoms of those peculiar affections incident to women, but those wanting full information as to their symptoms and means of positive cure are referred to the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser—1008 pages, newly revised and up-to-date Edition, sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing *only*; or, in cloth binding for 31 stamps.

Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

One Price Clothiers and Furnishers.

Which Shall It Be?

SUIT, OVERCOAT, CRAVANETTE.

Let one of our painstaking salesmen give you his undivided attention, try on one or a dozen until you find the garment, the style, the color; in fact, until you find the suit you want. This is the advantage you have when you come here. Satisfaction, absolute satisfaction, the kind of satisfaction that is only possible in a store carrying an immense assortment. These suits are made of high grade cassimeres, cheviots, worsteds and velours, neat dark effects. New striped ideas and broad wale effects. Colors are brown, gray, oxford blue mixtures and dark olive shade. Splendid suits at a very reasonable price.

Overcoats and cravanettes of splendid materials. Just right for any sort of weather. The time is ripe for investigation. DO IT NOW!

SUITS: $10.00, $12.50, $15.00, $16.50, $18.00, $20.00, $22.50, $25.00.

OVERCOATS: $10.00, $12.50, $15.00, $18.00, $20.00.

CRAVANETTES: $10.00, $12.50, $15.00, $18.00, $20.00.

J. M. SOLKY.

Masonic Tempie. Phone 617.

Agents for Dr. Deimel's Underwear.

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AT THE SAME OLD GAME

The Wilmington Furniture Co. is still selling better goods at lower prices, selling more goods, making more satisfied customers.

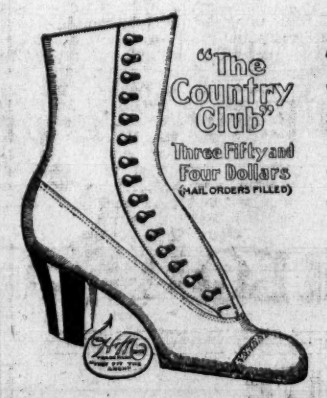
In addition to their large line of regular staple Furniture and Housefurnishings, they carry Bernstein celebrated three-piece Beds, Ostermoor Superior Mattresses, Bloch's Matchless Go-Carts and Carriages, the Hoosier Kitchen Cabinets.

Quite a nice line of Costumers, Jardinieres, Tabourettes, Fancy Hamper Baskets, and many other specialties.

If you would save money and make for yourself satisfaction and pleasure, see

Wilmington Furniture Co.

SECOND AND PRINCESS.



A Boot

That you can walk miles in without tiring.

Gunmetals. $3.50

Tans $4.00

HEWLETT & PRICE

109 Market Street.

Members Wilmington Trade Extension Asso.

WHEN YOUR CHILD HAS CROUP

YOU

Want a remedy that will give quick relief.

Want a remedy that you know will not be injurious to health.

Want a remedy the Manufacturer is not afraid to guarantee.

Want a remedy that contains no opiate or harmful drug.

You Are Looking For

Astyptodyne Croup and Pneumonia Salve

STIEFF

"THE PIANO WITH THE SWEET TONE."

Here is an opportunity to bring music—at little cost—into those homes which have not yet felt its fine influence.

Below you will find a list of pianos which have been traded in for new Stieffs:

Shaws and Stieff and Shaw Player Pianos.

Mathushek Mahogany case $250.00
Fine art case design in excellent condition, good, full tone.

Franklin & Co., Walnut Case $160.00
A good piano for a beginner, nice, easy action, good tone, a real bargain.

Kingsbury $175.00
Slightly used. In good condition.

Kahler & Campbell, Mahogany Case $225.00
In first-class shape.

We have several nice Organs which will be sold at a big bargain; a regular $375.00 Shaw Piano, slightly used, for $300.00.

Terms can be made to suit the purchaser.

Do not purchase before investigating our line.

CHAS. M. STIEFF

213 Princess Street. S. R. COLEY, Manager.

Brick! - Brick!

Large Stock, Quick Delivery and Best Quality.

LIME, CEMENT and PLASTER.

Roger Moore's Sons & Company

—— PHONE 154. ——

WHY OWN WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

THE MERRIAM WEBSTER?

Because it is a NEW CREATION, covering every field of the world's thought, action and culture. *The only new* unabridged dictionary in many years.

Because it defines over *400,000 Words;* more than ever before appeared between two covers. *2700 Pages. 6000 Illustrations.*

Because it is the *only* dictionary with the new divided page. A "Stroke of Genius."

Because it is an encyclopedia in a single volume.

Because it is accepted by the Courts, Schools and Press as *the one supreme authority.*

Because he who knows *Wins Success.* Let us tell you about this new work.

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G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass.
Mention this paper, receive FREE a set of pocket maps.

GOOD NEWS For Bad Stomachs

The successful European remedy, **Stomalix,** cures where all others fail.

Imparts a new digestive power to poor stomachs. Compounded by a distinguished practitioner. Prescribed by regular Physicians. Astonishes by its curative powers.

Pleasant to take and absolutely harmless.

Cures Flatulency, Heartburn, Nausea, Intestinal Disturbances, Headache, Palpitation, Constipation and other disorders resulting from a deranged digestion.

STOMALIX

has powers and qualities never brought together in any other medicine. It's a new pass-word to complete recovery for despairing stomach sufferers.

Ask Any Druggist.

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MR. SAW MILL MAN:

We are Always in the Market for GOOD LUMBER of All Kinds.

Your Correspondence and Shipments Solicited.

Will Buy the Output of Several Good Mills.

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NORFOLK, VA.

no12-su-5t

ENTRY NO. 9138.

State of North Carolina, New Hanover County.

We, the undersigned claimants, being citizens of the State of North Carolina, hereby set forth and show that the following tract of land lying and being in Harnett Township, New Hanover County, and described as follows: Bounded on the South by the Shinn Creek, on the East by Banks Channel, on the North by deep bite and on the West by Marsh land, containing by estimation 75 acres, more or less, is vacant and unappropriated land, belonging to the State of North Carolina, and subject to entry; and the undersigned claimants hereby make entry of, lay claim to, and pray for a grant for said land.

This 2nd day of November, 1911.

MARTIN SCHNIBBEN,
CHARLES TIETGEN,

Entered and filed November 2nd, 1911.

JOHN HAAR,
Register of Deeds and Acting Entry Taker.

no3-30d*

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

Having this day qualified as executrix of the last will and testament of C. C. Parker, deceased, this is to notify all persons owing the said C. C. Parker to make immediate payment to the undersigned and all persons having claims against the said estate to present the same to me on or before the 4th day of November, 1912, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

ELIZA J. PARKER,
Executrix.

This 4th day of November, 1911.

no5-law4w

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS
SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

Audubon is to be beautiful, and will be made a most desirable place for attractive and comfortable homes.

Audubon combines the advantages and pleasures of suburban life with the conveniences of the city.

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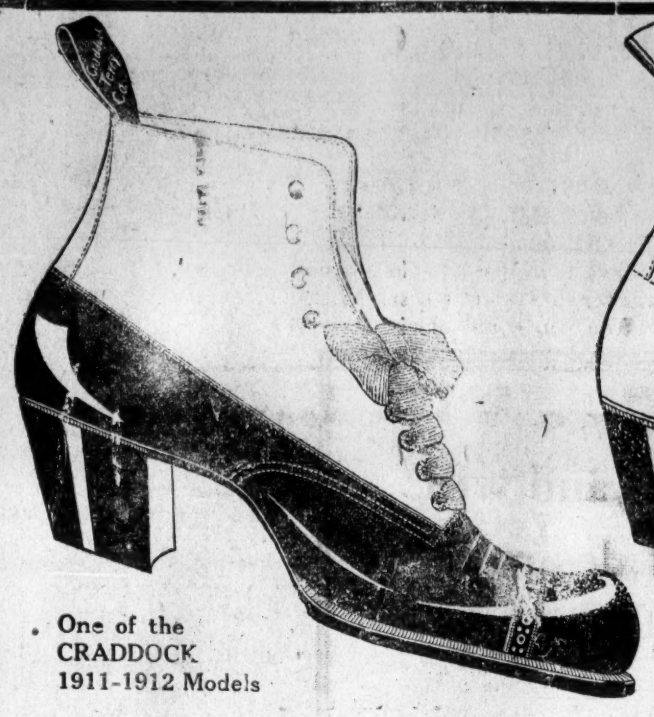
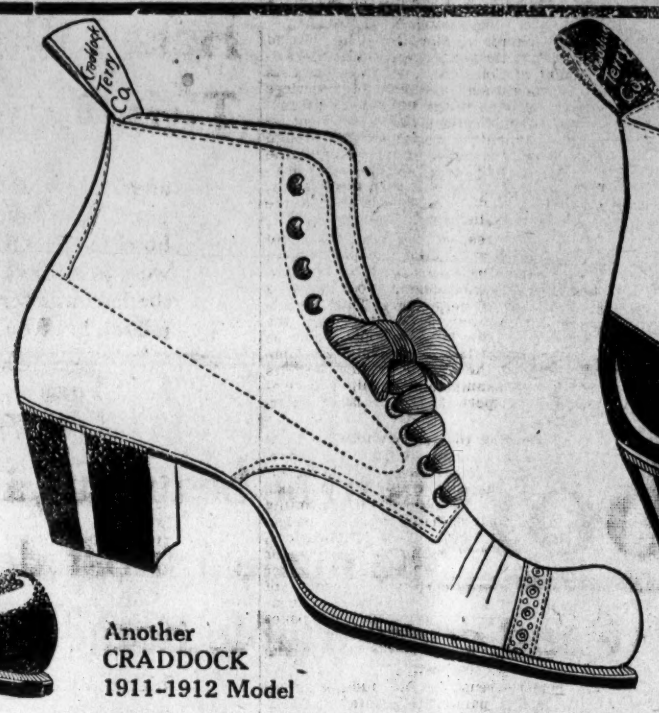
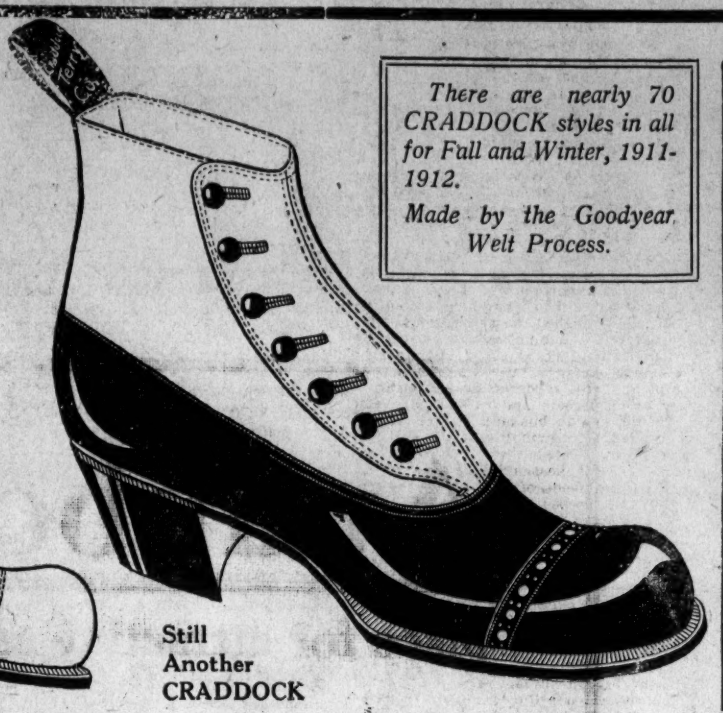
"Luck Is Being Prepared to Take Advantage of an Opportunity"



One of the CRADDOCK 1911-1912 Models



Another CRADDOCK 1911-1912 Model



Still Another CRADDOCK

There are nearly 70 CRADDOCK styles in all for Fall and Winter, 1911-1912.

Made by the Goodyear Welt Process.

Figure for Yourself---Thirty Days More Service, and a Saving in Price

The CRADDOCK SHOE has the style and snap, and will wear thirty days longer than any other shoe at the same price; therefore, you can figure for yourself and see just how much you will save by buying your shoes from us. You know how to figure, but do you do any figuring on how much your shoes cost you for a year? You would be insulted if we suggested that you didn't know how to figure; and yet, if you will figure it out, you will find that you are paying about twice as much for your shoes as you would have to pay if you bought the CRADDOCK SHOE.

The CRADDOCK Shoe

Any Style $3.50 Any Leather

If you have read this advertisement up to this point, you have made up your mind to buy a CRADDOCK SHOE, or you have made up your mind that our statement about this shoe is untrue. Now, gentlemen, have you a right to question our statement without investigating? All we ask is that you call and let us show you what kind of a shoe we give you for $3.50. If you are now paying $3.50, we will give you a better shoe than you have ever had before, and if you are paying more than $3.50, we believe we can give you as good a shoe as you have ever worn—*and at a saving.* Enough said—all we ask is that you figure with us before you buy your shoes.

WILMINGTON SHOE COMPANY

217 N. Front St. L. W. Wessell, Mgr.

GASSNER

THE AMERICAN ROAD CONGRESS

Great Gathering at Richmond This Week—Some of the Features of The Meeting—President Will Attend

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, Nov. 18.—The South will claim the undivided attention of all automobilists and good roads enthusiasts for the next few weeks. With the opening of the first American Road Congress at Richmond on Monday by President Taft until the finish of the races on the splendid automobile course at Savannah, motor car owners as well as good road advocates will enjoy a series of events unusually varied in character.

Richmond, the historic capital of Virginia, is planning to welcome a throng of highway officials and others interested in road development such as has never been equalled in the history of this country. The capacity of the leading hotels is sure to be taxed for, according to advices received at the Touring Club of America last week, hotel reservations have already been made for official delegates not only in the North and South, but throughout the Middle West and even from States on the Pacific coast.

A number of prominent automobilists who are planning to attend the Road Congress, many of them driving their cars to Richmond, will, at the close of the congress journey on to Savannah and witness the races scheduled for Thanksgiving week. The official cars of the Touring Club of America have recently completed tours over the Capital Highway and many other of the main thoroughfares leading through the South. Within the last few days, there has been a great increase in the number of applications seeking information on road conditions and routes to Richmond, Savannah and other Southern resorts where many Northern tourists will spend their Winter months.

In addition to the attraction of the Road Congress at Richmond and the Savannah races, the Round-the-State-Tour in Georgia, which has become a popular annual event, has already attained recognition as one of the great touring events in the South.

D. D. Armstrong, of Atlanta, vice president of the Southern department of the Touring Club, will be one of the participants and many other members of the Touring Club in Georgia have indicated that they will join this run in which sufficient time will be allowed to witness the races at Savannah.

Secretary Frederick H. Elliott, of the Touring Club of America, left early last week for Richmond to establish headquarters at the Jefferson Hotel and to arrange for the reception of the invited guests, speakers and members of the organization who are planning to attend the Road Congress.

The Touring Club will be represented by a large delegation of its officers, directors and members from all over the United States. President Conde Nast, of New York; Vice President David Beecroft, of Chicago, in addition to Secretary Elliott, will be in attendance, and among the directors present will be I. A. McKeel, H. M. Swetland, C. R. McMillen, Col. Henry MacNair, chairman of the Club's touring committee, and editor of the Automobile Blue Book, the official road guide of the Touring Club. Vice President Beecroft is scheduled to deliver an address during the afternoon session on Road Users' Day, having as his subject "The Rights of Road Users in America Learned from Europe's Lessons." Mr. Beecroft, who is editor of "Automobile" and "Motor Age," has only recently returned from an extensive tour of Europe during which time he studied the traffic rules and ordinances governing the operation of vehicles upon the thoroughfares and is an acknowledged authority upon all subjects relating to motor cars and the development of the motor industry.

Aside from the natural interest which all automobile users have in the deliberations of the Congress, all motor car owners are especially concerned in Road Users' Day which will be held on Wednesday under the direction of the Touring Club of America.

This will be the second annual gathering of State and highway officials having jurisdiction of motor vehicles regulations held under the auspices of the Touring Club.

As a striking illustration of the widespread recognition that good roads are a most valuable asset to any community, the proclamation recently issued by Governor William Hodges Mann, of Virginia, setting aside the coming week as Good Roads Week, is of peculiar importance. It is the first time that a proclamation on the subject of good roads has ever been issued by the Chief Executive officer of any State in the Union, and it has awakened a tremendous interest throughout that State in the need of more and better highways and their proper maintenance.

All users of the public highways owe a debt of gratitude to the officers of the American Association for highway Improvement under whose auspices the Congress is to be held this week in Richmond. President Logan Waller Page, who is director of the United States office of public roads, Secretary J. E. Pennybacker, Jr., and Charles P. Light, the Association's chief field representative, have worked industriously and successfully for the interest of the Road Congress which will be attended by the foremost engineers, road officials, traffic experts, legislators, railroad officials, manufacturers, contractors, agriculturalists and everyone interested in public highways, their maintenance and administration.

A Father's Vengeance

would have fallen on any one who attacked the son of Peter Bondy, of South Rockwood, Mich., but he was powerless before attacks of Kidney trouble. "Doctors could not help him," he wrote, 'so at last we gave him Electric Bittors and he improved wonderfully from taking six bottles. It's the best Kidney medicine I ever saw." Backache, Tired Feeling, Nervousness, Loss of Appetite, warn of Kidney trouble that may end in dropsy, diabetes or Bright's disease. Beware: Take Electric Bitters and be safe. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c. at R. R. Bellamy's.

CREATE PARKS BUREAU.

American Civic Association to Urge Important Project.

Planning to secure the creation of a Federal Bureau of National Parks, to be an adjunct of the Department of the Interior, in which project the cooperation of President Taft and of Secretary of the Interior Walter L. Fisher, already is assured, and in general to give added impetus to the movement for "A More Beautiful America," the American Civic Association will hold its seventh annual convention in Washington December 13, 14 and 15. Every phase of civic improvement work will be given consideration during the meetings, and not the least important will be the emphasis which will be placed by a coterie of distinguished speakers, who are students of public welfare, upon the material benefits which accrue to municipalities, both large and small, incident to the modernizing and beautifying of streets and parks and even vacant lots in business as well as in residential communities.

Secretary Fisher will preside over the evening session of December 13, when the needs of the national parks will be presented by distinguished advocates of a more widespread appreciation of the great national playgrounds. J. Horace McFarland, of Harrisburg, Pa., president of the association, in his annual address, will answer the question "Are National Parks Worth While?" and will urge upon the Congress the creation of a Federal Bureau of National Parks, calling attention to the fact that President Taft in his last annual message, impressed upon the House and Senate the importance of such a bureau. The creation and maintenance by the States of State recreation reservations will be discussed and reports will be received of advances along this line during the past year by several States. As a special feature of the parks sessions there will be a display of national park views under the auspices of the Department of the Interior.

In the City Planning sesisons both experts and business men will speak from their own experiences to show the wisdom of applying system to the development of the aesthetic as well as the practical city of today. Major Wm. V. Judson, U. S. A., Engineer Commissioner of the District of Columbia, will make an address on "Washington, the Model City."

Speakers competent to report the latest and most effective methods of freeing cities from unnecesasry clouds of smoke and from objectionable outdoor advertising, will participate in the meetings devoted to consideration of the smoke and bill-board nuisances.

Intimate work that may be done to beautify home and neighborhood surroundings will be described by successful campaigners along this line. Miss Zona Gale, the novelist, will read another of her original "Friendship Village" stories. Leroy Boughner, of Minneapolis, will describe the remarkable results secured in that city by the transformation of all of its vacant lots into vegetable and flower gardens. Responding to a general demand for information about Municipal Art Commissions, Dr. John Quincy Adams, of the New York Commission, will tell of the creation and functions of such organizations.

The American Civic Association is the recognized national organization engaged in arousing and assisting cities and communities in important efforts for their physical development. It numbers thousands of individuals and hundreds of affiliated societies in its membership and the attendance at the convention will be representative of civic improvement activity in all parts of the United States and Canada.

KILLING IN CAMP

Particulars of Killing by An Italian In Swain

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Asheville, Nov. 17.—Fuller details of the killing of a man named Anderson at a lumber camp on Forney creek, in Swain county, by a young Italian, last Friday, have reached the city. The name of the Italian has not been learned but it is said that he is the nephew of Louis Carr, the manager of the Norwood Lumber Company, and was clerking in the commissary of that company. According to the reports, the killing was over a 35-cent lamp.

The reports are that Anderson went to the commissary to buy the lamp, that he did not have an order for it as the rules required, but that clerk finally agreed to let Anderson have the lamp if he would get the order later from the head of the logging department, in which Anderson was employed. It is further stated that the head of the department delayed giving the order from some cause or other, and that the clerk went into the kitchen where Anderson was one night, where they had some words and Anderson ran the clerk out, starting at him with a stick of stove wood.

It was later that the clerk came upon Anderson as he was carrying two buckets and, it is said, shot him in the chest, the shot proving fatal.

The Italian was taken to the Swain county jail at Bryson City and it has not been learned here whether or not he has been released on bond.

It shorely is good and it's good all the time
LUZIANNE
LUZIANNE COFFEE
THE REILY TAYLOR CO.
NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A.
YOUR GROCER SELLS IT

NATIONAL POTASH SUPPLY

United States Will Not Have to Depend on Germany in Future—Important to Manufacture of Commercial Fertilizer

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Washington, Nov. 18.—Secretary Wilson, of the Department of Agriculture, has aroused great interest in the entire country by declaring that Uncle Sam will not have to depend on Germany hereafter for his potash supply. At first it was believed that Mr. Wilson's industrious young experts had found a great deposit of potash but now it is generally understood that he expects to extract from the giant kelps of the Pacific ocean what potassium salts we need and more.

The giant kelp, a seaweed that grows sixty feet high and carries a leaf 15x20 inches, contains 25 per cent. potash. A ton of the weeds should yield from $15 to $20 worth of potash and three or four pounds of iodine.

The following figures indicate what Secretary Wilson's find really means to this country if it can be utilizing as he thinks it can; in 1900 the United States imported from Germany potash salts to the value of $5,2[illegible],560; in 1905, $8,639,039, and in 1910, $11,615,134. This does not include imports of potash and ashes.

If this increase should continue it would not be long till the United States was buying $25,000,000 worth of potash salts from Germany.

The 21 potash mines of Germany averaged a profit of 15.9 per cent. in 1906, and declared an average dividend of 13.5 per cent.

Potash salts are used extensively in the United States. They are essential to numerous industries, the most notable being that of manufacturing fertilizer. They are also used in the manufacture of glass, certain kinds of soap, in some explosive powders, dyestuffs, arsenite of potassium, bromide of potassium, chlorate of potassium, permanganate and manganate of potassium, nitrate of potassium, and silicate of potassium, alum, cyanides, and bleaching powders.

In discussing the importance of potash salts in connection with domestic industry, Mr. W. C. Phalen, of the United States Geological Survey, said: "Practically all of the potash salts of mineral origin consumed in the American industries at present are imported from abroad, chiefly Germany. There was at time in the history of the potash industry, however, when the United States produced a large part, if not all, of the potash it consumed. The burining of wood and the lixiviation of the resulting ash to extract the potash is one of the oldest of the purely chemical industries of the country."

The industry gradually dwindled to almost nothing.

"Although potash occurs in many forms and places in the United States," Mr. Phalen declares, "up to the middle of the 19th century wood ashes constituted practically the sole sources of the supply. In 1857 a shaft which the German government had been sinking for about five years near Stassfurt reached a depth of approximately 1,100 feet but in the meanwhile had passed through a deposit of so-called 'Abraumsalze,' or refuse salts, consisting largely of compounds of potash and magnesia, then considered worthless. This deposit is now and has long been the chief source of potash and the potassium salts of commerce. It is estimated that the German deposit may last more than 600,000 years."

Potash salts occur in the United States in igneous rocks, the green sand marls of New Jersey, salines, alunite, wood ashes, beet-sugar molasses and residues, wool scourings, and seaweeds.

The giant kelps of the Pacific ocean abound in potassium salts, an expert of the Geological Survey, said today. Their brief life seems to be devoted to extracting these salts from the medium in which they grow, and storing them in their tissues.

They provide potassium compounds in a state of purity directly suited to our needs.

"The ocean is a vast reservoir for potassium salts dissolved by the action of the elements from the rocks and carried by the rivers to the sea," declared the expert. "It is as limitless and inexhaustible as the nitrogen of the atmosphere.

The giant kelps extend from Mexico to Kamchatka. They can be collected with a steam scow or launch made for the purpose. Secretary Wilson will endeavor to show the people how to win great seaweed from its ocean scurces, unlimited in abunuance and ceaselessly renewed.

The kelp is a weed of very rapid growth, its huge bulk and abundant store of alkine salts being the product of little more than a single year. The bulk of the plant is composed of scund fleshy cellular tissues saturated with saline solutions, and protected by a thin, glossy eternal bark or varnish. It is cut and left to die in the sun these parts, at a certain stage, become covered with a very heavy saline afflorvescence and to such an extent that when the bladders from small plants are dried entire nearly 50 per cent. of the salts contain are thus exuded.

Seaweed has been used by farmers as a fertilizer for many years. In some localities they gather them by the wagon load and spread them over their lands.

Three things the farmer must have for his soil and plants, nitrogen, potash and phosphate. America has the greatest phosphate fields of the world. It buys about $12,000,000 worth of nitrate of soda (nitrogen) from Chile annually, and collects millions of dollars worth from the air by means of clover and other legumes. It is purchasing from Germany its supply of potash. Therefore, the discovery of the Department of Agriculture, if it pans out and Secretary Wilson says that it will, America should be comparatively independent as far as potash is concerned.

The kelp plants grow in large forests in the sea. They extend over thousands of acres. H. E. C., B.

The Hit of New York.

"In All My Dreams I Dream of You" sung by Mr. Morgan at The Grand Theatre tomorrow. **

COMMERCE AND LABOR.

Their Part in Activities of Secretary Nagel's Department.

Washington, Nov. 18.—The varied and practical activities of the Department of Commerce and Labor and its 14 constituent bureaus and services are reflected in the number and diversity of publications the department issues annually. These reach, through two great arteries of distribution, the mails and the freight trains, practically every class of people in the country, from the immigrant just landed, to the captains of industry.

In this respect the Department of Commerce and Labor occupies among the executive departments of the government a conspicuous position as a publisher of periodicals. This distinction grows out of the fact that the Secretary of Commerce and Labor is required by law to promote the commerce of the United States and its mining, manufacturing, shipping, fishery, transportation, and labor interests.

According to a report for the fiscal year 1911, submitted today to Secretary Nagel by George C. Havenner, chief of the Division of Publications, of the $375,000 available for printing and binding, $370,030 were expended. There was a total of 796 publications, of which 27 were printed in two or more editions, while a still larger number were reprints of issues of earlier years. These publications contained a total of 47,883 printed pages and there were 5,242,762 copies distributed, as against 3,363,323 in the preceding fiscal year.

The increase in the number of reports and pamphlets printed and distributed in 1911 is due principally to the act of June 25, 1910, which authorized the edition of the Daily Consular and trade reports to be increased from 10,000 to 20,000 copies. More than 4,000,000 of these reports were distributed during the year.

From the different subordinate bureaus of the department the 796 publications issued as follows: Office of the secretary 34; Coast and Geodetic Survey 21; Bureau of Corporations, 14; Bureau of Fisheries 48; Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization, 38; Bureau of Labor, 26; Bureau of Lighthouses, 84; Bureau of Manufactures, 340; Bureau of Navigation, 8; Bureau of Standards, 87; Bureau of Statistics, 84; and Steamboat Inspection Service 12.

The largest number, or about 42 per cent, came from the Bureau of Manufactures, while the Lighthouse, the Standards, and the Statistics Bureaus rank next with about 85 each. The Census Bureau, although a part of the department, publishes its statistical results independently, hence these figures do not include the census enumeration summaries, bulletins, compendiums, reports, etc.

There are 13 publications issued at stated periods by the department, by which it keeps the commercial, financial, maritime, and labor worlds fully informed of national and international facts and figures in which they are vitally interested. Of these there is one daily, made up of consular and trade reports, from the Bureau of Manufactures; one semi-weekly, containing letters on commercial topics for the press, from the Bureau of Statistics; one weekly, a notice to mariners, from the Bureau of Lighthouses; seven monthlies, comprising the following issues; one bulletin on certain fishery products landed at Boston and Gloucester, Mass., by American fishing vessels, from the Bureau of Fisheries; one bulletin, from the Bureau of Immigration and naturalization; one monthly summary of commerce and finance; one monthly advance statement of imports and export, one monthly summary of internal commerce; one statement of values of imports and export, and one statement of exports of domestic breastuffs, meat and dairy products, food animals, cotton, and mineral oils, from the Bureau of Statistics; one bi-monthly bulletin from the Bureau of Labor; and two quarterlies, of which one is an index to daily consular and trade reports from the Bureau of Manufactures, and one concerns imported merchandise entered for consumption in the United States, and the duties collected thereon, from the Bureau of Statistics.

About 19,000 publications are mailed every workday by the Division of Publications of the department. The average daily weight of them is about 2,400 pounds. There were issued 3,337 requisitions on the Public Printer calling for the printing of nearly 12,400,000 blank forms, 5,276,000 reports, and pamphlets, 2,254,000 letter heads, 98,000 envelopes, 371,000 circulars, and decisions, and 3,507,000 memorandum sheets; the making of about 2,268,000 index and guide cards and folders, and 28,000 blank books; and the binding of nearly 3,000 miscellaneous volumes. Of blank forms there was an increase during the year in the number printed of nearly 2,750,000, or 28.40 per cent.; of reports, pamphlets, etc., an increase of about 2,160,000, or 69.19 per cent.; of letterheads an increase of 197,500, or 9.60 per cent.; of envelopes, an increase of 12,700, or 14.81 per cent.; of circulars and decisions, an increase of 19,750, or 5.63 per cent.; of index cards, an increase of 850,500, or 65.44 per cent.; and of guide cards and folders, an increase of 197,000, or 46.18 per cent.

In addition, orders to the number of 500 were placed with the envelope contractors for the making and printing of about 7,200,000 penalty envelopes, while orders were placed with the contractors for the making of 182,855 sheets of special watermarked papers on which to print declarations of intention and petitions for naturalization, and 59,929 sheets of the distinctive safety paper on which to print certificates of naturalization.

During the year there were received from the various outside services of the department 11,918 requisitions for blank forms and 329 requisitions for printed stationery, and from the bureaus and offices of the department located in Washington 380 requisitions for printed stationery. The 11,918 requisitions for blank forms called for 8,822,000 blanks and 344,000 books and pamphlets, and the 709 requisitions for printed stationery for 7,200,000 envelopes, 2,250,000 letterheads, 3,300,000 memorandum sheets, 8,000 stenographers' notebooks, 5,300 blank books, 1,150,000 index and guide cards, 158,000 vertical folders, and 132,000 blank forms.

To fill the 11,918 requisitions for blank forms required the making of 16,436 packages and the packing of 777 boxes, or trunks, and 363 bags, of a total weight of 247,924 pounds, or nearly 124 tons, of which 204,597 pounds were sent by regular mail, 28,701 by registered mail, and 14,626 pounds by freight.

To fill the 329 requisitions for printed stationery from the outside services required 1,202 packages and boxes, weighing 48,096 pounds, or 24 tons; 1,155 weighing 37,873 pounds, being sent by ordinary mail, and 47, weighing 10,223 pounds, by freight.

Adding together the total weights of the different kinds of printed matter sent out in filling the 12,247 requisitions from the outside service or agencies of the department and the grand total gives 18,778 packages and boxes, weighing 296,020 pounds, or 148 tons, of which 242,470 pounds went by ordinary mail, 28,701 pounds by registered mail, and 24,849 pounds by freight.

Out of the $370,000 expended, $269,000 were for reports and pamphlets, $51,000 for blank forms, and the balance of $50,000 for all the other items.

AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY.

A New President and Something of His Personality.

New York, Nov. 18.—We have great pleasure in announcing that at the stated meeting of the board of managers of the American Bible Society on November 2, 1911, Mr. James Wood was elected President of the Society. Mr. Wood has been since 1896 a Manager and since 1903 a Vice-President. He is at the present time Chairman of the important Committee on Auxiliaries and Home Agencies, and has in many other ways been closely connected with the administration of the Society's affairs, so as to be generally recognized in the Board of Managers and among its friends and supporters as possessing special qualifications for the effective discharge of the high duties of the office to which he has now been chosen.

He was for many years President of the Westchester County Bible Society organized in 1814, and one of the group of societies that participated in the organization of the American Bible Society. He was a representative of the American Bible Society at the Edinburgh Missionary Conference and has been heard on many platforms and in many pulpits in advocacy of the Society's interests.

Mr. Wood has many other distinctions. He is first of all well known as a citizen of New York, having been born November 12, 1839, where he now resides, Mt. Kisco, N. Y., on the estate which has been in possession and continuous occupation of his family for more than 100 years.

He is chairman, the highest official position in that Church, of the "Five Years' Meeting of the Religious Society of Friends in America," representing all the orthodox Quakers in the United States and Canada, excepting those in Philadelphia.

For many years he has been the presiding officer of the New York Yearly Meeting, embracing the body in the States of New York and Vermont, and is the representative of the Friends in the Federation of Churches. He has also been a Manager for many years of both Bryn Mawr and Haverford Colleges.

He has been president of the New York State Reformatory for Women, an institution whose work commands such wide interest that several European governments have appointed official commissioners to examine it.

He is a member of the Executive Committee of the New York Prison Association, which has done much to improve the condition of the prisons and jails of the city and State, and for many years has been President of the Westchester Temporary Home for Destitute Children.

Mr. Wood has traveled extensively and is known for his special knowledge of missions in foreign countries, having recently been chosen a member of the Board of Governors of the new university at Cheng-Tu, China.

His election is, therefore, another link joining the work of the Society more closely than ever with the whole fabric of Home and Foreign Missionary organizations in the entire body of Protestant Christian Churches in America.

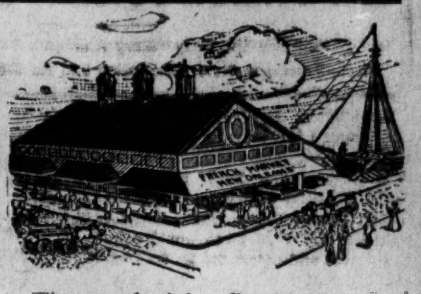
SHIPMENT OF GAME.

Biological Survey Makes on Investigation Into Inter-State Traffic.

Washington, D. C., November 18.—The Biological Survey, by direction of Secretary Wilson, has made a thorough investigation of inter-State traffic for the purpose of strengthening, if necessary, the Federal laws on the subject, and the recommendation of additional legislation.

A number of important game markets were inspected at the beginning of the sale season for game. This inspection, which covered the markets of Philadelphia, Buffalo, Cleveland, Indianapolis, St. Louis and Chicago, disclosed few violations of the law, and also showed a notable falling off in the amount of game handled this year, owing to a combination of unrelated causes. Investigation was then made of the conditions surrounding the capture and shipment of game in several important points of supply. The investigation brought to light flagrant disregard of the laws, both Federal and State, on the coast of Virginia, where waterfowl for northern markets were being netted and exported in large quantities. Vigorous steps were at once taken to break up the illegal practices, and the chief offenders, 10 in number, were indicted in the Federal Court. Two were convicted and fined $200 and costs each, the other cases went over to the November term of court.

Henry Clay Asked for This Famous Coffee



after his great speech at the banquet given in his honor at the old Saint Louis hotel in New Orleans in 1843. Plates were $100.00 each on that notable occasion. The wonderful coffee from the famous French Market was served at the banquet and the fete which followed. *Then* you could obtain the real

French Market Coffee

nowhere else in America. But NOW you all may serve it, daily, at your own tables. For the genuine French Market blend is perpetuated by

The Same Unique Hygienic Roasting Process

No matter where you live, you can obtain this rare and famous blend with all its enticing aroma and natural strength, because now it is packed in hermetically-sealed cans, and it is sold by all grocers.

Order today. Try some and you'll agree "There is only *one* real old French Market flavor."

Genuine *French Market Coffee*—the coffee with a history—is packed only at the

French Market Mills

(New Orleans Coffee Co., Ltd., Proprietors)

New Orleans, Louisiana

(65)

"Dooley's Scheme."

Noted Biograph at The Grand Theatre tomorrow. **

THE DANGER OF RHEUMATISM

The danger of Rheumatism is in temporizing in the treatment, or in failing to realize the powerful nature of the trouble. If the blood is allowed to remain infected with uric acid, Rheumatism soon becomes chronic, and then if not checked it sometimes makes complete physical wrecks of its victims by permanently stiffening the joints and seriously interfering with the bodily nerve force. External applications will often temporarily relieve Rheumatic pains, but do not reach the blood, where the cause is located, and to depend entirely upon such treatment is a very dangerous thing to do. S. S. S. cures Rheumatism by removing every particle of the cause and purifying the blood. It filters out of the circulation every trace of the sour, inflammatory matter, cools the acid-heated nerves, causes a natural and healthy nourishment through the blood to all muscles, joints and bones, and perfectly cures Rheumatism in all its forms. S. S. S. does this great work because it is the greatest of all blood purifiers, acting directly on the source of the disease. Our special book on Rheumatism and any medical advice will be sent free to all. S. S. S. is sold at drug stores.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

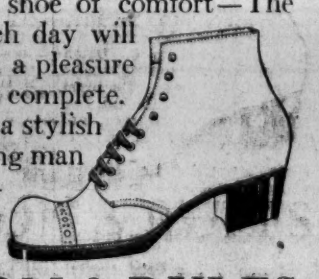
To dream you've started on life's way
With just the girl you'd choose,
Means Life will seem a Holiday
If you wear The Stetson Shoes.
THE STETSON SHOE

The Stetson Shoe Makes Life a Holiday

Foot-ease being essential to mind-ease, comfort is made the first consideration in building The Stetson Shoe.

Shod with the shoe of comfort—The Stetson Shoe—each day will be gay, your work a pleasure and your pleasures complete.

The STRUT is a stylish model for the young man—a fitter, too—and fit means comfort.



PETERSON & RULFS

Next to Murchison Bank.

"Stetsons cost more by the pair but less by the year" •

CAN MARION BUTLER "COME BACK"

Red Buck Finds the Foxy "Mary Ann" in a Talkative Mood at the Capital—American Civic Association and Its Work.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Two years ago, before I left here for the West, I predicted that John Motley Morehead, then Congressman from the Fifth North Carolina District, and Marion Butler, former United States Senator from the Tar Heel State would combine forces and defeat the E. C. Duncan army of Republicans, and take charge of the organization.

That prediction came true.

Messrs. Morehead and Butler united against the then Republican boss and downed him. Mr. Duncan fought like a tiger and, aided by Postmaster General Hitchcock, with his broad and elaborate pie counter, loaded down with good things, he held his own for months after he was really licked.

A bitter campaign between the Republicans and Democrats followed. Morehead and Butler went down but a comparison of figures show that they did not lose as much ground as did Republicans in other States. The Republicans held three North Carolina districts by less than 1,500 in the last Congress. They lost these by more than 5,000 in 1910. Many single districts in the east and west turned Democratic from Republican by more than 5,000. The Republicans claim that North Carolina did better in 1910 than any other State in the Union. They argue that 1910 was a Democratic year. No one will deny that charge. It was an off year for the Republicans. It is an interesting fact that Grant got just 200 votes less in 1908 than Gudger did in 1910, and Morehead 1,100 less in 1908 than Stedman in 1910.

The Republicans are going to try to come back. They are already at work. Those who imagine that Senator Butler is dead politically have another thought coming. The foxy Mary Ann is in the saddle, riding like fury. John Motley Morehead is chairman of the Republican committee. He is popular socially and in a business way. The most serious charge made against him is that he is allied with Marion Butler against the Duncan wing of the Republican party and the Democrats. That is sufficient to damn him with thousands of people. But, that combination—Morehead, the popular business man, and Butler, the cunning, aggressive politician—is a dangerous one of North Carolina Democrats at this particular time.

Had it not been for President Taft a cotton tariff bill, one that Representative Webb, of the Ninth North Carolina the greatest cotton district, in the country, could not support, would have been fixed upon the United States by the Democrats of Congress. The protests of the cotton manufacturers of Dixie availed not upon Leader Underwood and his associates. If the House, the Senate and the White House is Democratic in 1913 that same cotton tariff bill will become a law. Messrs. Morehead and Butler know that to be a fact and will use it in the next campaign. That is the end of the game Mr. Morehead knows, and will play.

Mr. Butler is going to fire all along the line. Neither Mr. Morehead nor Mr. Butler is telling Democrats what he is going to do but the signs of the times are as plain as the nose on a man's face. Mr. Butler will appeal to his old-time friends. In fact, he is already appealing to them. He has adopted a new campaign scheme. More than 100,000 copies of a speech that he made at Raleigh during the last campaign is being circulated from the Caucasian office at Raleigh. Five cents a copy is charged for the speech, which is printed in a booklet, containing 70 pages.

"Marion Butler's Raleigh Speech," done in light green covers, is one of the most remarkable campaign documents ever issued for Tar Heel consumption.

It literally takes the bark off of Senator Simmons and Editor Daniels.

In my rounds I met Senator Butler, this week, and asked him if he thought he could "come back" in North Carolina.

"I have not been away yet," said he. "I stuck to the Populist party until it disintegrated, and then I became a Republican.

"North Carolina is doing nicely. They say we fell back last election. Let me give you a few figures. According to figures sent out by the Secretary of the State the vote in 1910 was: Democrats, 140,631; Republicans, 94,017. That was an off year. In 1906, the off year preceding that, the vote was: Democrats 123,272; Republicans, 77,017. The figures of 1910 are very much larger than those of 1906. We made substantial gains. The results of the 1908 election were unusual. President Taft got 114,887 and Bryan 136,928, making a Democratic plurality of only 22,041. Governor Kitchin received 145,002 and Mr. Cox, the Republican, 107,760.

"The third North Carolina congressional district made a better showing for the Republicans in 1910 than any other district in the United States. That is my home district. It is the only one that did not lose votes that year. This was done in spite of the fact that some of the insurgent counties of the district showed a falling off. Counties with the Morehead organizations made gains. The vote for Thomas, Democrat, and Hill, Republican, in 1908 was: Thomas, 11,544; Hill, 7,896, giving the Democrats a majority of 3,648. In 1910, with one of the Butlers running, the result was as follows: Faison, 10,428; Butler, 7,505. We actually reduced the majority to 2,923.

"That does not look like Mr. Morehead and myself hurt the cause.

"Counties that used to be Democratic strongholds are now debatable. Take Sampson, Catawba, Chatham, Johnston, Wayne, Duplin, Gaston, Lincoln, Iredell, Rowan, Alamance, and Wake. We are gaining in all of these."

The Republicans, led by Messrs Morehead and Butler, are up and doing. They will make a desperate effort to increase their votes next year.

Senator LaFollette, the idol of some people, has an eye for the Almighty dollar. Insurgency has been capitalized by him. It is estimated that he, his wife and one daughter who is on the stage will make about $40,000 this Senator LaFollette has quit talking for the press, unless he would advertise a lecture date, but says frankly that he puts what he has to say in his magazine, which he sells, delivers it from the lecture platform, or sells it to somebody else's magazine. His home on Wyoming avenue is closed to reporters.

Mrs. LaFollette is improving her opportunities. Her picture appears on many editorial pages with those of Ruth Cameron and other female philosophers.

The long green looks good to all alike, whether they be friends of the people or not. Lots of people would insurge if they could make $40,000 a year by it.

The American Civic Association at its meeting to be held here in December will urge upon its members a plan to secure a Federal Bureau of National Parks, to be an adjunct to the Department of the Interior. The purpose of this proposition is to give impetus to the movement for "A More Beautiful America."

The United States has 13 national parks and 28 national "monuments," the latter including, for instance, the Grand Canon of the Colorado.

The act creating the Yellowstone National Park, approved March 1st, 1872, for the purpose of reserving for all the people the great natural curiosities and wonders found in the then recently discovered region in northwestern Wyoming, marked the beginning of the great national park system. Since that time other parks have been created until now they number 12 and the area embraced amounts to more than 4,600,000 acres. These parks represent every phase of scenery and every step in development as far as transportation and hotel accommodations count.

In the Yellowstone Park an extensive system of roads has been constructed and comfortable hotels and camps established at convenient points.

In the Glacier National Park in northern Montana the newest of the parks one can traverse virgin forests along rough and narrow trails. In the southern portion of this park a chain of camps has been established at which food and lodging are to be had, but in the greater half of the park which lies north of Lake McDonald, the pack train and the camp outfit are indispensable.

On the slopes of the Sierra Nevada are the grand trees of the Yosemite, Sequoia and General Grant National parks. Fine views in the Yosemite Valley may be obtained by driving but the forests there are only accessible on foot or horseback.

In the Crater Lake National Park lies a wonderful blue lake situated in the caldera of an extinct volcano surrounded by cliffs and wooded mountains.

Mount Rainier National Park, in Washington, with its ice covered summit, abounds with big game, and affords sport for the most daring.

Among the cliffs of the Mesa Verde, in southwestern Colorado, is where the aboriginal inhabitants of America lived hundreds of years ago.

H. E. C. BRYANT.

TO HELP WILSON.

Students of Carolina and Virginia Are Supporting Him.

Columbia, Nov. 15.—By a movement inaugurated at the University of South Carolina, joined soon by the University of Virginia in the work of organization, there are today forming all over the United States Woodrow Wilson clubs. The organization is called "The Woodrow Wilson League of College Men," and the purpose is "to promote the candidacy of Woodrow Wilson for the Presidency of the United States."

The clubs of the two promoting universities planned every detail for the launching of the scheme in its completeness. Special communications were addressed to known Woodrow Wilson men in colleges of standing in every State in the Union, from Washington to Florida, and from Maine to California. These picked men are today establishing clubs in their institutions and connecting themselves with the league.

The members of the clubs feel that "The Scholar in Politics" is the fittest man for the Presidency and is the logical candidate to receive the support of college men as well as of other patriotic right-thinking citizens. By articles in the collegiate and public press, by speeches before students and mass meetings of voters, by seeking and following instructions from the Wilson bureau, and by the general weight of college sentiment in forming public opinion the clubs mean to further Mr. Wilson's candidacy. The whole spirit of the movement may be seen in the adopted slogan: "We want Wilson."

The president of the league is William H. Scott, of the University of South Carolina, and vice president, D. Hilden Ramsey, of the University of Virginia. The other officers are from the University of South Carolina: T. K. Vassy, second vice president; J. D. Brandenburg, recording secretary; Broadus Mitchell, corresponding secretary; F. William Cappelmann, treasurer. The work of the organization is under the direct supervision of the advisory board: William H. Scott, chairman; D. H. Ramsey, H. M. McManaway, L. K. Jennings and Alan Johnstone, Jr.

This advisory board will later be merged into a large executive committee to include the presidents of the clubs in those leading institutions in each State which take most readily to the movement.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only Constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

PRIZES FOR INVENTIONS.

Substantial Rewards for Those Who Devise Humanitarian Appliances.

The inventors of guns and those who have exercised their talents in improving destructive war materials have often been richly rewarded in this and other countries. But, if anyone in our own country has received a reward for the invention or perfection of apparatus to lessen the sufferings of sick and wounded in war, no one has ever heard of it. Naturally, therefore, progress in this direction has not been as notable as it might have been. To their honor, be it said, that this condition of affairs has never operated to deter the medical officers of our army and navy from doing, without hope of material reward, all in their power to improve existing apparatus and to invent new appliances. Conditions in other countries have been similar to ours.

Some years ago, in order to better conditions in this respect, the Dowager Empress of Russia, Marie Feodorovna, established a prize fund consisting of 100,000 roubles (approximately $50,000). This is for the purpose of encouraging inventions having for their purpose the amelioration of the sufferings of sick and wounded in war. Every five years, on the occasion of the quinquennial International Red Cross Conferences, the interest on the fund, amounting to about 20,000 roubles, or $10,000, is disbursed in prizes. The first awards were made in London in 1907. No Americans competed, nor was the exhibition given much publicity in this country. Next year, in May, the International Red Cross Conference will be held in Washington, D. C., when the following prizes will be offered:

One first prize of 6,000 roubles (approximately $3,000).

Two second prizes of 3,000 roubles each (approximately $1,500).

Six third prizes of 1,000 roubles each (approximately $500).

The subjects of the competition will be:

1. Organization of the methods of evacuation of the wounded on the battlefield, comprising as complete an economy as possible in litter bearers.
2. Portable (surgeons') washstands for war.
3. Methods of packing dressings at the aid stations and in the ambulance.
4. Wheeled stretchers.
5. Carriage of stretcher on mule-back.
6. Easily portable folding stretcher.
7. Tarnsport of the wounded between war vessels, hospital ships and the shore.
8. The best method of heating railroad cars by a system independent of steam from the locomotive.
9. The best model of a portable Roentgen apparatus, permitting utilization of X-rays on the battlefield and at first aid stations.

No particular prize is allotted to a special subject; but the best exhibition, as decided by the judges, irrespective of the subject, will be awarded the maximum prize, and so on. Though this is a new field of endeavor for most American inventors, the substantial monetary rewards should result in many exhibits being entered by them. They have not fallen behind the inventors of other countries in fashioning the destructive agents of warfare, and now that an opportunity is given them to compete with other countries in minimizing the horrors of war, it is certain they will not be found wanting.

CAPE HENRY SIGNALS.

Important Work of Weather Bureau Along South Atlantic Coast.

Washington, Nov. 13.—"Through the introduction of separate lanterns operated by a special signalling key devised by the Weather Bureau observer at Cape Henry, messages are flashed from the station to passing vessels. Kiosks were installed during the year at Indianapolis, Salt Lake City, and Memphis. These structures, devised for the display of meteorological instruments in the public parks or important thoroughfares of large cities, have met with universal commendation. Special forms of apparatus promising to give satisfactory results in the accurate measurement of snowfall in the mountain regions of the West were installed late in the season at a few selected stations. Work upon the apparatus for the absolute measurement of solar radiation has been carried forward and a number of comparisons have been made with different types of receivers and bridges. The seismographs at Washington were maintained in operation throughout the year, but no work of a seismological character was done at any of the other stations, notwithstanding the general call from a number of sources that the Weather Bureau engage in this important work.

HOOKWORM CAMPAIGN.

Total of Twenty-Four Counties Lend Aid to Fight.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 18.—Five counties have provided the funds necessary to have free dispensaries for the free examination for and treatment of hookworm disease since November 1st. These are the counties of Wake, Beaufort, Vance, Bertie and Edgecombe. Prior to November 1st, 19 counties had made provision for them, making a total now of 24 counties. The work has been finished in ten counties and is now in progress in Pitt, Brunswick, Pender, Harnett and Hertford.

Five widely separated points in a county are selected. At each point an available building, usually a public school house, is secured for the dispensary. On advertised days of the week the field physician and his laboratory man spend about six hours at each dispensary. On corresponding days of the five to six subsequent weeks that the county work continues the dispensaries are similarly opened. Thus people in every section of the county are afforded an opportunity weekly, for free examination and treatment until the successive treatments needed to effect cures have been received. The people are cured, and the educational work goes on by actual demonstration.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Nov. 17.—A dead man was sentenced to serve 10 years in State prison and his estate will foot the bill of court costs. John W. Sharpe, while chief of police at Talequah, Okla., shot and killed William Powell, a youth. Sharpe was tried and convicted of second degree murder and appealed the case in September, last year, he was assassinated. The court of criminal appeals today affirmed the sentence of the trial court.

Gems of Thought

(By T. W. Chambliss).

Are you content to live a life that is harmless, like a turnip?

* * *

The evening begins God's day, which ends with a glory of the moon.

* * *

Leave the man to govern the nation, let the woman look after social problems.

* * *

Every one of us shall give account of himself to God.

* * *

God employs no hired men; His work is done by His son.

* * *

The whole business of the whole Church is to preach the whole gospel to the whole world.

* * *

The reason we have failed is that our programme for the Church has been too small to engage the attention of men.

* * *

There is a difference between your deeds and your wants. God has promised to provide for all the former, but not for the latter.

* * *

The woman in every house makes the moral and mental atmosphere of that house just as decidedly as the sunshine or rain affects the natural atmosphere outside of it.

* * *

If you and your Church fail in this, the philosophy of Jesus, the serving of mankind, then you and your Church will fail.

* * *

Notwithstanding all that English people have done to benent India, the missionaries have done more than all the agencies combined.

* * *

Christianity, I say, was missionary from the start. That is the very idea of the thing; that is the genius of the machine. It wasn't made to run on any narrow gauge. You will need a broad gauge track for it to run on.

* * *

Surely happiness is reflective, like the light of heaven, and every countenance bright with smiles, and glowing innocent enjoyment, as a mirrow transmitting to others the rays of a supreme and ever-shining benevolence.

* * *

I will be a man among men; and no longer a dreamer among shadows. Henceforth be mine a life of action and reality! I will work in my own sphere, nor wish it other than it is This alone is health and happiness.

* * *

So nothing comes of the better thoughts; the Sunday purposes are slain by the Monday's cares—"The thorns grew up and choked it." Thorns—it is the same word that is used when the soldiers planted a crown of thorns, which they thrust upon the Saviors head. But they who are the slaves of care wear thorns in the heart.

* * *

"A thought of the little while of it all would make an annoyance that frets our souls and spoils our companionships drop into insignificance. The rough place in the road is so short and the journey so long, why trouble over that which will be so soon passed by? We can be such a little while together that we can well afford to be tender and forbearing."

* * *

Missions are the chief end of the church. The chief end of the ministry is to guide the Church in this work, and fit her for it. The chief end of the preaching in a congregation ought to be to train it to take its part in helping the church to fulfill her destiny. And the chief end of every minister in this connection ought to be to seek grace to fit himself thoroughly for this work.

* * *

I have long ceased to pray "Lord Jesus, have compassion on a lost world." I remember the day and the hour when I seemed to hear the Lord rebuking me for making such a prayer. He seemed to say to me, "I have had compassion upon a lost world and now it is time for you to have compassion. I have left you to fill up that which is wanting in mine afflictions in the flesh for the body's sake, which is the church. I have given my heart; now give your hearts."

Feet Tired—So Tired?

TIZ Makes Sick Feet Well No Matter What Ails Them.

TIZ acts at once and makes tired, aching, swollen feet remarkably fresh and sore proof.

It's the sure remedy, you know, for everything that gets the matter with your feet. It's for sore feet and for sweaty, bad-smelling feet, and for corns, callouses and bunions, too.

"For years I have been troubled with sore and tender feet; suffered intense pains. Have had the assistance of physicians without relief. I bought a box of TIZ, which worked a perfect cure, as it has with a great many of my friends. I would not be without it. All it requires is to be known to be universally used." A. F. Dreutzer, Chicago.

TIZ is not a powder. Powders and other foot remedies clog up the pores. TIZ draws out all poisonous exudations which bring on soreness of the feet, and is the only remedy that does. TIZ cleans out every pore and glorifies the feet—your feet.

You'll never limp again or draw up your face in pain, and you'll forget about your corns, bunions and callouses. You'll feel like a new person.

TIZ is for sale at all druggists, 25 cents per box, or it will be sent you direct, if you wish, from Walter Luther Dodge & Co., Chicago, Ill.

A Remedy No Family Should Do Without

No matter how healthy a human being may be it is safe to say that not many months are passed without some obstruction of the bowels, in other words, constipation, even if only temporary. The bloating, the dull feeling may start after the evening meal. If a laxative is not taken that night it is certain that sleep will not be sound, and you will awaken unrefreshed.

Hence, it is important for you and for all the members of your family that a good, reliable laxative be always kept in the house for just such emergency. It is sure to be needed, and when needed you want it at hand. No family that is careful of its health can do without such a remedy. But the question of which remedy to have on hand is also of vast importance.

The laxative most highly recommended by the majority of intelligent Americans as being best for babies and grownups is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. It is a liquid laxative-tonic, mild, and never gripes, is effective on robust people and can be given with safety to an infant. Children like it because of these gentle qualities and because it is pleasant to the taste.

It is the best all-around remedy you can have in the house for any disorder of the stomach, liver and bowels, and many people like Mrs. Lydia E. Thomas, Calhoun, Ga., and D. H. Harburg, 251 W. Wade St., Charlotte, N. C., say they would as soon be without the necessities as without Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin.

Anyone wishing to make a trial of this remedy before buying it in the regular way of a druggist at fifty cents or one dollar a large bottle (family size) can have a sample bottle sent to the home free of charge by simply addressing Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 405 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. Your name and address on a postal card will do.

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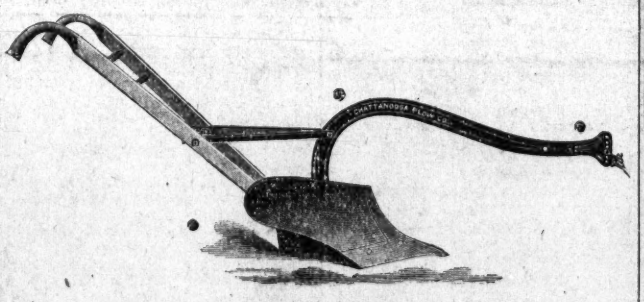

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE
Has announced the
Low Round-Trip Rate of
$10.80
From Wilmington to Savannah and Return

Correspondingly low rates will be made from all other points on the Atlantic Coast Line and from many Eastern Cities.

Tickets will be on sale from points in North Carolina, Virginia and points north thereof, on November 24th to 29th, and from points in all other States on November 26th to 29th, inclusive, limited, returning, to reach original starting point not later than midnight of December 4th, 1911.

Children five years of age and under twelve Half Fare

Handsomely illustrated folder, replete with information, regarding the races, mailed on application.

For tickets, schedules and reservations and further particulars, call 'phone 160.

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W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Mgr.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

CRAVEN COUNTY AGRICULTURAL and STOCK EXHIBIT and AVIATION MEET
NEWBERN, N. C.

November 22nd and 23rd
On account of the above occasion the
ATLANTIC COAST LINE
has announced the
LOW ROUND-TRIP RATE OF
$2.90
From Wilmington to Newbern and Return

Correspondingly low rates will be made from all other points between Wilmington and Newbern.

Tickets will be on sale on November 22nd and 23rd, limited, returning November 24th, 1911.

Children Five Years of Age and Under Twleve, Half Fare

Among the many interesting features of this event will be the daily Aviation Flights with a Curtiss aeroplane, the speech of Governor Kitchin and football game between Newbern and Washington High School teams, on Wednesday, November 22, and the Marshalls Ball on Thursday night.

For tickets, schedules and further particulars, call 'phone 160.

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WILMINGTON, N. C.

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NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing of Berman and Land, known as the Southern Pawn Shop, 108 Market street, is this day dissolved, Herman Land having purchased the entire interest of Hyman Berman, and said Herman Land assumes all the indebtedness of the firm of Berman and Land. All persons having claims against said company should present them at 108 Market street, within 10 days.

H. BERMAN,
H. LAND.
November 7th, 1911. no12-10t